THE WEATHER.
Generally fair Friday and probably Saturday; somewhat warmer Friday; moderate south winds.

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MRS. HAYES TELLS STORY OF CRIME

Shot in Defense of Her Honor When She Killed Floyd

LLOYD HAYES IS RELEASED

State Takes Nol Pros as to Young Man—State Seems to Have Failed to Show Conspiracy—Trial Nearing Close.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Whiteville, N. C., March 9.—It is likely that unless the defense offers much more testimony than is expected, the sensational Hayes trial in Superior Court here will be brought to an end some time tomorrow evening. At least all the evidence will likely be in by the noon hour tomorrow and unless the argument to the jury is much more extended than expected the case should go to the jury certainly not later than Saturday morning.

The features of the trial today were the statements on the stand of Mrs. Rosa Hayes, the principal defendant, and the announcement by the State that it would take a nol pros as to young Lloyd Hayes, brother of Neill Hayes. This is taken to mean that the prosecution has practically abandoned the theory of a conspiracy and will try to show from evidence adduced today that Mrs. Hayes shot Floyd out of insane jealousy. The testimony had largely to do with letters written by Mrs. Hayes to young Floyd while he was a medical student at Charleston.

It is the concensus of opinion that the State has utterly failed to make out a case of conspiracy and it is generally conceded that the defense will introduce but few witnesses, relying upon the weakness of the case of the State to bring acquittal. A few minutes after the State rested its case at the afternoon session today, Solicitor Sinclair said the State would take a nol pros as to Lloyd Hayes and the young man was given his liberty. Judge Cooke remarked it was just as well as he was entitled to a verdict of not guilty.

Mrs. Hayes took the stand at 3:30 this afternoon and had completed her statement of the killing when court took a recess until 9 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Mrs. Hayes Testifies.

Mrs. Hayes was apparently cool and self possessed when she took the stand. She said substantially:

On February 4th, Saturday night, I was at my home and heard some one at the door, but did not pay much attention to the knock at first; but the noise continued when I left my room and went to the front hall door and it was locked. I unlocked and opened the door. Mr. Floyd stood about two steps from the door on the porch. He spoke and said good evening. I asked him in and he pulled off his hat and came in. I went into the bedroom for a lamp and he went into the parlor. When I returned he asked he how the mole was and examined the moles on my lip and neck. He asked me if I wanted the mole on my face treated and I told him yes. He felt the mole on my cheeks and said, "Won't you kiss me?" I said no. Floyd smiled and said it would do the mole good. I said, No; it was not the way I wanted it treated. Then he said if you will kiss me and submit to me I will treat the mole for nothing. I said no; my husband was going to pay for the work, and I said "What do you mean?" He said, "Well, if you submit to me I'll treat the mole for nothing and give you $5." I said, "No, sir; I have a husband working for me," and I said, "Turn me loose and get out of this house!" He then put both arms around me and pressed me down and across the bed and pulled up my clothes. I told him to let me alone. In the tustle I got a pistol that was under the pillow. We got off the bed and stood in the floor tusseling. I said, "Turn me loose or I'm going to shoot you." He wouldn't turn me loose and I shot him, intending to shoot his arm loose. Don't know where I shot him.

He grabbed the pistol and took it away from me and I kept pulling trigger and don't know how many times I shot. In the tussel I lost the pistol; don't know whether he got it or not. I grabbed the other pistol and walked backwards towards the door keeping my face towards his and he turned me loose. He continued to follow me and I continued to fire at him. Didn't know whether I was hitting him or not. This continued until we reached the door. Then he fell just inside and I fell just outside the door on the steps. When I fell out the door the first thing I rememeber I heard the baby crying. I dashed back into the house and got my baby. I ran back and halloaed for Neill and jumped off end of porch, and ran to gate. When I reached gate Neill met me there. He took the baby out of my arms and asked me what was the matter?" The State here objected to Mrs. Hayes' saying what she said to Hayes. "Then I went to Mr. King Seal's house, a neighbor, and I remained there until I was brought to jail Monday morning." In reply to question of counsel, witness stated the visit and conversation to Neill Hayes. No reference was made to shooting at barber shop. "No one except me and baby at home at

(Continued on Page Two.)

OBJECT TO END REVOLUTION

Sudden Move of Troops to Mexican Frontier Now Explained—All Doubt Swept Away— Form Wall on Border.

Washington, March 9.—That the administration has decided to dissemble no longer its reasons for the sudden and unpredecided movement of troops to the Mexican border is indicated by the following dispatch, received tonight from the staff correspondent of the Associated Press, who is accompanying President Taft on his journey to Atlanta. The dispatch, dated Charlottesville, Va., through which place the President's train passed tonight at 7:10 o'clock is as follows:

"All doubt as to the purpose of the government in sending 20,000 troops to the Mexican border has at last been swept away. The United States has determined that the revolution in the Republic to the south must end. The American troops have been sent to form a solid military wall along Rio Grande to stop filibustering and to see that there is no further smuggling of arms and men across the international boundary.

"It is believed that with this source of contraband supplies cut off the insurrectionary movement, which has disturbed conditions generally for nearly a year without accomplishing anything like the formation of a responsible independent government will speedily come to a close."

President Taft on his way to Atlanta and Augusta for a ten days' vacation passed through here at 7:10 o'clock tonight. He appeared well satisfied with the situation. There is a general belief that the rapid movement of troops into Texas and Southern California will so speedily accomplish its purpose that the net results in the end will constitute a valuable lesson in quick mobilization of an effective fighting force that will prove a revelation to the country at large, to the critics of the army in particular and a justification of the diplomatically worded explanations that have been given out from official sources in Washington.

There is no longer reason to doubt that the sudden move on the part of the American government was the result either of unofficial representations of foreign governments regarding the situation in Mexico or the intimation that several of the European powers were sounding each other as to the desirability of making representations to the United States at an early date. At any rate the matter was put up to the administration in such a way as to call for the quickest sort of action. The necessity for this speed of mobilization was seized upon by the War Department as a heaven sent opportunity to answer critics both in and out of Congress, and that interpretation was put upon the movement. There was little doubt in the minds of these officials that the true meaning of the "maneuvers" soon would be known and the logical interpretation so quickly put upon the movement of the troops unquestionably disconcerted the administration officials from President Taft down.

The Washington government unexpectedly found itself confronted by the necessity of throwing an army along the border line of Mexico to stop the source of supply to the revolutionists and to be in a position to invade Mexico at a moment's notice in the event of the death of President Diaz or any other untoward circumstance, which might precipitate general fighting or rioting.

It was represented at the State Department that the United States must act and act quickly if the Monroe doctrine was to maintained. Foreign interests in Mexico naturally look to the United States for protection under that doctrine. The foreign interests in the Republic however, are not to be compared with the American capital invested there so after all, the move to bring about more tranquil conditions in Mexico has to do principal with Americans and American interests.

Just what part the Diaz government has played in recent events has not yet been disclosed. From time to time protests have been made to Washington regarding the violation of the neutrality laws along the border. Such protests, however, would not ordinarily call out such a force as has been rushed toward Texas and the Mexican frontier during the past 48 hours. It is considered probable that the Mexican government may have indicated to European powers its inability to put an end to the disorders so long as succor was given to the revolutionists forces in the United States.

Whatever the inner and diplomatic moves may have been there no longer is any purpose on the part of the administration to cloak the movement of troops with mystery.

The Mexican government whether it asked help of this government or not has been given the greatest assistance it could possibly have desired. The official note from Washington made public in Mexico City last night assuring General Diaz that there was nothing in the movement of troops that should cause uneasiness on the part of the Mexican government was more than justified by the admissions made today.

There is no telling as this time how long the big army sent to the Mexican frontier will have to remain there. It will not be withdrawn until the revolution has been crushed out, and until conditions in Mexico are much more staple than they now are believed to be. The situation in lower California is said to have caused more concern to the United States than at any other point. It was reported that the revolutionists were exceptionally strong there and threatened to set up a government independent of either that of Diaz or of the revolutionists to the East. The line between the United States and low California is but an imaginary one, and a revolutionary government there would be a source of constant worry.

ROOSEVELT TALKS ON FUTURE SOUTH

Enactment of Better Laws Urged in Address to Commercial Congress

PREDICTS GREAT PROGRESS

Roosevelt's First Stop on "Swing Around Country"—Day of Interest at the Congress—Ovation to Graves.

Atlanta, Ga., March 9.—Strict governmental regulation of all industrial combinations was urged tonight by Theodore Roosevelt in his speech here before the Southern Commercial Congress. But to attain this end he advocated the enactment of laws, which are not the result of half backed reforms or conceived in the minds of demagogues playing to the clamor of ignorant and a misled minority of the people.

The subject of his address was "The South's Obligation in Statesmanship and Business Endeavor."

This was the first stop in the colonel's great swing around the country, and the very last, according to his own declaration, he will speak. A crowd estimated at 8,000 filled the armory and adjacent halls.

Speaking, as he said, as a "half Southerner," Colonel Roosevelt attempted to show how that great prosperity and business awakening the Commercial Congress has for its object might be obtained. He declared that purity in living must reach to all parts of human endeavor—political and business—if the South shall reap the benefits nature has bestowed and if the republic, which he called the greatest experiment of government the world has seen, was to stand and reach the ideals of its founders.

Combination of great capital, he declared, was the natural outcome of this day and age of great business and als was the proper thing, providing however, that the men who directed their affairs did not use their power to inflate prices and work harm to the man in modern circumstances.

"I do not approve," he declared, "of certain forms of legislation directed against industrial combinations, But some legislation is absolutely necessary. Persons who trade with a merchant go to other merchants if one does them wrong. Tradesmen refuse to deal with those who will not pay. When these merchants or these tradesmen control that which is necessary to comfort and combine in such a way that they can dictate what the people shall pay, there is only one thing which can call a halt on that state of affairs—that is the government.

"The railroads occupy a peculiar position in this regard. They are situated so that if you ship you must in many cases ship through them alone, if you travel you must travel on them. These have been fit subjects of Federal regulation. Ultimately other great aggregations of money will be regulated in the same way.

"Beware of those persons who unduly attack wealth. Beware of those who constantly launch tirades against the wickedness of one class of people. Beware of the demagogue!"

The colonel referred to questions asked him in Europe concerning stories of political and business corruption in the United States and declared they often were the subject of sneering mirth of those who predicted the fall of our scheme of rule.

"Let this be a warning," he declared, "if this colossel experiment in government is to stand we must stand together and develop evenly and we must not fall short of honesty and right."

He predicted that the greatest development in future years would be in the South and called all to forget past disputes and sectional strife.

An ovation was tendered John Temple Graves, editor of the New York American and a former Atlantan, when he rose to speak on "The Promotive Power of the Southern Press." He paid glowing tribute to the Southern newspapers for their part in the upbuilding of the South since the days of the Civil War.

Tomorrow President Taft will review the business forces of the South at the morning session of the Congres. The Congress will close with the address by President Taft on a "Greater Nation Through a Greater South."

The importance of the Panama Canal to the commerce and industry of the South was the subject of the morning session. The speakers were John Barrett, director of the Pan-American Union, and Bernard N. Baker, of Baltimore, who both advocated the ship subsidy proposition which was before the last Congress.

CAUGHT HIM AFTER 16 YEARS

Whitson Will be Brought Back to Raleigh to Serve Term for Murder Amassed Comfortable Fortune in Kentucky.

Lexington, Ky., March 9.—After being at liberty for 16 years, T. B. Whitson, who on February 27, 1895, escaped from the State prison at Raleigh, N. C., where he was serving a sentence of 30 years for murder, was arrested here today and will be taken back to North Carolina, to serve out his term.

Residing in Letcher county, Kentuck, as "Samuel Jones," he has amassed a comfortable fortune. He was sentenced to death March 19, 1893, for the murder of C. C. Byrd, at Bakersville, N. C., but on a second trial he was given 30 years' imprisonment.

When arrested today Whitson admitted his identity and declared he was willing to return to North Carolina. Whitson said that for ten years after he shot Byrd he escaped prosecution, his trouble having occurred 28 years ago. He charges his arrest to any enemy he made by assisting in the release from an asylum of a man with whom this enemy had had trouble.

Whitson said that he would make a plea for clemency on the upright life he has led since his escape.

Record in This State.

Raleigh, N. C., March 9.—Warden T. P. Sale, of the State prison, today received notice of T. B. Whitson's arrest in Kentucky, and was requested to have issued the proper papers for his extradition. One of the prison authorities will leave for Kentucky tomorrow. Whitson was sentenced to be hanged in the early part of 1893, but on March 17th of that year, his sentence was commuted to 30 years' imprisonment. He was then 33 years old and went by the name of "Thomas" Whitson. He escaped February 27th, 1895, but the records do not show what means he employed.

On February 27th, of this year, just 16 years to the day after his escape, Warden Sale received a letter from the chief of the Lexington detective force to the effct that Whitson was under suspicion. Mr. Sale wired back that from the prison records they had the right man spotted.

Russell Commuted Him.

Warden Sales, of the State's prison, will start for Louisville, Kentucky, tomorrow, with requisition to bring Thomas B. Whitson back to complete a 30-year sentence for murder.

He was first sentenced to be hanged for murder at Bakersville, Mitchell county, in 1893, and Governor Russell commuted his sentence to life imprisonment.

He served less than two years, March, 1893, to February 27, 1895, and escaped. February 20th last, Warden Sales received inquiry about the fugitive and forwarded description with result that he is now notified that the man is under arrest and awaiting extradition papers.

CAPT .CORPUT DESIGNATED.

Will Complete Inspection of North Carolina National Guard.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., March 9.—Adjutant General Leinster is notified by the War Department that Lieutenant Wells, inspecting the companies of the North Carolina Guard, is ordered to Texas for mobilization on the Mexican frontier and Captain Corput, of the United States Army, is ordered to complete inspections in this State. Capt. Wells inspected the Burlington company tonight and Capt. Corput will fill the other appointments in Western Carolina which close March 27th at Waynesville.

A complain just filed with the clerk of the Superior Court in the case of Phil. G. Kelly Co., inc., of Richmond, Va., vs. J. N. Stronach, of this city, alleges that the defendant owes the plaintiff a balance of $484.50 for liquors, beers and wines bought at wholesale while engaged in business here within the last few months. Interesting developments are suspected at the trial.

Augusta, Ga., March 9—Frank Coffyn, in his Wright bi-plane made the trip to Aiken, S. C., a distance of 28 miles in 31 minutes today.

OUTLINES.

Troops are arriving along the Mexican frontier. The object of the mobilization was explained yesterday and declared to be for the purpose of putting an end to the revolution in Mexico——Colonel Roosevelt addressed the Southern Commercial Congress at Atlanta, Ga., last night. A number of other prominent men spoke during the day. The Congress closes today ——After being at liberty for 16 years, W. L. Whitson, who escaped from State's prison at Raleigh, where he was serving at 30-year term for murder, has been arrested in Kentucky and will be brought back. He has amassed a comfortable fortune—— On account of the potash dispute between American interests and the German government Ambassador D. J. Hill has been ordered to Washington——Rutherfordton, N. C., was swept by a $100,000 fire last night——New York markets: Money on call steady 2 1-4 to 2- 1-2 per cent., ruling rate 2 1-4, closing bid 2 3-8, offered at 2 1-2; spot closed quiet 15 points higher, middling uplands 14.45; middling gulf 14.70; flour was quiet and nominally lower; wheat spot weak, No. 2 red 93 1-8 elevator and 94 1-8 fob afloat; corn steady, new No. 2 52 1-2 fob afloat; oats steady, futures closed nominal; turpentine firm.

CROWDS WITNESS AIRSHIP FLIGHTS

Wilmington Aviation Meet Opened by Beachy Yesterday Afternoon

M'CURDY IN CONTEST TODAY

Upwards of Thousand Saw Exhibitions of Curtiss Bi-Plane—Many Visitors Are Here. Two Machines.

PROGRAMME FOR TODAY.

3 P. M., or shortly thereafter—J. A. D. McCurdy, pioneer aviator, will make flight in his Curtiss bi-plane.

Following this, Beachy, who thrilled the spectators yesterday, will make fourth flight.

Then both McCurdy and Beachy's machines will be entered in an exciting contest, concluding the exhibition for the day.

An additional attractive feature today will be giving away of $25 worth of merchandise.

The biggest aviation meet ever held in the Carolinas was inaugurated under the most favorable conditions at the grounds of the Wilmington Driving Association, just east of the city, yesterday afternoon, when Mr. Lincoln Beachy, one of the best known and most experienced navigators of the air in this country, made three successful flights in his famous aeroplane of the Curtiss bi-plane type. Upwards of 1,000 persons witnessed the sensational and thrilling spectacle and the greatest enthusiasm was shown by the spectators, who cheered wildly at the conclusion of each flight.

It was the first time many had ever been privileged to see a real airship, much less given the opportunity to observe one in operation. The scene was inspiring and the impressions the sight of the machine soaring high in the air, under perfect control of the aviator, are not such as will soon be forgotten.

It was an ideal afternoon for such an exhibition, the weather man having made good his promise of fair weather and rising temperateure for yesterday, and he has even been considerate enough of the promoters of the affair to order a repetition of the excellent weather conditions for exhibitions this afternoon. Interest in the meet has been at fever heat for several days and there were hundreds who were indeed glad when the hour to start the journey to the fair grounds arrived. The Tidewater Power Co., maintained a 15-minute schedule between Front and Princess streets and the fair grounds and handled the crowds admirably. The fare to the grounds is only five cents. Two and three-car trains leave Front and Princess streets every 15 minutes during the afternoon, beginning at 12 o'clock.

It is needless to say that the crowd awaited with eagerness the time for the aviator to walk upon the field and take his seat upon his machine for the initial flight. Those who arrived early on the grounds were entertained by the Vineland Band, which has been engaged by the management, until the hour for the first flight of the afternoon, and the band also rendered selections between the flights. The band is composed of talented musicians and many favorable comments were heard.

Every eye was riveted upon Aviator Beachy as he walked down from the hangar to a point near the other side of the grounds, where his machine was started. When he had taken his seat at the helm every one turned to the machine and presently it was observed to glide at a rapid rate along the smooth surface of the track and after running for a comparatively

short distance, rose suddenly but gently into the air, going higher and higher, until a height of about 300 feet was reached. On the first trip the aviator merely circled the grounds, but on his second trip he covered two or three miles at a height of about 800 feet. The course is toward Wrights-

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DISPUTE BRINGS HILL HOME

American Ambassador to Germany Ordered to Washington—Potash Tangle Comes Up—Attack on the Law Made.

Washington, March 9.—David J. Hill, American ambassador to Germany, has been ordered to Washington to discuss several matters pending between the two governments. It was made clear at the State Department that the instructions to Mr. Hill to come to Washington have no bearing upon the Mexican or any other political situation. The potash dispute, which is now the subject of diplomatic negotiation between Germany and the United States, it was said, will be the principal question upon which the State Department officials desire to consult directly with Mr. Hill. There are some other matters, it was added, of lesser importance, which also will be discussed.

The reply of the United States to the German government's recent presentation on the potash matter was delivered to Count VonBernstorff today. State Department officials were unwilling to discuss its nature.

Leaves Berlin Today.

Berlin, March 9.—Dr. D. J. Hill, American ambassador to Germany, will leave the capital tomorrow and sail from Bremen Saturday on the steamer George Washington for New York.

It is understood that the State Department wishes to discuss with him several questions, the most important of which, probably, is the potash controversy, which has reached the stage of diplomacy. It is thought that a settlement of the matter acceptable both to this government and the American interests will be attempted.

Attacked Potash Law.

Berlin, March 9.—The Prussian potash law was under attack at a meeting of the Budget Committee of the Reichtag today when proposals for the disposition of the potash tax were considered. The large sums used for "propaganda" particularly the amount spent abroad, were criticised. The progressives introduced a resolution to amend the law by cutting the propaganda tax from 15 cents to 7 1-2 cents per hundred weight and correspondingly reducing the price of potash at home and abroad.

A representative of the government stated that $500,000 had been used for foreign propaganda in 1910, and objected to a reduction of the sum to $400,000 in 1911.

The potash syndicate has addressed a letter to the committee protesting against the term "corruption fund," as applied in debates to this expenditure.

TROLLY CRASH IS FATAL.

One Person Killed and Three Injured Yesterday at Petersburg.

Petersburg, Va., March 9.—At 7:25 tonight a trolley car of the Crater Line got beyond control of Conductor Mallion Talley, who was operating it, and crashing down the steep incline on Main street, Blandford, left the track at the Wythe street curve and turning over, instantly killed Isiah Harrison, of Grove Avenue, who was waiting at the curb to board the car for his home.

Three women, who stood near Harrison, were thrown up against the corner building and severely crushed. Harrison's skull was mashed to a pulp between the trolley car and the stone curbing.

Dr. Leigh attended the injured, but said that he could only officiate in his capacity as a coroner with regard to Harrison. He ordered the car crew arrested.

The injured woman and the only passengers in the car, Miss Griffith, and Mr. Miller were taken to the Petersburg hospital, where it is said their injuries are not serious.

At the time of the accident, the motorman, George Sermons, was in the car eating his supper. He was cut about the head, but not seriously hurt.

GIBBS' BODY IS FOUND.

Wealthy Planter Near Elizabeth City Was Foully Murdered.

Elizabeth City, N. C., March 9.—The body of Captain Edward Gibbs, a prominent and wealthy planter of this county, who disappeared mysteriously from his home early on the morning of February 17th, was found floating in Pasquotank river, this afternoon. Gashes on the head, face and hands showed that Gibbs had been murdered and that he had fought heroically for his life. Gibbs had a small amount of money on his person, and this was missing.

The police claim to have a clue to the murderer or murderers. Searching parties have scoured the county unremittingly since his disappearance, the military aiding, but no trace was found of his movements until the body was discovered today by a fisherman.

ABOUT SEA ISLAND COTTON.

Agreed to Reduce Acreage and to Hold Unsold Staple.

Waycross, Ga., March 9.—An agreement to reduce the sea island cotton acreage 50 per cent. and to hold all unsold cotton for more satisfactory prices was the result of a convention attended by 300 cotton growers of South Carolina, Georgia, Florida and Alabama, in Waycross today. Charles S. Barrett, president of the Farmers' Educational and Co-operative Union, presided.

"Going Up?"

Well, the show at the "Grand" today is up some, so get an airship and come and enjoy it. **

BORDER IS ALIVE WITH U. S. TROOPS

Taft Assures Mexican Ambassador that Maneuvers is Only Purpose

WASHINGTON NOW LOOKING ON

Extensive Preparations, As in Time of War, Feature of Mobilization—Continue to Move on Texas —Warships Sail.

Washington, March 9.—The scene of activity in connection with the movement of troops to the Mexican border has shifted now to the long line, which they will occupy, and official Washington has become merely a place for the receipt of reports showing the progress of the units toward their places of rendezvous.

Before leaving for Atlanta this afternoon President Taft had a protracted conference with Senor DeLa Barra, the Mexican ambassador, and assured him, as in a telegram he yesterday assured President Diaz at Mexico City, that the Mexican government and people need have no concern as to the intentions of the United States in this military demonstration, no matter what gossip there might be to the contrary. The ambassador declared himself more than satisfied with the President's assurances.

It was learned from official sources that there has been more or less discussion between the State Department and representatives of several European nations as to internal conditions in Mexico; but it was said that this discussion had at no time taken on the proportions of what the diplomatists call "representations."

The War Department tonight made public the text of the telegram which was sent today to the adjutants general of the several States, inviting a "limited number" of militia officers to avail themselves of the opportunity afforded by these great maneuvres for observation and technical study.

The dispatch sent by General Robert K. Evans, acting chief of the Bureau of Militia Affairs of the War Department, was as follows:

"The adjutant general of all States and territories and the District of Columbia Militia:

"In connection with the mobilization of Federal troops for maneuver purposes, I am instructed by the Secretary of War to inform you that the Department desires to extend to a limited number of officers of the organized militia an opportunity to attend these maneuvers for purposes of observations and instruction. With this end in view it is requested that you furnish this officer, at the earliest practicable date, a list of names of officers, line or staff, of the organized militia of you State whom you recommend for such duty, giving the name of each officer, his rank and arm of service, and the probable time that he will be able to report and to remain at the encampment. The Department will consider this service as falling within the provisions of Section 15, of the militia law, and, therefore, the pay and transportation of such officers will be defrayed by regular army disbursing officers from the special annual appropriation for joint maneuvres. It is requested that, in presenting the names of these officers, you will accompany the request with an estimate of their pay and transportation to the nearest maneuver camp. Inasmuch as the accommodations are limited, it will probably be necessary to make selections from the lists presented. Information as to the officers selected by the Department for this service and the places to which they will report will be furnished later, after the lists have been received and acted upon."

The extensiveness of the medical accompaniments to the army and navy in the movement southward adds to the significance of the operations. The hospital ship Solace, equipped as a floating infirmary, will participate in the maneuvres. She will leave Guantanamo in a day or two for New York or Norfolk with eighty sick from the battleship fleet in Cuban waters, and then will be fitted out as a medical supply ship, in addition to her use as a hospital vessel, and sent to joint vessels of Admiral Staunton's division of the Atlantic fleet, ordered to Guantanamo. The medical staff of the Prairie and Dixie, the vessels which have been selected to carry the large force of marines to Guantanamo, has been increased to meet adequately the needs of the increased personnel of the ships. On the Pacific side of the country, the Buffalo is receiving the marines which are being collected from the barracks along that shore for transportation to San Diego and Surgeon General Stokes has taken similar precautions for medical assistance to the marines on that vessel.

Admiral Stokes is accepting this opportunity, it is said, to prove the efficiency of his machinery to carry out any short notice or emergency orders that may be issued by the Secretary of the Navy. Extensive preparations are being made likewise by Surgeon General Torney, of the army, to take care of a medical standpoint for any length of time of the 20,000

soldiers, which are being rushed to the frontier.

A "reserve medical supply" which contains medical supplies for 20,000 troops for three months will be shipped from St. Louis for San Antonio tomorrow. Two base hospitals which are the largest used by an army in the field, are being assembled at St. Louis from which point they can be dispatched southward on telegraphic notice.

In addition to field hospitals and four ambulance companies, the surgeon-general is rushing to the "front" at San Antonio, 14 regimental hospitals and two evacuation hospitals. Adequate medical and hospital facilities also are being made for the troops which will be stationed at San Diego, California, and Galveston, Texas.

Upon the issuance of the orders to the troops to move to the frontier, Commissionary General Sharp, of the army, quickly issued the necessary advices to the chief commissaries and purchasing commissaries in the filed to provide for the feeding of the vast array of troops, and, according to advices received at the War Department comfortable arrangements have been made for the soldiers in this respect. A divisional field bakery, including a large number of bakers and 15 ovens has been ordered to San Antonio, which is more than ample to bake bread for 20,000 troops.

The scout cruiser Chester has sailed from Pensacolia, Fla., for Tampico, Mexico, and her sister ship, the Salem, is en route from Pensacola to Galveston, Texas. Definite information in regard to the purpose of these movements could not be obtained at the Navy Department, which contented itself with the simple announcement that they were merely cruises.

Troops on the Move.

Los Angeles, Cal., March 9.—The advancing guard of the United States troops from San Francisco and Montrey on their way to San Diego and the Mexican border, arrived in Los Angeles today. The first of six trains carrying companies A B and C of the 30th Infantry, and the regimental officers, arrived shortly before 11 o'clock. Colonel St. John Chubb, is in command. The troops detrained here and marched two blocks to take another train to San Diego. All troops trains are delayed by floods.

The three Pacific cruisers, the flagship California, the South Dakota and the Pennsylvania, commanded by Rear Admiral Chauncey Thomas, sailed from this harbor for San Diego at daylight. The voyage to the Southern port will be made in less than six hours.

Tells of Mexican Conditions.

Atlanta, Ga., March 9.—A newspaper man who has been in the field with the Mexican insurgents, writes as follows from Marfa, Texas.

"Is Mexico in rebellion against the rule of President Porfirio Diaz or are scattered bands of bandits to blame for the upheaval in the sister republic?

"From my observations in the field I have concluded that the trouble in Mexico is a real uprising of the people against the Federal government; that the sympathy of the great majority of the people are with the Liberals, and that more brains and money are organizing and leading the fight with a determination to win.

"Americans and other foreigners have been treated with exaggerated consideration and their property respected by the insurrectos.

"In the official proclamation of revolt the provisional officials declare that Francisco Madero was legally elected President of Mexico. They declare he was thrown into prison by Diaz, his election nullified and the will of the people balked. Having failed to change the government by peaceful means they have taken up arms. Everywhere that I went I found people wildly enthusiastic for the new order and eager to volunteer.

"I was impressed with a speech made by Calixto Guerra, the insurgent leader in Coahuaila, at the village of San Graciano, where 41 men had been lined up to hear the reading of the proclamation.

"'Come with us,' he said, 'and we can promise you hardships, hunger and possibly death. If we win we can promise you better conditions, a right to vote, a right to hold up your head like a citizen of a Republic, not to bend your back like a peon slave under an autocratic despotism.'

"Of the 41 men whom he addressed 22 volunteered and 19 were accepted.

"In Coahuila there are about 500 men under arms. It is a conservative estimate to say that there are at least 3,000 insurrectos in the fighting line in Chihuahua.

"Up until now it has been the policy of the insurgent to avoid attacking fortified towns, but to win their recruits and spread their propaganda through the rural districts. The leaders have decided that their forces now are large enough to capture the cities and the bands are concentrating on several garrisoned towns.

"In every battle that the insurgents have had with the Federal soldiers, the Liberals have won. This is largely due to the fact that the soldiers are in sympathy with the Liberals. I saw a letter signed by 25 rurales, offering to surrender and joint fight against the government. The rurales are the best fighters in the Federal army.

"As to the resources of the revolutionists, it is claimed that 10,000 high power rifles were bought in Europe, shipped to St. Louis and from that point sent in small lots over the border. More than half of these guns are now in Old Mexico.

"The revolutionists make the charge which they say is backed by the original written orders received by Federal officials, that Diaz has fostered anti-American race riots and sought to fasten the blame on the anti-re-electionist party."

"The insurgents tell a story which may explain the attitude of the United States government. A year ago Diaz, it is said, made a treaty with the Japanese government which practically gives control of the Tehuantepec Railroad to Japan. This road crossed the Isthmus above the Panama Canal, and by some is believed to be a menace to American interests there.

"In summing up the situation, from what I know of the organization, the leaders and the money back of the movement, I believe that the outbreak in Mexico should be classed as a real rebellion of the Mexican people against the rule of Porfirfo Diaz. I believe that the fighting that has passed has been merely skirmishing to what is to come."

Troops Are Arriving.

Galveston, Texas, March 9.—Fourteen brown tents appeared today on the greensward west of Galveston, at the very brink of the Gulf of Mexico, marking the completion of the army's first move in the war game inaugurated with such suddenness last Monday night.

Two gray hulled ships were sighted lying off Galveston bar about dusk this evening. They were the scout cruisers Chester and Salem, which left Pensacola under cover of darkness last night, initiating the navy's play attack upon the coast. They did not come inside and a heavy haze enshrouded their lights after nightfall.

The first company of all the regiments ordered rushed to Texas to reach its destination was the 164th coast artillery stationed at Jackson barracks, near New Orleans. One hundred and twelve strong, the company came in shortly after noon and within 40 minutes after it had been disentrained, tents had been pitched in the camp at Fort Crockett, and the men were resting up after a tiresome 19-hour journey on a special train made up mostly of day coaches. The 164th is to be part of one of the three provisional regiments of coast artillery to be mobilized here as infantry in command of Brigadier General A. L. Mills, who will arrive here at noon tomorrow from Atlanta via New Orleans.

Five more companies of the first provisional regiment, three from Fort Morgan, near Mobile, and two from Fort Barrancas, Florida, are expected to arrive during the day and tomorrow and will go into camp at Fort Crockett.

Preparations have been made here to accommodate 4,000 men, all of the Coast Artillery. Orders have been given to a Chicago packing house to supply the camp with 6,000 pounds of beef daily, and the new bakery at the fort is ready to turn out from 7,500 to 10,000 loaves of bread every day.

MRS. HAYES TELLS STORY OF CRIME

(Concluded from Page One.)

time of the shooting. Was not feeling well on Monday and went to shop to talk to Neill about my condition. I am expecting to become a mother in about three months and on day of killing I had feeling I didn't understand and wanted to talk to Neil about it.

I know Mary L. Holt and heard her testify. Mary Holt came to my house before noon; was first time she had been there in about a year. She took dinner there and in the afternoon I left here there and went to a neighbor's to make a dress for my baby. Was at neighbor's about 30 minutes. Mr. Floyd was at Mr. Itner's on the porch, treating a mole on somebody's face. When I left the neighbor's I met my husband on the way home. I passed him and went home; suppose he went on to store. Did not have conversation with Mary Holt after I got home; stayed there about an hour and dressed baby and we walked towards Neill's store and we met Mr. Floyd. I spoke to Mr. Floyd saying, 'good evening.' Floyd stopped his horse and Mary went up to buggy. I did not have conversation with Floyd. Mary Holt has never been to my house since that time. Here the witness was asked to state conversation with Mrs. Mims, in county jail. Mrs. Mims came to my cell on Monday morning, February 27. She brought a bundle of newspapers for me and some candy and apples and something for baby, she said. Mrs. Spivey was with her. I asked her to have a seat. She talked to baby a minute and we started a conversation concerning the weather and Mrs. Mims said there was a large crowd in town and I asked her if the Floyds had come. She said "I don't know; I do not know the Floyds." Mrs. Mims went on to say how sorry she was for me; she said she was certainly my friend and said the paper is your friend and you have lots of others in Whiteville. She said paper has certainly tried to be just to you in its accounts. I said, "Yes, so far as I know, except one piece that was published about what the Charleston minister said." She said, "Yes, I think preachers ought to keep their names out of such things as this." I said that Charleston minister didn't know Robert Floyd's heart; no one but God knows that. I said I hope Robert Floyd is in heaven, but I don't think any man who pretended to be a shining Christian as Robert Floyd, and commit the crime he did, can be there. Mrs. Mims asked me if I realized I had killed Floyd. I said no, it seemed like a dream to me; in fact, I had some dreams that had seemed more real. I said just a week or two ago before this happened I had a dream in which I dreamed I shot a man and dreamed he was in his night clothing when I shot him. She asked me where my husband was when the shooting occurred. She said I heard he was ungearing Mr. Floyd's horse. I said no he wasn't, he was in his barber shop at work and he can prove it. When she started out she said the reason I ask you these questions is that papa is an editor and he has heard things in so many different ways I wanted to get the straight of some things and said good-bye. Mrs. Mims said to me that I acted too indifferent; that if she were in my place she would show grief whether I felt it or not. There has never been any criminal intercourse between Bob Floyd and myself. I have never written any letter to Robt. Floyd signed "Rosa," as testified by G. M. Perry. I went to Wilmington last Summer and my brothers met me there. Floyd went on same train. When I left train I went to boat down to Southport, accompanied by Mr. Floyd and my brothers. We arrived at Southport, and were met by the O'Quinns; was only a short ways to house and I walked up to house with two or three others. I was tired and didn't eat any dinner. In a few minutes I told Mrs. O'Quinn I was tired and wanted to go to my room and rest a while; was in room about two hours and half. When I rested I asked Mrs. O'Quinn what time it was; if it wasn't about time for boat to leave and began to prepare to leave. Mrs. O'Quinn insisted that I spend the night and spend a day or two with her, and meet some of her friends and to see the town. So I decided to spend the night. About boat time my brother asked me if I intended to come that afternoon and I told him I would not. Mrs. O'Quinn had insisted on my remaining and I hadn't had an opportunity to see the place. I believe I will stay. My brothers started towards the boat and Mrs. O'Quinn and myself went with them. Floyd and Mrs. O'Quinn's daughter were walking behind. We stayed at boat until it left and then we returned home. Mrs. O'Quinn and myself went in house and Floyd, Miss O'Quinn went to walk. That night we, Mrs. O'Quinn and myself, went to Methodist church. Floyd and Miss O'Quinn did not go to same church. Did not stay up long after returning from church; was tired and went to bed, leaving others on the porch; did not see Floyd until next morning at 9 o'clock. I left on the boat next morning at 11 o'clock. Mr. Floyd was standing on north of where I went into boat. Was introduced to a Mr. Harrelson by Mr. Beck, an acquaintance, Beck saying, Harrelson was his father-in-law. Mr. Harselson and myself went in cabin of boat. We had quite a long conversation; finally he went outside; after a while Floyd came in; he sat down and started a conversation about Southport. He left before I reached Wilmington. When the boat got to Wilmington I got off alone. A colored man asked me if I wanted to go to a boarding house. I gave him my suit case and told him I wanted to go to Mrs. Rountree's at Colonial Inn. I spent the night there. Did not see Floyd any more after he left me on boat before I reached Wilmington. I left Wilmington next morning and my husband met me at Loris. There was no unpleasantness at meeting him. Had shot pistol at Tabor on two occasions; had shot a pistol a number of times before; we have owned pistols for some time.

At 5:30 witness was turned over to State for cross-examination. Col. D. J. Lewis began the examination. Witness didn't know which pistol she first used; kept both under pillow; witness did not tell anyone how many times she shot Floyd; didn't know how many times; had been with Floyd a few times before I was married; Floyd had never made improper proposals before time of shooting; had always kept pistol in house under pillow; the baby was on bed during scuffle; she said she dreamed of shooting a man but never told I had dreamed of shooting Floyd. Was so excited I don't know how I got back in house after Floyd was shot. Don't know if I stepped over Floyd's body. Floyd did not ask me not to shoot him. Don't know whether I shouted for help while I was shooting Floyd.

Counsel failed to bring out anything new in regard to Southport trip. Witness did not know that Floyd was coming when he did; didn't know he was in town until he came up to the house.

Morning Session.

Mr. W. M. Jones, the juror who was taken ill Wednesday, was in place this morning when court convened. Auty Baldwin was recalled to testify as to conversation with Vaughn Watts and to give him a good character, D. C. Fussell, recalled, said the Hayeses moved to Tabor December 8th, 1910. Roland Baldwin corroborated statements of Auty Baldwin and proved character of Vaughn Watts as good.

Herbert Floyd, a brother of deceased and his roommate, testified to having searched room for books and papers belonging to Robert Floyd after killing. Letter of Mrs. Hayes to Robert Floyd, dated December 1st, 1911, was placed in evidence and witness stated the same was found in their room. He made search for letter to Robert Floyd and signed "Rose." Nothing new was discovered in room searched.

Miss Reba Floyd, sister of deceased, lives at Gallivant's Ferry and found no letters among deceased's belongings signed "Rose." G. M. Perry, an intimate friend and college mate of Floyd: Letter of Mrs. Hayes dated Dec. 1st to Floyd was identified by witness. Was with Floyd when he received letters and saw some from Loris, S. C., signed "Rose." Saw two in November, 1910. He qualified as a handwriting expert.

After considerable argument, witness testified letters signed Rose were the ones previously exhibited. He saw one letter addressed "My dear Robert," and said:

"I miss you very much and wish you could return on same relations you once bore to me. There were some very pleasant days in the past, and I do wish that they could return. Robert, you have always been very dear to me and I wish that you could return to me for at present my life is far from happy. How are you getting along with your work? Write to me soon. As ever yours, Rosa."

Can also state substance of the second letter, dated Loris, sometime in November:

"My Dear Robert: Why have you not answered the letter I wrote you some time ago? It pains me so much to know you care so little for me to have you ignore my letters. I wish very much that you would come back to me, for I have always regretted that we once had to part. It was a sad parting, Robert, and I hope that you will soon come back to me. Nothing could make me happier than to know that I was yours and safe in some other country. Write to me Robert, for you know my heart is hungry for your love. I am ever yours.

"ROSA."

During the recitation of the letters Mrs. Hayes was smiling and seemed to have not the least emotion. Witness was completely shaken on cross-examination when asked to give substance of other letters to Floyd from Mrs. Hayes. He went to Tabor out of curiosity, he said, and the letters the substance of which he related had been destroyed. His memory was not good as to other letters he said were received by Floyd and signed "Mrs. Hayes."

Clyde Gore and Fred Booth knew Hayes and had visited him at his shop. Their testimony was not material. At 12 o'clock the State said it had only three other witnesses and they could not be in court in the afternoon. A recess was taken to 2:30 P. M. At the afternoon session Lott Mills, county coroner testified to inquest and finding two pistols at Hayes' house. Smith & Wesson pistol had an empty shell in it, but the Colt's automatic was empty. The agent at Tabor was introduced to prove two telegrams sent for Hayes to Attorneys Schulken and McRackan, asking them to come at once to Tabor to represent him in murder case.

Auty Baldwin testified that two or three days before killing Mrs. Hayes asked him if he thought Messrs. Schulken and McRackan would be able to take care of a case for her if she needed them. Cross-examined he said that Hayes had also told him he had failed in business at Loris and was afraid his creditors were going to be after him.

Mrs. A. Watts, mother of Vaughn Watts, testified to corroborate statement of her son as being same as made to her directly after the shooting. D. M. Watts, father of young Watts, also corroborated his son's testimony after which the State rested.

Oscar Barnes, lived four miles from Tabor and was in Hayes' barber shop day of shooting, testifying to conversation between Floyd and Hayes in which Hayes asked Floyd to go on to house; he would be there in about an hour. E. C. Watts was at Tabor day of shooting and saw Vaughn Watts several times during day. Had just closed postoffice when shooting occurred and heard screaming. Saw Vaughn in near-beer saloon before shooting.

Dr. Floyd recalled to say that he had conversation with Hayes about Robert Floyd in January. Hayes spoke of Floyd's treating moles on his wife's face and expressed confidence in Floyd's ability. He was also in barber shop in January when Floyd was treating mole on Hayes' lip. During Dr. Floyd's testimony, Hayes manifested a keen interest and often prompted attorneys.

Mrs. Hayes then went on the stand and at the conclusion of her testimony, court took a recess until 9:30 tomorrow morning.

Newport News, Va., March 9.—At a meeting of the board of directors of the Newport News Shipbuilding & Drydock Company here today, Walter A. Post, formerly general manager of the plant, was elected president of the company to succeed the late Calvin B. Orcutt.

All Styles All Leathers $3.50 No More No Less

Come In And Try Them On

WE have noticed hundreds of people standing admiring the Craddock Shoe in our windows. We are making customers of scores of them every day. We invite everyone to come in and see the Craddock Shoe at close range. You won't be able to resist long. As soon as you need shoes you will be back. The style will get you first, and the touch of the leather will appeal to you. You never saw better shoe making. Your hands and eyes will tell you the Craddock is a good shoe. We can tell you some more things about it, things you can't see or feel. We know how the Craddock is made and what it is made of. We know that where most makes are skinned a little here and scalped a little there—little things that are not apparent in the finished shoe—the Craddock is full value; and the best part of it is that the manufacturing advantages that Craddock Terry enjoy are passed on to you in the shape of good, hard dollars saved that you can use to advantage in your home.

The Craddock Shoe at $3.50 is the equal of any man's $5.00 shoe. It will wear you thirty days longer than any other shoe sold at the same price.

Style—the very latest. Comfort in every line. The snappiest Oxfords shown anywhere this season. Our salesmen will be glad to show you the line and fit you better than you were ever fitted before.

We are showing a large variety of Craddock made shoes for ladies, in one, two and three strap sandals, pumps and sailor ties, in all leathers at $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50

WILMINGTON SHOE COMPANY,
127 N. Front St.

CHILD LABOR CONFERENCE.

Opening Session at Birmingham Last Night—Address.

Birmingham, Ala., March 9.—A large audience which attended tonight's session of the National Child Labor Conference was disappointed by the failure of the two principal speakers to appear. Jane Addams, of Hull House, Chicago, and Senator William E. Borah were not present. Miss Addams had wired earlier in the day that she could not reach Birmingham until Saturday, and Senator Borah is thought to have been absent on account of a delayed train.

The principal address tonight was by Dr. A. J. McKelway, of Washington, on the "Herod Among Industries."

MURDER AT TENNILLE, GA.

Prominent Physician Shot and Killed by School Superintendent.

Tennille, Ga., March 9.—Dr. J. T. Kelly, of this place, was shot and instantly killed today by Prof. Nathan L. Johnson, superintendent of Tennille Institute. The disciplining of Dr. Kelly's son at the institute, it is said, led to the trouble.

Prof. Johnson was taken to the county jail at Sandersville by Sheriff Moye. Both men are prominent and excitement here tonight is intense. Immediate trial probably will be granted.

The ads will show you whether or not there's a chance today to buy that piece of furniture at your price.

Baby's Voice

Every woman's heart thrills at the cooing and prattling of a baby, and motherhood is her highest and purest joy. Yet the suffering incident to this great consummation of her life's desire, robs the anticipation of some of its sweetness. Most of this can be avoided by the use of Mother's Friend. This great remedy prepares the expectant mother's system for the coming event, and its use makes her comfortable during all the term. Mother's Friend assists nature in gradually expanding all tissues, muscles and tendons, it strengthens the ligaments, keeps the breasts in good condition, and brings the woman to the crisis in healthful physical condition. The regular use of Mother's Friend lessens the pain when baby comes, and assures a quick and natural recovery for the mother. For sale at drug stores. Write for free book for expectant mothers.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Mother's Friend

Boys' and Girls' Rompers Made to Order

Sample display of rompers at our store this entire week orders will be taken for delivery from April 1st. to 15th., made in any style at a price from .50 to $1,50 each. Rompers are the best summer garments that a boy or girl can wear.

J. W. H. FUCHS
28 S. Front Street

Improved Circle Brace Diverse CULTIVATORS

Made by the Southern Plow Co.

FREIGHT PREPAID - - $ 5.00.

Cultivates both sides of row, or full space between rows, at one operation. Enables you to cultivate twice as often, or double the number of acres with same help.

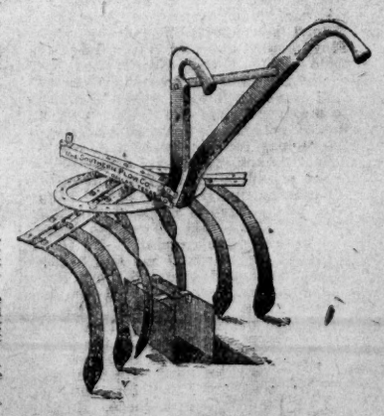
Saves Work, Time and Horses.

Turns and pulverizes earth, uproots all weeds, leaving ground level, mellow and clean. Instantly adjustable, without tools, to right or left side harrow—"A" or "V" shape cultivator or rake.

Exclusive features include Circle Brace, meaning easy adjustment; oil tempered spring-steel teeth—spring over rocks, roots, etc. Light draft for one horse.

If not at dealer's, write us at once. Booklet free. Just send your name and address.

We ship from Wilmington, N. C.



N. Jacobi Hdw. Co., Agents.

mh5-tf

Pale Export BEER

This is to notify our customers that they can secure this popular brand by sending their orders to Petersburg, Va.

4 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersb'g, $3.00.
10 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersb'g, $7.50.

DARLEY PARK BREWING COMPANY
G. MORGAN KNIGHT, Manager. PETERSBURG, VA.

AUDITING COMMITTEE MEETS

Accounts Audited and Bills Approved for Past Month—Division of Expense of Smallpox Campaign Discussed.

Sitting as an auditing committee, the Board of County Commissioners met in regular monthly session at the Court House yesterday afternoon with Chairman Duncan McEachern presiding and Commissioners Kerr and Vollers and clerk of the committee, Mr. W. A. Williams, in attendance. Most of the time of the session was devoted to auditing accounts and approval of bills for the past month.

Mention was made of the cost of the recent smallpox campaign and of the proposition to divide the expense between the city and county, and was first proposed by the Board of Commissioners, and something was also said about the resolution of the Board of Aldermen instructing the City Clerk and Treasurer to collect from the county the entire amount expended by the city in combating the disease. There was no action on the matter, but it was evident that the County Commissioners propose to stand by their proposition, that is, to pay one-half of the cost, exclusive of the several hundred dollars paid out by the city for maintaining a guard quarantine for a few days, and will give little or no consideration to the action of the Board of Aldermen. The settlement between the city and county will not be made until all the bills have been filed. The report of the county treasurer, Mr. H. McL. Green, for the month of February is as follows:

Balance on hand February 1st—General county fund, $24,400.25; special county fund, $142.47; road fund, $9,653.30; road sinking fund, $11,835.51; hospital fund, $892.15.

Receipts—Cash from county home, $473.07; cash from Recorder's court, $271.55; jail fees, $2.20; jury tax, $3; cash from returned warrant, $20; back taxes, $241.38; marriage license, $32.30; sale of rock and dynamite, $50.25; transfer from general to road fund, $117.50; making a total of $48,134.73.

Disbursements — General county fund, by transefr to road fund, $117.50; by warrants paid: Public building, $660.87; county home, $296.82; roads and bridges, $115.27; out-door poor, $234.67; United Charities, $107.25; stationery and advertising, $163.35; Superior Court, $1,066.75; Recorder's Court, $150; jail, $175; magistrates, $22.12; election, $3; miscellaneous account $737.35; smallpox account, $999.47; County Commissioners, $116; Register of Deeds, $22.60; superintendent of Health $100; constable, $23.85; clerk, $83.33; janitor, $50; treasurer's commissions, $78.17; Walker Memorial Hospital, $759.37; New Hanover county roads, $2,891.18, making a total of $9,057.25, leaving a balance of $39,077.48.

The Commissioners did not take any action on the bills of Dr. Russell Bellamy, one for $50 and the other for $500, as an expert witness in the case against J. C. Holly, and no action will be taken until the court orders an expert witness fee and fixes the amount.

RETURNING LEGISLATORS.

Representatives E. M. Koonce and Woodus Kellum Arrived.

Returning from the North Carolina General Assembly on the evening train were Representative Woodus Kellum, of New Hanover, and Representative E. M. Koonce, of Onslow, both popular members of the lower branch of the Legislature. Both were tired and worn out with the arduous work of the session, and said it was yet too early to form a correct estimate of the work of the Assembly, but that much good legislation was enacted while some might not prove so satisfactory. Representative Koonce will leave on the early morning train today for his home at Jacksonville, N. C. He is proud of his good roads bill for Onslow which will mean the early completion of modern highways out of a cumulative bond issue of $100,000 to be issued as needed. A convict force will be organized and a system of modern highways will be established at the earliest possible time.

HANDSOME NEW BUILDING.

Four-Story Will be Erected by Messrs. J. W. Murchison & Co.

As previously stated in The Star, Messrs. J. W. Murchison & Co., the well known wholesale hardware dealers, are arranging to erect a handsome four-story building on the southeast corner of Water and Chesnut streets, which was recently acquired by the company from Messrs. W. L. and R. A. Parsley. The building will be completed and ready for occupancy by the late Summer or early Fall. It will be erected at a cost of several thousand dollars and will be modern in every respect. The property fronts 66 feet on Water street and all of the space will be occupied by the building, and will extend backward along Chesnut street for a distance of 196 feet, leaving a four foot space between the new structure and the Southern building. The plans for the structure were drawn by Mr. H. E. Bonitz, the architect.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Special Meeting Will be Held Today at Noon—Election.

Mayor Walter G. MacRae last night issued a call for a special meeting of the Board of Aldermen to be held at 12 o'clock today for the purpose of naming the registrars and pollholders for the election to be held next Wednesday to decide whether or not Wilmington will adopt the commission form of government, according to the bill which passed the recent Legislature and printed in full in another column of today's paper.

"Foley's Honey and Tar is the best cough remedy I ever used as it quickly stopped a severe cough that had long troubled me," says J. W. Kuhn, Princeton, Neb. Just so quickly and surely it acts in all cases of coughs, colds, lagrippe and lung trouble. Refuse substitutes.—Robt. R. Bellamy.

"Silver Cloud's Sacrifice."
Great Indian picture—Grand today. **

18 BICYCLES RECOVERED

Wheels Stolen From Various Persons in Past Few Weeks Found at Home of Jas. Sellers, Who is Arrested.

Armed with a search warrant, which was sworn out on the strength of information given by Patrolman Leon George, Constable Savage yesterday morning went to the home of James Sellers, a young white man, at No. 1116 North Fourth street, where he found locked in two rooms a total of 18 bicycles which have been stolen from various persons in this city during the past two or three weeks.

The officer took charge of the bicycles, a large number of which have been identified by persons from whom they were stolen. Sellers was arrested a short time later on the charge of larceny and in default of bond was placed in the county jail to await trial today. Both Constable Savage and Officer George have been working earnestly and persistently to run down the person or persons responsible for the disappearance of so many bicycles during the past few weeks. Officer Savage has searched any number of houses, which were under suspicion, but the wheels were not located. He has, however, succeeded in locating a few wheels here and there, but he was convinced that he would find the bulk of the stolen bicycles stored at some place in the city, because the "bike" would not be seen on the streets again. Officer George was of the same opinion and he, too, was hard at work in an endeavor to locate the place where the property evidently was stored. Wednesday he secured information which led him to believe that a number of bicycles were in the possession of Sellers. This information was conveyed to Hodges Bros., bicycle dealers, and yesterday morning a member of the firm secured a search warrant from Justice Harriss.

The papers were placed in the hands of Constable Savage for execution. When the officer told Sellers what he wanted the latter stated that he knew where some bicycles were stored, just beyond his place, and if the officer would go there and make a search he (Sellers) would be ready to have his premises searched upon his return. He denied having a bicycle in his house. This proposition did not appeal to the officer, who said so in plain English, and then began his search of Sellers' house. After every room in the house had been searched save two, which were locked, without any trace of the stolen property, the officer asked to be shown into the rooms not visited. Sellers stated that he could not enter the rooms because they were rented to boarders, who had the keys. The officer stated that he had a key and proceeded to open the doors. Sellers went down stairs as soon as the officer made this statement. In both rooms the officer found bicycles, a total of 18. When the officer made this find, Sellers had left the premises.

The officer telephoned for a wagon and brought the bicycles down town, where the load attracted much attention. The bicycles were then taken to the place of business of the Queen City Cycle Company, where identification was made by the following recent losers of wheels: Chas. E. Johnson, David Palmgren, Joe Winstead, Jarman & Mintz, W. H. Williams, Miss B. L. Russ, J. V. Grainger, Queen City Cycle Co., A. A. Avery, Clayton Giles, Jr., Mrs. W. H. Hines, David Clark, Other wheels will probably be identified today. The property will remain in the possession of the Queen City Cycle Co., until after the preliminary hearing, when they will be turned over to the owners.

The wheels recovered are worth in the neighborhood of $750. It is stated that those stealing bicycles change the wheels and saddle, making it hard to recognize the property. In the lot of "bikes" was one which was stolen Wednesday night. The officers are inclined to think that Sellers has been stealing some of the bicycles himself, but are of the opinion that he was given some assistance. They state further, that the reason he had them stored away was becanse he knew that a careful search was being made of the city for the stolen property and he did not desire to take any chances on being caught.

Sellers is a young married man and conducts a store on North Fourth street, where he lives. He had not retained counsel yesterday afternoon, but it is presumed that he will before the preliminary hearing. His bond was fixed at $750, which he was unable to give.

MR. J. G. L. GIESCHEN NAMED.

Appointed Member of County Board of Education for Six Years.

It was learned here yesterday that Mr. J. G. L. Gieschen, a well known and prominent business man of this city, had been appointed by the Legislature as a member of the New Hanover county Board of Education for the term beginning June 1st. Mr. Gieschen will, at that time, succeed Mr. D. J. Fergus, who was elected some months ago to fill the unexpired term of Capt. Hanby, the term expiring June 1st. It is understood that Mr. Gieschen will accept the office and will qualify at the June meeting. The term is for six years. Every two years a new member of the board is appointed by the Legislature and each has a term of six years. The term of J. O. Carr, Esq., the chairman, does not expire until four years hence and that of Mr. Chas. E. Taylor, Jr., two years hence.

Handsome Church for Fairmont.

Rev. D. P. Bridgers, of Fairmont, was in the city yesterday to confer with Architect H. E. Bonitz with reference to plans for a handsome new $15,000 church, which the Baptists of Fairmont are preparing to build. Mr. Bonitz has already completed the plans and they call for a very handsome structure.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Hear the Orchestra.

At the "Grand" play a classy programme tonight. **

MAY AFFECT WILMINGTON

City May be Required to Purchase Existing Sewerage System, Under State Law Reported to Have Been Enacted.

The Wilmington sewerage question may be materially affected by a State law reported to have been enacted by the recent Legislature. The reported law, if the provisions have been correctly quoted, might affect the sewerage question to the extent of compelling the city officials to purchase the existing plant before the installation of the proposed new system. It is not known positively that such a law was enacted, but it was currently talked on the streets yesterday and created no little interest.

A person who is said to have seen a copy of the law is quoted as saying that it is to the effect that where public utilities, such as water works, sewerage systems, etc., have been established in any municipality by private concerns, and the municipality later decides to install a similar public utility, whether it be water works, sewerage, electric or gas lighting plants, then the city officials shall endeavor to purchase the existing plant and if a satisfactory agreement is not reached, the city is then empowered to institute condemnation proceedings. It is stated that the law would have the effect of requiring the city officials to purchase or secure by condemnation the existing sewerage system before a new system can be installed.

Representative Woodus Kellum, who reached home last night from Raleigh, was asked about the reported law. As the report was understood, at that time, a local measure provided for the purchase of the existing sewerage system. Mr. Kellum denied with emphasis the passage of any such measure, but added that it is possible that a State law was enacted which would include the sewerage question in this city. He had not seen such a law, however. It was afterwards learned that the report circulated on the streets referred only to the adoption of a State law.

Mr. Kellum made the gratifying announcement that the amendment to the commission form of government bill authorizing the city officials to expend annually an amount not exceeding $10,000 for the purpose of exploiting the advantages and possibilities of Wilmington, was passed by the Legislature. This merely empowers the city officials to expend this amount, but leaves it to the officials to decide whether or not it will be expended, or how much; also the method of advertising will be left to the city officials. This provision in the bill was greatly desired by a large number of business men, who felt that Wilmington should begin a judicious advertising campaign.

Asked about the report that the free ferry bill was defective in that it failed to provide for the raising of revenue for the purchase and maintenance of the much-desired public utility, Mr. Kellum said that he had not heard the law questioned, and so far as he knew, it is not defective. The local attorney who is understood to have drawn the bill was also asked last night if, in his opinion, the law is no good. "Certainly it is good," he said, "and the revenue for the purchase and maintenance of the ferry will be raised as provided in the bill."

Mr. Kellum expressed his sincere hope that the commission form of government bill will be ratified by the people at the polls next Wednesday.

AN INTERESTING LECTURE.

Rev. Dr. Foster to Brotherhood Bible Class of St. John's Parish.

The Rev. J. H. Foster, D. D., pastor of the First Baptist church, last evening in the parish house, gave a most interesting and instructive address to the Brotherhood Bible Class under the auspices of St. John's Chapter of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew. Members of the class were invited to come and bring a friend, if they desired, and those who heeded the invitation were delighted with the lecture by Dr. Foster, which was illustrated with stereopticon views gathered on a recent trip of the lecturer to the Holy Land. Dr. Foster well sustained his reputation as a most interesting and instructive speaker and the class was delighted with the discourse.

WILMINGTON VS. CHARLOTTE.

Y. M. C. A. Basketball Teams of Two Cities Play Tonight.

Accompanied by General Secretary J. B. Huntington, the Y. M. C. A. first basketball team will leave on the early Seaboard train this morning for Charlotte, where the local boys will play the Charlotte Y. M. C. A. first team this evening. The Wilmington boys have been practicing hard for some days for the contest and they go to the Queen City expecting to capture the game. The Charlotte boys, according to the papers of that town, have also been making preparations for the contest and will give the local boys a hard fight. The Wilmington team will return to the city tomorrow at noon.

Real Estate Transfers.

Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: Garnett D. Hargrove to Jas. Howell and wife, for $10 and other considerations, lot on south side of Nun, 110 feet west of 14th street, 35x63 1-2 feet in size; Nellie B. Slater and husband, H. Y. Slater, to T. F. Boyd and W. R. Land, of Hamlet, for $10 and other considerations, 700 acres of land, known as the "Lyrias" tract on the Northeast branch of the Cape Fear river, adjoining lands of Dr. James F. McRae and others; Carolina Real Estate Trust Co., to Forresty Austin, of West Lynn, Mass., for $100 and other considerations, farm No. 80, at Castle Haynes; Garnett D. Hargrove to Jas. H. Johnson, for $10 and other considerations, lot on east side of 10th, 33 feet north of Wright street, 33x85 feet in size.

"Dreams, Just Dreams."
Beautiful ballad by Mr. McAnnallan—Grand Theatre today. **

FOR TREATMENT OF INEBRIETY

Dr. McKanna Had Many Callers Yesterday—Special Class to Begin Last of Week—Pastors Interested in Work.

Dr. J. J. McKanna, the liquor cure specialist whose sensational campaign against inebriety in a dozen of the larger cities of the South has attracted wide attention and lengthy newspaper stories, spent yesterday at his hotel making final arrangements for a special class at whose solicitation he came to Wilmington on this visit and conferring with a number of former patients, friends, and not a few pastors of the city who are interested in his work in behalf of humanity.

Dr. McKanna carries elsewhere in today's paper a half page announcement of his cure and a unique statement of his plans and purposes. He is a genius and stated last night that from the number of people who had thus far manifested their interest in his cure, he would not be surprised if his class for the last of the week would reach large proportions. Not only are inquiries coming in from the city, but people outside the city are becoming interested and a number will likely come to Wilmington for the treatment. Dr. McKanna is a most interesting conversationalist and takes an optimistic and philosophical view of things. While all matters pertaining to his practice are confidential, he deals in generalities in connection with stories of his work that are most interesting. He is a man of very extensive travel and has achieved wonderful success with his remedy on even the most obstinate cases of inebriety. His official residence is Oklahoma City, where he has large property interests, while he also owns sanitariums in several other places, notably at Reidsville in this State. He was in Wilmington five years ago and his visit is still well remembered by the sensational advertising methods that he adopted in treating a class of more than a hundred in the First Baptist Church free of cost. His mission this time is entirely different and he is here for the treatment of a special class of men of more or less prominence and influence in the affairs of the city, the patients all being private. Until this class is fully organized, he would be glad to confer with anyone who will call upon him at his hotel. Pastors knowing of cases under their particular observation will be received most cordially and Dr. McKanna will endeavor to advise with them in a way that may result in good.

Accompanying Dr. McKanna on this visit is Mrs. McKanna and a corps of assistants, including his "field man," Mr. Andrew J. Yopp, formerly of Wilmington, but more recently of Oklahoma City. Mr. Yopp has charge of the field work in North Carolina with headquarters at Reidsville Sanitarium, to which already a large number of patients have been sent from this State and South Carolina.

THE CAPE FEAR LIGHT.

A Communication to Mr. James Sprunt Relative Thereto.

In view of a number of inquiries with reference to the new lightship for the Cape Fear, since the recent adjournment of Congress, the following letter from Senator Overman to Mr. James Sprunt, chairman of the Board of Commissioners of Navigation and Pilotage for the port of Wilmington, will be read with interest:

"Washington, D. C., Feb. 25, 1911.

"Mr. James Sprunt, Wilmington, N. C.

"Dear Mr. Sprunt:

"In reply to your telegram of recent date, I beg to say that the Commissioner in charge of the affairs of the Light House Board has informed me that the lightship has been completed and is now on the Lakes, ready to be sent to Wilmington as soon as the Spring opens up and the ice breaks away. The ship was built and completed on the Lakes, and the contractor, for unavoidable reasons I am informed, delayed the government beyond the contract time in completing the work. The ship will be sent down however, as soon as the ice breaks away and the river is open for navigation. It is not the government's fault that there has been any delay in completing it. The ship was built under the latest model, and I am told will be the best in the United States. This accounts largely for the delay in its construction.

"As soon as the light-ship is sent to Wilmington I think we will be able to have the wireless system installed and it will probably be better to wait and take this matter up with the department after the ship is received.

"I offered an amendment to the Sundry Civil bill to make available the appropriation which was authorized last year for additional lights in the Cape Fear at Wilmington, and I hope I will be able to secure its passage.

"I have also introduced an amendment to the Sundry Civil bill providing for an increase of the appropriation for the Custom House at Wilmington from $300,000 to $500,000, and I have a favorable report from the committee I hope I will be able to get the appropriation in the Sundry Civil bill also. You can rest assured that I am looking after all of these matters and will get them through as soon as possible.

"With sincere esteem, I am,
"Very truly yours,
"LEE S. OVERMAN."

MR. ADAMS TO CHILDREN.

Fifth Street Pastor Will Preach to Them Sunday Morning.

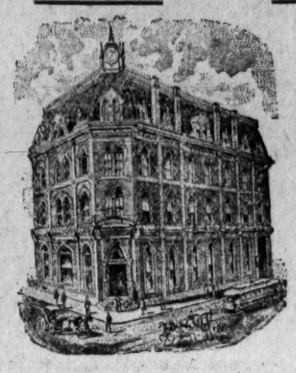
At the morning service at Fifth Street M. E. Church Sunday, Rev. G. T. Adams, the pastor, will preach to the children on the subject, "Five Things That a Child Can Do." The service will be made particularly interesting by the special music by the children.

This will be one of the special services by the pastor, Rev. Mr. Adams, and the children are given a special invitation. Fifth Street church has grown rapidly since Rev. Mr. Adams assumed the pastorate and several members have been added to the membership every Sunday. The music will be a feature of the Sunday morning service.

"A High Flyer."
Is the show at the Grand tonight. Don't miss it. **

The Home of the Small and Large Depositor

$1 or more opens an account with this STRONG, OLD SAVINGS BANK



4% Compounded Quarterly PAID On All Accounts

WE WANT YOUR BUSINESS

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

That Big White Building Corner Front & Princess Sts.

THE RECORDER'S COURT.

Several Cases for His Honor's Consideration Yesterday Morning.

Recorder Furlong had several cases for his consideration yesterday morning. D. Sweat, colored, was found guilty of the charge of carrying concealed weapons and was required to pay a fine of $25 and costs, the total amount being $35.50, which he managed to get together and was released. Lucy Gilliam, colored, charged with the larceny of $20 from Sweat, will be given hearing this morning.

Hector Dilliard, colored, was found guilty of assault with deadly weapon upon Josephine Andrews, colored, and fined $15 and costs, or three months on the county roads. The amount of the fine and costs had not been paid yesterday afternoon. Tom Williams, colored, was found not guilty of a charge of abandonment and non-support. The case came up from Justice Harriss' court.

NEW FISH COMMISSIONER.

C. S. Vann, of Edenton, Succeeds Theo. S. Meekins, of Manteo.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., March 9.—Governor Kitchin commissioned today C. S. Vann, of Edenton, as State Fish Commissioner, to succeed Theo. S. Meekins, of Manteo, resigned. Mr. Vann's commission is for four years from next Monday.

Warning to Railroad Men.

Look out for severe and even dangerous kidney and bladder trouble resulting from years of railroading.-Geo. E. Bell, 639 Third Street, Fort Wayne, Ind., was many years a conductor on the Nickel Plate. He says: "Twenty years of railroading left my kidneys in terrible condition. There was pain across my back and hips and my kidneys gave me much distress. The first bottle of Foley Kidney Pils made a wonderful improvement and four bottles cured me completely."—Robt. R. Bellamy.

"Going Up?"
Well, the show at the "Grand" today is up some, so get an airship and come and enjoy it. **

Gets the Gasoline Contract.

The Cape Fear Oil Co., a new and prosperous enterprise backed by home capital and managed by home people, landed the contract for the gasoline furnished to the Curtiss aeroplanes now being exhibited in flight at the aviation field. The contract is being filled without a moment's delay to Aviators McCurdy and Beachey and the hundreds of visitors to the aviation meet are asked to bear in mind that the motors of the machines they see in flight are propelled by Cape Fear Oil Company gasoline.

Montgomery, Ala., March 9.—The House today passed the Chamberlain bill, which permits Sunday baseball in Mobile.

"Nan's Diplomacy."
Great dramatic picture—Grand Theatre today. **

NEWS OF THE SHIPPING.

Two Schooner And One Steamer Cleared frm Port—All Light.

Two schooners and one steamer cleared light yesterday for Southern ports to receive cargoes. The British steamer Parkwood, Capt. Falconer, which discharged fertilizer material from Heulva will receive cargo for foreign export at Port English, Fla. The schooners Joel Cook, Capt. Ray, cleared for Georgetown, S. C., and the Edward R. Baird, Jr., Capt. Bennett, for Little River, S. C., both to receive cargoes of lumber.

Capt. Arthur Loveland, of the schooner Joel Cook, has been ill at the Marine hospital since the arrival of his vessel, and a new master had to be secured to go with the vessel to Georgetown. Capt. Loveland is gradually improving.

Will Bear

INTEREST

From Date

Our demand certificates of deposit are issued in amounts of $500.00 and upwards, and will bear interest from date of deposit is made at rate of 4 per cent. per annum, compounded quarterly.

These certificates afford an excellent interest bearing security for funds awaiting permanent investment.

THE

Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.

Oldest and largest Savings Bank in North Carolina.

mh3-tf

GREAT

AVIATION MEET!

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, March 9, 10 and 11.

AN INVITATION

is extended to everybody to make our store Headquarters, while in the city.

MEET YOUR FRIENDS AT

POLVOGT'S

We have made some very special prices in Every Department, to help make this occasion Profitable to you. Each department is overflowing with Bright, New Goods.

NEW SILKS	NEW WASH GOODS
NEW DRESS GOODS	NEW GINGHAMS
NEW TRIMMINGS	NEW BATISTE (all colors)
NEW MUSLIN UNDERWEAR	NEW LACES and EMBROIDERY
NEW CORSETS	NEW TABLE LINEN and TOWELS
NEW SHIRT WAISTS	NEW NECKWEAR
NEW WALKING SKIRTS	

Our Ready-to-Wear Department is the most up to the minute to be found in this section of the State.

Everything New—Stylish Coat Suits, Pretty Shirt Waists, Snappy Walking Skirts.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

"The Store That's Always Busy"
Opposite Postoffice.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, served by carriers in the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for time actually published. Payment for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Friday, March 10, 1911.

THE COMMISSION BILL.

The Star is printing elsewhere in today's paper the full text of the bill by the Legislature, just adjourned, making it possible for the people of Wilmington at the polls next Wednesday to adopt the commission form of government. The bill is commended to the careful reading of every public spirited citizen of Wilmington It has been examined and pronounced an excellent measure by some of the best posted and most public spirited attorneys and business men of the city. It should pass by an overwhelming vote. The time is short, but not too short for every intelligent citizen to read and act for the best interests of Wilmington. The election on Wednesday is merely on the question of whether or not the voter desires the commission form of government. If the commission form carries—and there can hardly be a doubt but that it will—on the second Tuesday before the regular election in May, the primary will be held in which two candidates from each ward will be nominated to go on the regular ticket at the regular municipal election in May. One of the two named in each ward will be elected at the general election as councilman, ensuring representation of all wards and sections on the council, though at the general election the councilmen are elected at large. The councilman receiving the largest number of votes in the entire city will be denominated Mayor in addition to his duties in charge of one particular branch of the government.

The bill seems to be all that the friends of popular government desire and there should be no quibbling over technicalities and minor provisions that may not suit the individual view of the voter. The defects in the bill, if any, will be found to be overwhelmingly overshadowed by the possibilities for good in the new and modern form of government for American cities.

Every legislator will go home and blame it on the other fellow.

Get in the game to clean and beautify Wilmington. "Going on all the time. Never out and never over."

A New York man robbed 25 flats in two months. Probably he had finished up his operations on Wall street.

What have we got an army for, if it isn't to make the balance of the world sit up and take notice of our military stunts?

A man who advertises for a job announces that he is single. However, if he sees double at times he won't do for the job.

Probably the teeth of the North Carolina anti-trust law were drawn by the Legislature to keep it from biting the dust when it comes before the Supreme Court for review.

We didn't expect any better of frisky March, but we are much obliged for the golden sunshine weather ushered in yesterday for Wilmington's aviation meet. If all March weather were like this it would be like May.

The Winston-Salem Sentinel of March 6th carried a picture of the handsome new eight-story office building of the Wachovia Bank & Trust Company, of Winston-Salem. It is one of the most elegant structures in North Carolina, and on its opening day last Monday hundreds of people called to see the bank's new home. In every respect the banking quarters are among the most elegant and metropolitan to be seen in the South, and in erecting such a magnificent structure the bank people otrainly demonstrated their faith in the thriving Twin-City.

THE BOOSTERS AT ATLANTA.

The Star's telegraphic columns yesterday carried the first days' proceedings of the Southern Commercial Congress, and one of the conspicious figures in it was North Carolina's General Julian S. Carr, a man of whom any State might be proud. Gen. Carr made the response to Governor Brown's welcoming address to the delegates from all over the State and to many distinguished men from the North and the South who have been attracted to this commercial and industrial Southern Congress, which aims at Southern development on a broad scale.

North Carolina was well represented at the Congress, and Wilmington had the honor of sending there, among others, Mr. C. N. Evans, president of the Southern National Bank, of ths city, who went as secretary of the North Carolina delegation. With such men there as Gen. Carr, one of the State's greatest industrial captains and ablest men, and Mr. Evans, a man who does things and mixes in with them a hearty and broad interest in Southern development, and with other leading North Carolinians, all with an eye single to the varied interests of North Carolina, it is needless to say that our State was ably represented at the Atlanta Congress.

The Southern Commercial Congress has plans on a comprehensive scale for attracting attention to the varied resources of the South as a whole, but while it is working along its own definite line as a general booster, we must not depend upon it for North Carolina's share of any development that such commercial gatherings may bring about The Star believes in all kinds of boosting and we cannot see how such meetings as that in Atlanta can fail to bring results in a general way, but any State which expects direct benefit from such methods will be disappointed. The Southern Commercial Congress merely prepares the ground, and it is up to the individual States and communities to sow the seeds and reap the harvest.

After all, it depends upon North Carolina and the various communities in this State to do North Carolina's boosting, and certainly it will never be effectively done by mere club meetings, conventions, congresses, and the like. As a matter of course, these do good in a way, but proper newspaper publicity abroad and definite propositions made to home-seekers and capitalists will bring people and capital while talks and speeches on general lines will only create a widespread interest. If half the energy we expend in holding meetings and making talks were spent in arranging actual business propositions and giving publicity to them in the right places, it would bring results where wind-jamming would only be entertaining.

If we have any resources in North Carolina which we can't develop ourselves and which we want others to develop, why in the thunder don't we agree upon what they are, give publicity to them, and lay definite propositions before home-seekers and capitalists abroad? What is the use of talking boosting? Why don't we do boosting?

Probably those 20,000 United States soldiers have been suddenly mobilized on the boundary between Mexico and this country just to show what could be done if the insurrectos don't insurge in a more peaceable manner.

Of course Atlanta is making the most of it because a few troops at Fort McPherson were ordered to the Mexican frontier. That fully identifies Atlanta with whatever is to be done. It's a wonder Atlanta doesn't pretend that she originated the whole thing for the entertainment of the Southern Commercial Congress.

The Atlanta Journal complains that the city council has "refused to pass an ordinance against the pernicious practice of nepotism." Doubtless, the council is stuck on nepotism as one of the best ways to take care of the whole family at public expense. The degenerate political idea now is to shake all the plums into the laps of kinfolks.

If a conspiracy existed to undo Secretary Ballinger, as declared by President Taft, why didn't he give the names of the conspirators and hold them up before the eyes of all the Nation? It is hard to believe that a few conspirators could chase a cabinet officer out of his job, while a powerful National administration was standing by him.

CURRENT COMMENT.

"This is a great country," exclaims a Roanoke editor. Viewed from there, it must be.—Richmond Virginian.

Just before adjournment of the North Carolina House some of the members are said to have sung, "God be with you till we meet again." We hope the Lord will be with them all, but we would hate to know that some of the crowd would ever meet again in Legislative halls.—Rowland (N. C.) Sun.

That $25,000 is now said to have been put in the bill to pay Lorimer's expenses to give him a chance of making a grand-stand play of refusing it. Big interests were behind, keeping Lorimer in the Senate. The Greensboro Record says: "Some think that the lumber interests are concerned in some way. Time will tell."—Raleigh News and Observer.

The highest privilege the citizens of this country have is that of governing themselves; their highest duty is to keep that right inviolate. The only way they can do this is by taking an active and intelligent interest in public affairs, followed up by active, aggressive and never ceasing effort to maintain the honesty, integrity and representative character of their government. The duty cannot be performed through statutes; it cannot be delegated to others—it is personal and imperative.—Baltimore Sun.

"Ignorance keeps North Carolina from having 4,000,000 inhabitants. People in other parts of the world are ignorant of North Carolina's varied resources and we keep them in ignorance by not giving wide publicity to the State's advantages and opportunities along various lines."—Wilmington Star. And the hundreds of thousands of men who have left the State keep quiet about these advantages for fear of being called on the explain why they left.—Jacksonville Times-Union.

North Carolina's progress in manufactures since the Civil War challenges the admiration of the world. Rising from the ashes and the desolation of that destructive period she has marched steadily forward until today the State stands in her rightful and proud position in this particular along with the more progressive Southern States. At the census taken in 1860 the total value of manufactures was $16,679,000, while at the census of 1910 the value of manufactured products was $216,614,000, an increase of $199,935,000, or almost 1,200 per cent. in the 50 years. And our progress and development along other lines, particularly in agriculture, has been fully as great.—Mount Olive (N. C.) Tribune.

When Hon. Charles M. Stedman was nominated as Lieutenant Governor, he resigned his position as attorney of three railroads, and had no string tied to his resignation. That example ought to be followed by every public officer, particularly by every legislator and every presiding officer. If they do not follow that precedent of their own motion, the people in their conventions or by statute must end the unseemly spectacle of railroad lawyers and agents of the Legislature voting for their employers and against the interests of the people. Every piece of progressive or good legislation offered in the General Assembly this year affecting public service corporation was killed, maimed or strangled, and the attempt to give control of the coming power and light company "died a-bornin'."—Raleigh News and Observer.

In connection with the active interest which is being manifested in Mecklenburg county in the subject of drainage, it is worth while to note that the South Carolinians are becoming aroused along the same line. As a result of legislation recently enacted a drainage district comprising between four and five thousand acres has been organized in Charleston county, in the heart of the "swamp" area, and the work will be pushed as fast as practicable. The South Carolnia swamps have long been anathematized as hotbeds of malarial fever and productive of very little else, but there can be no question that these much-scorned sections can by proper drainage be transformed into most fertile farms. The planters' opportunity on such reclaimed lands will be found in intensive rather than extensive operations. The soil, when once the surplus water has been disposed of, is of tremendous fertility and is especially adapted to the trucker. "A few acres" declares the Charleston Evening Post, "will support a family in comfort"—and the claim is not an exaggeration. Both Carolinas have an enormous area of lands which might be subjected to this improvement. In the single parish—corresponding approximately to our township—in which the district mentioned has been formed there are no less than 105,000 acres awaiting ditches to transform them from the useless to the very valuable class. Few lines of endeavor now open offer larger possibilities in the shape of an increase of the State's assets, and within the next dozen or fifteen years a great part of this drainage work will not improbably be completed or set on foot.—Charlotte Observer.

FIRE AT FAIR BLUFF.

Heavy Loss in Crates at Warehouse. Livery Stables Burned.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Fair Bluff, N. C., March 9.—The total loss in the destructive fire here Tuesday is about $9,000, only partially covered by insurance. The fire started in the office of Jenkins Brothers' livery stables about noon, while Mr. Jenkins was at dinner. The warehouse burned was known as Powell's new warehouse and pack house, owned by Mr. H. M. Powell. It cost $3,000 and was insured for only $1,500. In the warehouse were about 15,000 berry crates which cost about $3,750. The insurance on these was only $2,500. Jenkins Brothers' stables were insured. Some other small buildings were burned but your correspondent does not know the amount of losses or the insurance.

TO PREVENT THE GRIP.

LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE removes the cause. There is only one "BROMO QUININE." Look for signature of E. W. Grove. 25c.

Nunnally's

Always Fresh Candies

Nunnally's are not only the highest grade candies you can buy, but the freshest. Every box we sell has been shipped us by fast express.

"None like Nunnally's"

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO. Agents.

CAROLINIANS WANT TO GO.

Number of Volunteers Telegraph the Adjutant General—Volunteers.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., March 9.—There came today to Adjutant General R. L. Leinster, of North Carolina National Guards, a number of telegrams from officers of the Guard in various sections of the State offering services if there is a call by the United States government for the North Carolina Guard or any part of it to participate in the movement to the frontier of Mexico.

Capt. E. F. Copeler, High Point; Capt. A. L. Bulwinkle, Gastonia; Lieut. York Coleman, Rutherfordton; Lieut. T. Ward, E. Shellman, and Capt. A. E. Simpkins, Goldsboro, have thus far volunteered.

Before and After

The Aviation Meet take in the Grand. Motion pictures, songs and orchestra. Opens at 11 A. M. with a continuous performance. **

FRECKLES GONE

"Simple Remedy From J. Hicks Bunting Co. Removed Them." Says Society Lady.

"The best skin specialist told me that nothing would remove my freckles and that I would carry them to my grave," said a well known society woman, "but I fooled them all with a new drug, othine—double strength, that I bought at J. Hicks Bunting's, which cleared my skin and gave me a fine complexion."

The action of othine is really remarkable, for when applied at night, many of the freckles disappear entirely by morning, and the rest have begun to fade. An ounce is usually all that is needed, even for the worst case.

Be sure to ask J. Hicks Bunting Co., for the double strength othine, as this is sold under a guarantee of money back if it fails to remove the freckles.

Report of the condition of THE SOUTHERN NATIONAL BANK, at Wilmington, in the State of North Carolina, at the close of business, March 7th, 1911.

Resources.

Loans and Discounts	$1,122,463.42
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	1,669.52
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	200,000.00
U. S. Bonds to secure U. S. Deposits	1,000.00
Bonds, Securities, etc.	198,725.27
Banking house, Furniture and Fixtures	5,000.00
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents	164,561.41
Due from State and Private Banks and Bankers, Trust Companies, and Savings Banks	164,603.26
Due from approved Reserve Agents	67,470.97
Checks and Other Cash Items	13,150.86
Notes of other National Banks	6,280.00
Fractional Paper Currency, Nickels and Cents	929.48
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank viz.:	
Specie $35,617.50	
Legal-tender notes 23,600.00	59,217.50
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	10,000.00
Total	$2,015,070.86

Liabilities.

Capital stock paid in	$ 200,000.00
Surplus fund	100,000.00
Undivided Profits, less Expenses and Taxes paid	60,726.78
National Bank Notes outstanding	200,000.00
Due to other National Banks	305,848.98
Due to State and Private Banks and Bankers	436,440.46
Due to Trust Companies and Savings Banks	32,278.41
Due to approved Reserve Agents	76,732.31
Individual deposits subject to check	543,194.41
Certified checks	236.63
Cashier's checks outstanding	612.88
United States deposits	1,000.00
Bills payable	60,000.00
Total	$2,015,070.86

State of North Carolina, County of New Hanover, ss.:

I, J. W. Simpson, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. W. SIMPSON, Cashier.

Correct—Attest:
J. A. TAYLOR,
EDUARD AHRENS,
JNO. HILL BROWN,
Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of March, 1911.

O. W. ARRINGTON, Notary Public.

(My Commission expires Nov. 4th, 1912.)

NOTICE OF ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of an act entitled "An act to amend the charter of the City of Wilmington," passed by the General Assembly of North Carolina and ratified on the third day of March, 1911, an election will be held in the city of Wilmington on the 15th day of March, 1911, under the election laws now in force at which all qualified voters shall be entitled to vote, at which time the people shall determine whether they desire to adopt the said bill which provides for a commission form of government for the city of Wilmington.

The Board of Aldermen will meet on March 10th, 1911, and designate poll-holders and appoint registrars and judges of election for the said election, and further notice thereof will be given in this paper.

WALTER G. MacRAE, Mayor.

CAMERON F. MacRAE, Chairman County Board of Election.

March 9th, 1911.

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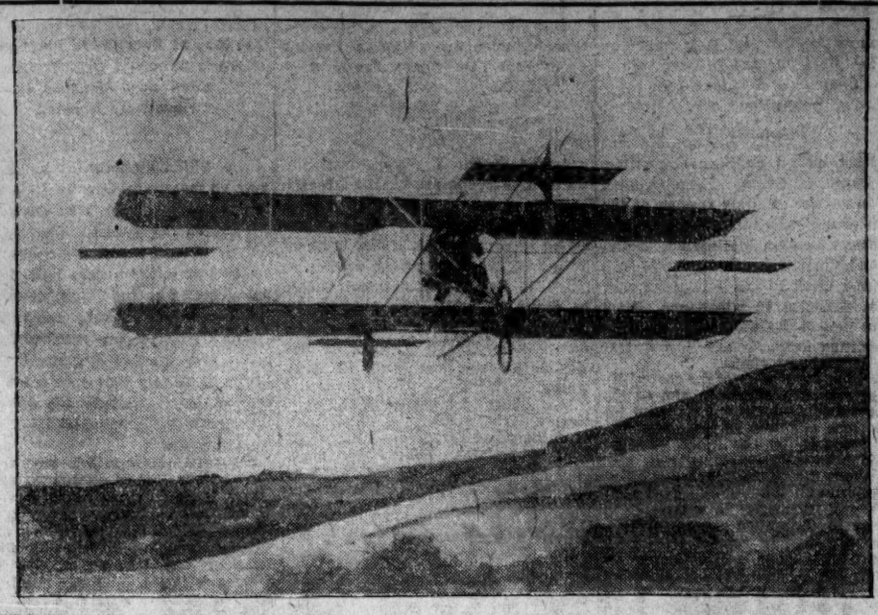
Very Low Colonist Rates.

Via Norfolk & Western Railway, to Mexico, California, Oregon, Washington, British Columbia and other States and Provinces, March 10 to April 10, 1911. For particulars communicate with C. H. Bosley, District Passenger Agent, 838 E. Main St., Richmond, Va.

mh 10-12-14-16-19-21-23-26-8t.



The Great Aviation Meet!

A most cordial invitation is extended you to visit Wilmington this week, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, to see the wonderful Flying Machine.

While in our city you are invited to make our store your headquarters. We shall have special bargains in each department.

All cars transfer to our store. Car fare paid on all purchases of $2.00 and over.

Don't fail to see the great bargains in silks.

J. H. REHDER & CO.

Snappy Spring Styles -in- Walk-Over Oxfords -at-

Peterson & Rulfs

202 North Front Street. Next to Murchison Bank.

We Received Today

one of the newest models of the

Firestone-Columbus

45 H. P. Torpedo type 5-passenger Touring Cars. Equipped with demuntable rims and slip covers. This car is a remarkable value and sells for $2,250.

We will exhibit this car at the aviation meet and give demonstrations to interested parties.

W. D. MacMILLAN, JR.

mb8-tf

Blue prints of all kinds are made by Southern Map Co., Phone 813, So. Bldg.

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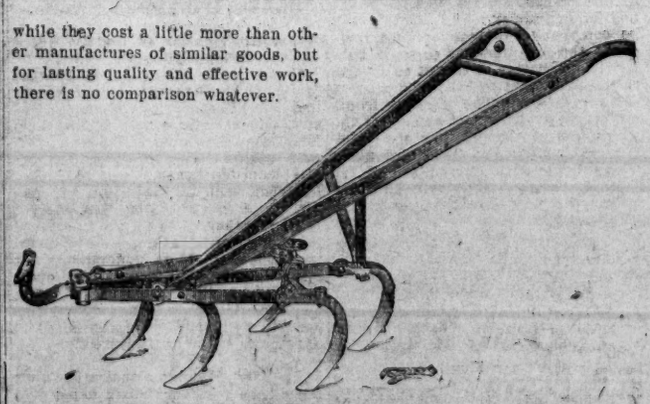
IRON AGE FARM IMPLEMENTS

while they cost a little more than other manufactures of similar goods, but for lasting quality and effective work, there is no comparison whatever.



WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.

PURCELL BUILDING WILMINGTON, N. C.

WE have every facility known in banking, which we offer to depositors, and they have in dealing here the security of $1,250,000.00 net assets over every liability. We also have money to lend to all who deal here and are worthy of credit.

The Murchison National Bank

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Mrs. A. M. Noble and daughter, Miss Hattie, have returned from a visit to relatives and friends at Warsaw.

* * *

Miss Bessie Phumphrey, of Germantown, Md., is the attractive guest of Mrs. James Owen Reilly, No. 212 Nun street.

* * *

The Ladies' Aid Society of Fifth Street M. E. Church from 12 o'clock noon yesterday until 12 o'clock last night served lunch in the old Delmonico Cafe, on Front street, for the benefit of the church fund. The lunch was much enjoyed during the day and evening by numbers of visitors in town for the aviation meet and the ladies received a goodly sum for the benefit for which it was given.

* * *

THE RED CROSS SOCIETY HOLDS FINE MEETING.

The Wilmington Chapter of the National Red Cross Society, Mrs. Allen Nichols, the president, in the chair, held a most enthusiastic meeting at 10:45 o'clock yesterday morning in the parlors of the Colonial Inn. There were many members present and quite a number of new names were enrolled for membership. The different reports submitted at the meeting were very gratifying and the Society discussed with much interest and enthusiasm the proposed camp for tuberculosis. Cases that have recently come under the observation of the Society were cited as a splendid illustration of the need of such an institution. A resolution was adopted at the meeting yesterday protesting against the admission of any more tubercular patients to the County Home. It was pointed out that this was not a criticism of the care and attention given them there, but rather the resolution was prompted by a desire to protect the health and well being of other inmates of the Home. For the present, it was decided to rent a house on the outskirts of the city and to care for any patients there. This will eliminate the necessity of sending tuberculosis patients to the County Home.

A letter was read, calling attention to the needs of the sufferers of plague and famine in China and the Society decided to receive any contributions that may be offered for this charity.

The public is asked to remember the need for funds for carrying in effect the Society's plans for a tubercular camp and are asked to make any donations that they may care to make to the Society at the earliest possible time.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Rev. E. M. Hoyle, of Lumberton, was a visitor to the city yesterday.

—Maj. J. J. Loughlin, of Southport, spent yesterday in the city on business.

—Representative C. Ed Taylor, of Brunswick county, was in the city yesterday on his return to Southport from Raleigh, where he has been in attendance upon the session of the General Assembly.

EXPLOSION WRECKS TOWN.

Powder Mills Blow Up in Wisconsin Town—Details Meagre.

Chicago, March 9.—The town of Pleasant Prairie, Wis., a village of about 150 inhabitants, is said to have been almost wiped off the map by two terrific explosions of the Laflin-Rand Powder Mills, about 8 o'clock tonight. Advices to the Western Union from Salem, Wis., the nearest town to the wrecked village, say that calls have been received for assistance. All available physicians and nurses are being hurried to the town. A special train which is being prepared in Chicago will leave for that point.

All wire communication between Pleasant Prairie and Salem was lost as the telegraph wires were prostrated by the explosion, the only means of communication left being one telephone wire. After the call for help had been sent over this wire, it also was lost, and there is no means of learning the extent of the damage in Pleasant Prairie, save from the first hospital appeal for help. The Western Union Telegraph Company at once made preparations to rush a corps of telegraph operators and repair men to the scene.

Pleasant Prairie is six miles north of the Wisconsin and Illinois State line, and about ten miles from Kenosha. The officials of the latter town procured automobiles and other vehicles at once to rush aid to the victims of the explosion.

Thought It Earthquake.

Chicago, March 9.—Two heavy vibrations that shook buildings and shattered windows throughout Chicago, caused a general belief that an earthquake had been felt. Simultaneously, it was learned that a building at West Madison and Union streets had been shattered by a heavy explosion.

It is learned that there were two explosions at the powder mills of the Laflin-Rand Powder Mills, at Pleasant Prairie, Wis., about 20 miles west of Kenosha.

Cleveland, O., March 9.—The seismograph at St. Ignatius' College Observatory recorded earthquake vibrations tonight, beginning at 8:45 P. M., and lasting for 25 minutes, when they began decreasing. Father Odenbach, the observer, says the records show two distinct shocks.

LAWYER IS CONVICTED.

Birmingham Attorney Is Guilty of Violating Prison Laws.

Birmingham, Ala., March 9.—R. L. Leatherwood, one of the best known attorneys in Birmingham, was convicted in the Federal court here today of violating the United States pension laws. The specific charge was that he accepted $50 as a fee for securing a pension for a negro client when the law allows but $25. The minimum fine for the offense is $500, while the maximum penalty is two years in prison and $500 fine. Judge Grubb has not yet given the sentence.

Birmingham, Ala., March 9.—Orders have been received to re-open the United States recruiting office in Birmingham. There have been no enlistments here for several months.

LOCAL DOTS.

—Services preparatory to communion will be held at the First Presbyterian church this evening at 8 o'clock, conducted by the pastor, Dr. Wells.

—In an interesting game of basketball between two Junior teams at the Y. M. C. A. last night, Henry Haar's team won from Norman Davis' by the score of 16 to 13.

—Adjutant L. Leon announces that there will be a meeting of Cape Fear Camp, No. 254, United Confederate Veterans, at the W. L. I. armory at 8 o'clock tonight. A full attendance of members is desired.

TEDDY ON RACE PROBLEM.

Spoke to Negroes in Atlanta—First Speech of "Swing."

Atlanta, Ga., March 9.—Theodore Roosevelt delivered the first speech of what he has announced as his last speech making tour, when he talked today to the colored population of the city at the Central Avenue Methodist church. The address was made at the solicitation of the officers of the church and the building was packed to the doors when Col. Roosevelt arrived. He was greeted with a burst of cheering and his remarks were frequently interrupted by applause.

The great need of technical education among the negroes as a step toward the solution of the race problem in the South was the keynote of the colonel's talk. He cited figures to show that the vast majority of the population of Georgia was engaged in agricultural pursuits, but declared that between 250,000 and 300,000 of those were illiterate and unskilful laborers, and as such could not hope to better their condition or make themselves necessary to the white race. It was for this reason Col. Roosevelt declared, that he had taken such great interest in the agricultural colleges of the South.

"It is the common school, not the high university," he said, "which is the foundation of American citizenship."

The colonel warned his audience that while they had made progress in bettering themselves, there was a vast distance for them to go before the work was finished. Always remember," he said, "that what you say of yourself amounts to nothing; it is what you do with yourself. The very worst thing that can happen to you is to get conceited."

In conclusion Col. Roosevelt said that education had done much to help toward a removal of the obstacles in the way of the negro advancement as the educated negro was the best possible antiseptic against lawlessness.

Col. Roosevelt dined tonight at the Capital City Club just before he went to the auditorium to address the Southern Commercial Congress. He is due to arrive tomorrow morning at Birmingham, Ala., to address the National Child Labor Conference, leaving this city at midnight.

LAMBERT'S POINT IS ADDED.

Increases Population of Norfolk to 81,500—Court's Action.

Norfolk, Va., March 9.—By action today of the Supreme Court of Appeals, of Virginia, Lambert's Point will tomorrow become the Tenth ward of Norfolk, giving to the city a total population of 81,500 and an additional acreage of 1,138, of which 670 is in high land and 468 is in water. The new territory includes the Lambert's Point terminal property of the Norfolk & Western Railway, which now becomes taxable at the full city rate of $2 per $100.

When Judge Harrison on January 2nd ordered the annexation of Huntersville with 528 acres of land as well as Lambert's Point, the county of Norfolk made no resistance as to the Huntersville annexation, but appealed as to Lambert's Point. The Appellate Court today affirmed the decree of annexation and fixed tomorrow as the date that the new territory should become a part of the city.

SAILORS FOUND DEAD.

Caused by Gas at Hotel at Hoboken Yesterday.

New York, March 9.—Three sailors from the United States armored cruiser Tennessee were found dead from gas in room in the Hotel Washington in Hoboken today. The gas jet in the room was turned on and the gas was pouring from it, but a gas heater in the room was lighted. One of the men was found on the floor fully dressed, but the other two were undressed and in bed when the porter broke into the room.

The men registered as J. C. Wallin, J. Wadsworth and E. B. Bradley. Wallin was about 30 years old, and on the arm of his jacket was a service stripe showing that he had done ten years' duty in the navy. From papers in his pocket it would appear that he had seen service in Manila and China. Wadsworth was about 26 years of age and Bradley 24 years.

PENARTH FINALLY SAILS.

Steamer Held by Libel Gave Bond at Norfolk.

Norfolk, Va., March 9.—The British steamship Penarth, detained here first by refusal of nine of her crew to put to sea because they charged she was overloaded, and then by libel of the ship on the part of the discharged crew for trial of their case in the United States court rather than by a British Naval Maritime Court, today gave bond in the sum of $800 and being released by the marshal, sailed for Aakus, Denmark.

Washington, March 9.—The Comptroller of the Treasury today issued a call for a statement of the condition of National Banks at the close of business on Tuesday, March 7th.

A CORDIAL INVITATION

is extended to the general public to call and receive any information about the Banking business which may be of interest to them. We can teach you in a short time, and it will be a great pleasure to show you the advantage of doing your business through this bank. Come in and ask anything about the banking business which may not be quite clear to you.

The Southern National Bank

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..Theatrical..

Bijou.

The Bijou's bill yesterday was in keeping with the weather. It was bright, snappy and beautiful, and it was wholesome. Large audiences were in attendance and they greatly praised the programme, which presented a really glittering array of what is the very latest and the most costly in the motion picture line. If a person likes comedy and not the dramatic, wants the latter but doesn't especially care for the former, or desires scenes of travel, or to behold the workings of some big industry, thus to gain information, he can generally count on being pleased at the Bijou. Of course, the public in general likes any of these, but is naturally better pleased when it can get a little of each, because "variety is the spice of life." Yet there are a few who like one class. So these few can rest satisfied of finding something to their liking at the Bijou. But in addition to the motion pictures, which are presented by the very latest type of machinery, there are other features, including a new illuserated song every day, rendered by Mr. Frank Banks, a Wilmington boy who has won distinction in this line. He has hundreds of friends and he always gets a hearty greeting.

Grand Theatre.

Last night everybody and his brother was at the "Theatre Beautiful," in fact, every seat was taken most of the time and the large audiences were more than pleased with the excellent bill presented. Knowing that this week would bring many visitors, the management has arranged to put on especially attractive bills. Today's bill is made up of three very fine reels of pictures, a new song by Mr. McAnnallan and a special programme by the Grand Orchestra. "Silver Cloud's Sacrifice" is the title of one of the finest Western pictures ever made. "Nan's Diplomacy," and "The Purgation" are the other offerings and with Mr. McAnnallan's song and the programme by the orchestra it is a most complete and up-to-date offering. Doors open at 11 A. M. with a continuous performance.

The Crystal Palace.

The large attendance of ladies and children at the matinees have justified the management of the Crystal in putting forth the effect which has been expended to give only such performances as will amuse and please both young and old. Mr. Jas. Rose, the eccentric singing and clog dancing artist, is without a doubt one of the few performers who is in a class by himself. Mr. Billy Thompson is a king amongst peers as a character change artist. LaClair and West were at the Crystal some two years ago. They have an entirely new act comprising one of the most laughable comedy acts ever seen in Wilmington. In addition, two reels of motion pictures are shown at each performance.

Joyland.

Today is another big day at the little Market street theatre. From 5:30 to 6 P. M. we will give away three bags of Guths fine candy. Come and see if you will be among the lucky persons. We will also run three of the latest pictures, which will be full of laughable comedy as well as high class drama. A feature will be "The Bridal Trail." Tonight will be amateur night and in connection with the three reels of pictures we will have four of the very best amateur acts. Admission tonight will be 10 cents and the performance will be well worth the money. There will be performances, beginning at 8 and ending at 10 P. M.

CALL ON MEXICAN MINISTER.

Conferences With Senor Limantour in New York Hotel.

New York, March 9.—Senor Jose Limantour, the Mexican minister of finance, continued his conferences on the Mexican situation at his hotel here today and maintained his attitude of optimism that he saw no untoward events foreshadowed in the rush of United States troops to the border.

Henry Lane Wilson, the American ambassador to Mexico, called to pay his respects late this afternoon and left at 6 o'clock this evening for Crawfordsville, Ind., to see his mother who is critically ill. His visit with Senor Limantour he said, had no political significance.

Others who called upon Senor Limantour today were J. P. Morgan, Jr., D. P. Bennett, Vice President of the National Railways of Mexico; Bradley Webster Palmer, of counsel for the National Railways of Mexico; Cecil Grenfell, a member of the British Parliament; Jacob H. Schiff, the banker, and George Nordenholt, a mining engineer, and friends of Vice President Ramon Corrall, of Mexico.

Refering to President Taft's message to President Diaz last night, Mr. Limantour said:

"This communication will, I am sure, be reassuring to my government and should be to my people, who, naturally, have been greatly discouraged by the sensational statements which have been made by the press. I greatly regret the tone of many of the comments made by the press upon the whole matter, and also the number of false rumors which are daily printed about Mexico. It is impossible for me to understand why sensational developments should be expected with the two people whose relations are so well defined as those of Mexico and the United States are and who are living, and for a long time have lived, as such good neighbirs."

MOVE TO FREE STRIPLING.

Formal Application Filed With Prison Commission.

Atlanta, Ga., March 9.—Formal application for a pardon for Edgar Stripling, recently arrested as an escaped murderer at Danville, Va., where he was serving as chief of police under the name of Morris, was filed with the prison commission today by Attorney T. T. Miller, of Columbus, Ga. The application will be argued within the next thirty days. Sentiment in general throughout the State for the release of Stripling, who was captured at Danville, 14 years after he had escaped from the county jail at Columbus.

A Farmer's Wife

How Cardui Helped

We think there is no medicine so suitable for weak, nervous women, as Cardui, the woman's tonic.

It's not so important what we say, but what thousands of ladies say about the virtues of Cardui, as a relief from womanly ailments; and their word is what we ask you to believe.

Mrs. J. M. Shepherd, Durham, N. C., says: "I am a farmer's wife, and have a heap to do. Four months ago, I could not stand on my feet, to do anything much; but I tried Cardui, and it did me more good than all the doctors. Now I do the most of my work. You don't know half how I thank you for the Cardui Home Treatment. I wish that all women who suffer from womanly trouble would treat themselves, as I have."

With such letters arriving every day, who could blame anybody for becoming enthusiastic over the merits of a medicine like Cardui, which has been engaged, for over 50 years, in the work of relieving women's sufferings?

Cardui is a tonic, and especially a tonic for women, because it acts on the womanly organs, and carries strength to the weakest part of the womanly system.

In the last half century, Cardui has benefited so many ladies that its reputation is well-known to most of our readers. Being prepared from perfectly harmless, vegetable ingredients, it is a safe, natural medicine, that you may feel confidence in.

Your trouble may not be dangerous now, but if neglected, may become so. Try Cardui today. Your druggist sells it.

CARDUI The Woman's Tonic H G 12

CRUISERS STEAM TO SEA.

Three Leave New York for South Under Hurried Orders.

New York, March 9.—The three big armored cruisers, which for the past three days have been loading coal, stores and ammunition for a hurried movement to the Gulf of Mexico, weighed anchor at the naval station off Thompkinsville, Staten Island, shortly after 4 o'clock this afternoon steamed out through the Narrows leaving behind them great clouds of smoke and general speculation as to the actual mission on which they are bound.

The Tennessee, flagship of Rear Admiral Sidney A. Staunton, commander of the fifth division of the Atlantic fleet, led the way, followed by the Montana and North Carolina. All are sister ships of 14,000 tons each, with twenty big guns. The vessels are bound for the United States naval base at Guantanamo, Cuba.

Sandiego, Cal., March 9.—Lieutenant Commander Louis C. Richardson, commanding the Pacific torpedo flotilla tonight received orders to be ready to sail at 10 o'clock tonight. These orders were issued soon after the arrival of Rear Admiral Hutch I Cone, the torpedo division.

Facts About Motherhood

The experience of Motherhood is a trying one to most women and marks distinctly an epoch in their lives. Not one woman in a hundred is prepared or understands how to properly care for herself. Of course nearly every woman nowadays has medical treatment at the time of child-birth, but many approach the experience with an organism unfitted for the trial of strength, and when the strain is over her system has received a shock from which it is hard to recover. Following right upon this comes the nervous strain of caring for the child, and a distinct change in the mother results.

There is nothing more charming than a happy and healthy mother of children, and indeed child-birth under right conditions need be no hazard to health or beauty. The unexplainable thing is that, with all the evidence of shattered nerves and broken health resulting from an unprepared condition, women will persist in going blindly to the trial.

It isn't as though the experience came upon them unawares. They have ample time in which to prepare, but they, for the most part, trust to chance and pay the penalty.

In many homes once childless there are now children because of the fact that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound makes women normal, healthy, and strong.

Any woman who would like special advice in regard to this matter is cordially invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. Her letter will be held in strict confidence.

Apinol Shampoo

Removes Dandruff; cleanses the scalp; gives a healthy tone to the hair follicles, and makes the hair soft, glossy and beautiful. Recommended by physicians and hair specialists, and many others who have used it.

25 cents the Can.

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co.

Front and Grace Streets.

GOLDSBORO BRICK WORKS

H. L. GRANT & SON PROPRS.
GOLDSBORO, N. C.
CAPACITY 1,000,000 PER MONTH
HIGHEST QUALITY
PROMPTEST SHIPMENT
WRITE US

SMOKE

Cuban Blossom

CIGARS!

WHY ?

Because It Is the Best Cigar for the Money.

H. L. Vollers

Wholesale Grocer.

GO TO *Crystal Palace*

High Class Vaudeville
Afternoon, 3:30 and 6:30
Night, 8:15 and 9:15

ART PENINSULAR HEATING STOVES

Are Artistic in design, substantially built and economical in consumption of fuel. A complete line to select from.

39

Styles and sizes of othe makes ranging in price fror

$1.25 to $40.00

Be sure to see our line of samples before you buy.

J. W. MURCHISON & CO.

Hardware.

Office Supplies

Yawman & Erbe Vertical Letter Files and Card Index Systems; Moore's Loose Leaf Record Books for all office and factory record keeping systems; Loose Leaf Ledgers and Memo. Books; Typewriter Paper; Ribbons and Carbon Paper. Inks, Pens, Pencils and Pen Holders.

The Fox Visible Typewriter.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET

32 North Front street.

The National Drink—

Premium Scuppernong

Every Bottle Full of Sparkling Sunshine.

Champagne, Port, Sherry, Catawba and other Wines.

Bear's wines are manufactured under perfect sanitary conditions and put up in clean, new bottles.

SOL BEAR & CO.

The Leading Manufacturers of American Pure Wines.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

American National Bank—Cut Loose.
Walter G. MacRae—Notice of Election.
Dr. J. J. McKanna—Three-Day Liquor Cure.
Southern National Bank—Statement of Condition.
American National Bank—Statement of Condition.
St. John's Lodge, A., F. & A. M.—Emergent Communication.

Business Locals.

For Hire—Auto.
For Rent—Part of House.
John H. Whiteman—Wanted.
For Rent—Furnished Rooms.
For Rent—Rooms with Board.
Red X Pressing Club—Boy Wanted.
John L. Roper Lumber Co.—Men Wanted.
W. B. Thorpe & Co.—Draft Horses for Sale.

MAY YET SAVE BIG STEAMER.

Crew Refused to Leave Ship After Night of Terror—Life Savers.

Norfolk, Va., March 9.—After a night of terror to be greeted by a day of sunshine and warmth, the 28 members of the British steamer Manchuria, stranded three miles below Little Island on the Virginia coast, refused to leave the vessel today and from the deck of the ship waved their hands to their eight shipmates, who last night risked their lives in the breeches buoy to reach shore and were nearly drowned by mountain high waves that beat all over them.

With the shifting of the wind the sea today was almost as calm as a mill pond, and the life savers, who last night could hardly stand on their feet because of the mountain high waves that beat down upon them on the beach were able to launch their life boats and went out to the Manchuria to take off the balance of her crew.

Only one man wanted to come ashore and he had been hurt by being thrown about on the ship during last night's storm. From the deck of the big ship Captain Traylor looked down on the men who for hours stood by the ship trying to shoot a life line to the men that their lives might be saved and thanked them with big tears swelling up in his eyes.

"God, you boys are men," was the greeting the life savers got as they came along side: "We do not need you now, but we shall never forget you," the captain shouted. The 28 men lined up along the rail, took off their hats and cheered the life savers as they pulled away with the solitary member of the Manchuria's crew nursing an injured wrist.

The life savers say the Manchuria must be a stout vessel to withstand the pounding she got yesterday and last night. The vessel is taking in a little water in her after peak, where she lost her rudder, but her condition is said to be good. Wreckers say they will save the vessel and expect to float her on the late tide tomorrow when a portion of her cargo of coal is removed.

THE HORRORS IN CHINA.

Gruesome Stories Reach State Department From Shanghai.

Washington, March 9.—More gruesome stories of the horrors of the Chinese famine are reaching the State Department today from the consul general at Shanghai, who sums up conditions at the beginning of February. One traveler reported passing 13 dead bodies in 13 miles on the road. The missionaries tell of the natives eating cakes made of leaves and stems mixed with millet chaff, which they buy with the allowance from the government of three cents a piece. The trees had been stripped of bark, which had been eaten. Dr Cochrane, an American Presbyterian missionary, declared that in the whole afflicted region there were two million starving people. In one village of a hundred families, one-third were dead of hunger and pestilence. Snow was falling and many were without proper shelter or clothing.

The missionaries have attacked the work of relief as one of the greatest system and directness. The families in the Province of Puchow for instance were divided into four classes and enumerated with this result: Those who had plenty numbered 18,995; those who could exist till harvest on what grain they had 209,937; those who had little grain, but would be in need before the end of February, 156,301, and those really destitute in need of immediate relief 197,681.

One thousand dollars raised by the Chinese relief committee of the Chamber of Commerce, of Cincinnati, was cabled to Shanghai, today by the American National Red Cross.

FIREMEN GO ON STRIKE.

Trouble on New Orleans & Texas Pacific — Cause of Action.

Cincinnati, Ohio, March 9.—While firemen of the Cincinnati, New Orleans & Texas Pacific railroad struck at 7 o'clock this afternoon because of a controversy over negro firemen, the strike was in response to an order from a committee of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen. The action was taken by the Union after a conference with T. C. Powell, vice president of the railroad, had failed to result in an agreement.

While the union officers were busy sending out the strike orders, Mr. Powell dictated a telegram to Washington, asking meditation under the Erdman Act. The Union officers refused to join the request for meditation, asserting that their experience had led them to believe that the men would lose rather than gain by such a course.

The strike is due to a dispute as to the status of negro firemen. The Union asserts that the working agreement with the road provides that negroes are ineligibles to any work except in local and slow freight trains and on yard engines. The railroad disputes this and asserts that their negro employes are entitled to promotion on the same term as the white men. About 220 firemen are on the roster of the road.

Americus, Ga., March 9.—Charles Crisp, son of former Speaker Crisp, of the National House of Representatives, today received a telegram from Champ Clark, Speaker-to-be of the House, offering him the place of House parliamentarian and clerk to the Speaker. Judge Crisp immediately accepted the appointment and was instructed to report in Washington on March 21st for duty.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

CROWDS WITNESS AIRSHIP FLIGHTS

(Concluded from Page One.)

ville Beach and Mr. Beachy stated upon his return from the second trip that he had a plain view of Bradley's Creek and the inlet just below Lumina. His machine went almost out of the sight of the spectators before the return was made. He was not so far away, however, that the beauty of the curve made by the machine was not plainly discernible. Returning he circled the grounds one time and then alighted near the point where the start was made. The machine was under perfect control of the aviator at all times and there was no mishap at any time to any of the running gear. On the third and final flight of the afternoon the aviator circled the grounds several times.

Following the final flight the spectators were invited to inspect the machine, which invitation was accepted by a goodly number. They were also permitted to visit the shed, where Mr. McCurdy's machine was being assembled.

The first day of the meet was a great success from every standpoint and the spectators were simply carried away, figuratively, with the exhibition. A great many of those on the grounds yesterday will return again today and tomorrow. Mr. Beachy commented again yesterday upon the splendid track provided for the meet. He says that it is superior to any on which he has ever given an exhibition. He also commented upon the orderly crowd, declaring that the order was the best that he had ever observed on the grounds of an aviation meet. There was no disorder of any kind, nor will any be tolerated. Members of the Boys' Brigade are doing patrol duty on the grounds, besides there are present several officers.

This the Big Day.

In all probability this will be the big day of the meet. Fully 2,000 people are expected on the grounds. There were many visitors here yesterday, almost equal in number to the townspeople on the grounds, but they will come in greater numbers today. Every train to the city this morning is expected to bring a large number of visitors. They will come from every town and community throughout this section. Several hundred were here yesterday and some will remain until the close of the exhibition. The townspeople are expected to turn out in greater numbers today. In fact, more than 1,000 Wilmington people will very likely be on the grounds. Some will go out in automobiles and buggies, while a majority will go on the suburban car line.

Mr. McCurdy Here.

Mr. J. A. D. McCurdy, a pioneer aviator, has arrived and will be seen in flights this afternoon. His machine was delayed in transit and did not arrive until noon yesterday and it was impossible to assemble it in time for exhibitions yesterday afternoon. He is one of the best known aviators in the country and has several records to his credit. He will make two flights this afternoon and the same number will be made by Beachy.

Additional Attraction.

A well known local dry goods firm will pull off a novel advertising scheme on the grounds this afternoon and 25 persons will be benefitted to the extent of $1 each. Among 2,000 tickets there will be 25 each good for $1 in merchandise at the store making the proposition. When Aviator Beachy makes his flight this afternoon he will let loose the 2,000 tickets among the throngs gathered for the meet and those securing the tickets will be entitled to the merchandise. The name of the firm making this proposition will be printed on the back of the tickets distributed. This scheme is a novel one and should serve to increase the crowds.

It was noticed that several hundred people remained outside the grounds yesterday afternoon, thus avoiding the payment of admission price. Of course, the machines may be observed in their flight by those on the outside, but they miss one of the most interesting features—the rising and alighting of the aeroplanes, which can be seen only by those within the enclosure.

RUTHERFORDTON FIRE SWEPT.

Whole Business Section Wiped Out, Entailing Loss of $100,000.

Rutherfordton, N. C., March 9.—Fire which was discovered at 10 o'clock tonight in the Carpenter block, is sweeping the heart of the business section, and is beyond control of the fire department. The loss thus far is $100,000.00.

A Late Story.

Rutherfordton, N. C., March 9.—Fire of unknown origin, which started at 10 o'clock tonight in the Carpenter block, in the heart of the business district, has destroyed a dozen mercantile establishments, the Central hotel, the Baptist and Methodist churches, the Carpenter residence and a livery stable, and is at 1 o'clock this morning not under control. The local fire department was unable to cope with the fire. The walls of the Carpenter block, in falling, demolished a brick building across the street and has started devouring flames in another direction. The loss cannot be estimated at this time.

Attacks School Principal.

A severe attack on school principal Chas. B. Allen, of Sylvania, Ga., is thus told by him. "For more than three years," he writes, "I suffered indescribable torture from rheumatism, liver and stomach trouble and diseased kidneys. All remedies failed till I used Electric Bitters, but four bottles of this wonderful remedy cured me completely." Such results are common. Thousands bless them for curing stomach trouble, female complaints, kidney disorders, biliousness, and for new health and vigor. Try them. Only 50c at R. R. Bellamy's.

ST. JOHN'S LODGE, NO. 1, A., F. & A. M.

Emergent communication this (Friday) evening at 8:15 o'clock for the purpose of conferring the sublime degree of Master Mason.

All members and affiliated Masons are cordially invited to meet with us.

By order of the W. M.

A. S. HOLDEN, Secretary.

WRECK AND RUIN WAS RESULT

Two Terrific Explosions in Wisconsin Town Felt for Fifty Miles—Thought It Earthquake—Number Killed.

Kenosha, Wis., March 9.—With a roar that was heard for 50 miles, a glare that was seen fully as far as with a concussion that broke windows more than 100 miles away, three carloads of dynamite exploded at the plant of the Dupont Company shortly after 9 o'clock tonight in the village of Pleasant Prairie, six miles west of this city.

It will be impossible for many hours to tell accurately the number of the dead. Nearly every house in the village which contains residents has been badly damaged and some of them utterly demolished.

Reports from the country ten miles distant are to the effect that houses, even that far from the explosion, were thrown down.

It is believed increditable that many people have been killed and injured throughout the surrounding country. So far as is known at present, however, but one man, E. S. Thompson, forman of the glaze mill, was killed outright, but Charles Brady, superintendent and Joseph Flint, the engineer, are badly injured and may die.

The cause of the explosion is not known at the present time. The plant which covered 190 acres of ground has been completely wrecked, only one building remaining. This is one of the magazines and it is also filled with dynamite.

The first explosion took one of the magazine buildings and quick in succession four others followed. The explosions following so quickly, however, that it seemed to be but one, the force of the concussion was terrific. Houses, barns, and outbuildings in the immediate neighborhood were swept from their foundations as though struck by a tornado. It has been reported that hundreds of cattle and horses have been killed, a telephone report from there stating that some of them were hurled entirely through barns and residences.

It is reported that the town of Bristol, Wis., ten miles distant was badly wrecked, but details were not obtainable from there at midnight.

Special trains were hastily despatched from Kenosha, carrying every available nurse and physicians. Several of the injured have been received in this city. None of them have sustained more than minor injuries.

The glare fro mthe explosion at Pleasant Prairie was seen in all the northern and western suburbs of Chicago.

The vibration was felt from end to end of the city, and the force of the concussion came with a roar like that of a heavy wind. Windows were broken by the thousands all through the suburbs north of Chicago, and in the business section of the city. The vibration rocked the heaviest granite buildings in Chicago and threw hundreds of guests in the leading hotels into panic.

The shock was felt in Chicago at exactly 8:22 o'clock.

In the new city hall building, which is an enormous granite structure, the force of the vibration was so great that plaster fell from the walls and windows were shattered. A number of scrub women, who were working in the building, fled screaming into the street.

On the northwest side of the city panics occurred in several of the vaudeville theatres, and a number of people were slightly injured.

At the Crystal Theatre, 729 West North avenue, several people in the audience rushed for the doorways and for a time it appeared as though a serious panic would result. One of the actors, however, made a speech from the stage and the performance was finally resumed.

At the Auditorium Hotel windows were blown in, the front doors were dashed open and the loud rattling of the immense iron doors scared many.

At Elgin, Ill., the death of Miss Alice Finch, a dress-maker, was indirectly attributed to the explosion. She heard the report and felt the concussion and jumped to her feet screaming. She was told by a sister that it was an earthquake and fell to the floor, dying in a short time of heart failure, succumbing from fright.

The force of the explosion was so terrific that its effects were distinctly felt at Lemont, Ill., which is fully 70 miles from Pleasant Prairie, and at Michigan City, which is 107 miles fro mthe scene of the disaster.

In Lemont many windows were broken and Senator P. J. Orrell, who was on a street car, was startled by the breaking of several windows in the car, and, rushing to the door, jumped to the ground. He sustained a severely sprained ankle and was carried to a physician's office.

The injuries of Charles Brady and Supt. Joseph Flint, which are expected to prove fatal, were sustained when they were blown entirely through the roof of the Soda building, in which they were working at the time of the first explosion. They were hurled some distance through the air and alighted on top of one of the magazine buildings. From here they fell to the ground just before the powder in this building exploded. Their escape from instant death was little short of a miracle.

In the town of Waukegan the audiences in three theatres fled from the buildings, believing that an earth quake was at hand. A restaurant in which a number of people were dining was badly wrecked, the entire front of it falling into the street. The damage in Waukegan alone showed damage to windows and building was about $5,000. The flame from the explosion was plainly seen at Barrington, Ill., 30 miles from Kenosha and according to those who witnessed it, was about 100 feet high. The vibration from the explosion was felt not only on the land, but at the cribs, four miles out in the lake. It rocked the buildings and for a few seconds it was thought that the lookout tower on the Harrison crib would be thrown into the lake. Several men who were working at the crib were about to put off in boats fearing that the structure would fall into the water.

THINGS are happening fast these days. Only the man *on* time is *in* time. For plenty are waiting to take the tardy man's place. Carry a Waltham and be a Schedule Man.

"It's Time You Owned a Waltham"

Send for Descriptive Booklet
Waltham Watch Co. Waltham, Mass.

WALTHAM WATCH

RIOTS CAUSING TROUBLE.

Troops May Be Ordered Out at Kkishoma City.

Oklahoma City, Okla., March 9.—Governor Cruce tonight ordered three companies of the National Guard, to assemble at their armories and be in readiness to prevent rioting in connection with the local street car strike. The order followed trouble late today when an attempt was made to operate cars on the lines of the Oklahoma railway company after a settlement of the strike had been agreed to by the company and the men.

While there were several fights no one was seriously hurt. The lines have been out of commission since Sunday morning. It is expected that another attempt will be made to operate the cars tomorrow.

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

Advertisements inserted under this head one cent per word for each insertion but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25, one cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge, A. D. T. (Western Union) Messenger to any address in the city for advertisements in this department upon request by 'Phone to No. 51. A. D. T. Messenger will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Co., or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for the telegrams but a small charge for strictly A. D. T. calls or telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams, bills rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service call Western Union, 'Phone No. 2. But for advertisements always call the Star office No. 51. Copy for Business Locals cannot be taken over the telephone but upon request Messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

FOR SALE at a bargain, three good draft horses. W. B. Thorpe & Co. mh10-6t

FOR RENT—First floor modern house. Fine location. Electric lights and bath. Price reasonable to right party. "M.," care Star. mh10-1t*

WANTED—Bright, energetic boy, 15 or 16 years old. Red X Pressing Club, Y. M. C. A. Bldg. mh10-1t*

WANTED—To buy a set of second-hand cart harness. John H. Whiteman. mh10-1t*

AUTO FOR HIRE—'Phone 1032. mh10-6t

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms, 712 Dock street; suitable for couple. References requested; all conveniences. Call at 712 Dock street. mh10-1t

FOR RENT—Large rooms, suitable for gentlemen or couple, by private family; central location; electric lights, telephone; modern bath; finest table. References requested. "Rooms," care Star. mh10-1t*

WANTED—200 men to work in logging operations. Apply to John L. Roper Lumber Co., New Bern, N. C. mh10-6t

TWO NEW Brick Stores and the Clio Hotel, with all furniture and fixtures; a number of vacant lots at Clio, will be sold at auction Friday, March 17th, at 10:30. E. M. Andrews, Manager, Greensboro, N. C. mh9-3t

THE CLIO HOTEL, with all furniture and fixtures, and two new brick stores and a number of vacant lots will be sold at auction Friday, March 17th, at 10:30. E. M. Andrews, Manager, Southern Realty & Auction Co., Greensboro, N. C. mh9-3t

600 ACRES of land—the Nathaniel McNair farm—near Rowland, will be cut into 50-acre tracts and sold at auction on the land April 4th, at 10:30. E. M. Andrews, Manager, Greensboro, N. C. mh9-3t

THE NATHANIEL McNAIR Farm, 600 acres, near Rowland, will be cut into 50-acre tracts and sold at auction on the land April 4th, at 10:30. E. M. Andrews, Manager, Greensboro, N. C. mh9-3t

JUST ARRIVED—New lot horses and mules; good drivers; good farm and general purpose horses; heavy draft mules, 1,000 to 1,200 lbs.; guaranteed sound. James J. Darby, 202 South Front street. mh9-6t

JANITOR WANTED to take care of steam-heated office building. Must be sober and energetic. Send qualifications and references with application to Box 265, City. If application is accepted, will advise applicant. mh9-1t

THE PARTY who took ladies' double-case gold watch and chain out of pocket at the Y. M. C. A. building Tuesday night is known. If not returned to above-named office, legal proceedings will be taken at once. mh9-1t*

LOST—White setter dog with brown ears. Five dollars reward if returned to Mack's Cafe. H. Mack Godwin, Princess, between Front and Water streets. mh8-3t*

LARGE FAT dressed chickens. Fancy beef, pork, lamb and sausage. All kinds of smoked meats. Early Florida and native vegetables. Give us your orders today. We have it all. Oysters. Palace Market Co., 'phone No. 72. mh8-1t

FOR SALE—One pair good mules, two log carts. Can be seen one mile from East Arcadia. Bargain, if sold soon. James Arnette. mh8-4t*

SMITH & LORD Insurance and Real Estate Agents, 120 Princess street. If you wish to insure your property or buy or sell real estate, give us a call, or 'phone us. (No. 706). fe26-tf

WILMINGTON SANITARIUM, Front and Castle streets, a modern institution for the treatment of medical and surgical diseases. Especially equipped for the scientific treatment of asthmatic, catarrhal, kidney, genito-urinary, rectal, rheumatic and skin diseases. Massage. Turkish vapor and hot air baths. Mrs. Eliza McDuffie, superintendent; Charles T. Harper, M. D., medical director. no30-tf

LET US FIGURE on repainting and repairing your old buggies, wagons and automobiles. We can save you money. Wilmington Carriage Works, 1103 Castle street. 'Phone 1019 oct. 23-tf.

THE GILBERT HOUSE combines home comforts with hotel conveniences. Front and Princess streets; junction of all cars. Cars to depot; steam heat, electric lights and hot water. Table equals the best, and rates reasonable. Transient, $1.25 to $1.50 per day. Special rates to regular and table boarders. ja8-tf

FOR RENT—Three to five nice rooms, furnished, in residence section, with telephone and all modern conveniences. Single room, if desired, with or without board. Down town. Address "C," Box 122, Postoffice. mh5-1w

TYPEWRITERS REPAIRED promptly and satisfactorily. Many references. J. T. R., 'phone 625. fe17-tf

UNREDEEMED PLEDGES of solid leather suit cases, hand bags, trunks, watches, jewelry, musical instruments, machines, tools, etc. Uncle Charles, Pawn Shop, 108 Market street. ja15-tf

WANTED—Good sewing machine; will rent for any length of time. Address "C. Y." care Star. mh5-tf

WANTED—To buy feather beds. Cash paid. Address Southern Feather Co., 302 Bladen street. mh2-12t*

DON'T FORGET that there is a sash, door and blind factory at 214 South Front street. Brunswick Wood & Lumber Co.: 'Phone 645. fe11-1mo

A Safe Proposition

When we give you our word regarding a diamond, you can positively rely on it. As experts of lifelong experience and extensive dealings in these gems, we are in every way equipped to give perfect satisfaction in quality, style and cost.

Inspection Invited.

A. O. SCHUSTER
JEWELER
104 North Front Street

fe26-tf

Report of the condition of THE AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK, at Wilmington, in the State of North Carolina, at the close of business, March 7, 1911.

Resources.

Loans and Discounts		$912,346.27
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		993.50
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		250,000.00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds		4,408.79
Bonds, Securities, etc.		10,501.42
Banking house, Furniture and Fixtures		27,650.39
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)		92,237.71
Due from State and Private Banks and Bankers, Trust Companies, and Savings Banks		82,357.88
Due from approved Reserve Agents		92,228.97
Checks and other Cash Items		4,180.24
Notes of other National Banks		3,580.00
Fractional Paper Currency, Nickels and Cents		972.08
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz.:		
Specie	$ 5,896.50	
Legal-tender notes	23,000.00	28,896.50
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		12,500.00
Total		$1,522,862.84

Liabilities.

Capital stock paid in		$250,000.00
Surplus fund		15,000.00
Undivided Profits, less Expenses and Taxes paid		28,271.33
National Bank Notes outstanding		250,000.00
Due to other National Banks	$177,386.06	
Due to State and Private Banks and Bankers	235,118.00	
Individual deposits subject to check	369,765.56	
Time certificates of deposit	47,351.72	
Certified checks	52.47	
Cashier's checks outstanding	1,417.10	831,001.51
Bonds borrowed		50,000.00
Notes and bills rediscounted		98,500.00
Total		$1,522,862.84

State of North Carolina, County of New Hanover, ss.:

I, Thos. E. Cooper, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

THOS. E. COOPER, Cashier.

Correct—Attest:
CUTHBERT MARTIN,
A. G. WARREN,
J. J. HOPKINS,
Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of March, 1911.

W. H. SMITH, Notary Public.

(My Commission expires May 7, 1911.)

All Aviators

All Aviators and Visitors Are Welcome to Our Store. Look Us up Whether You Do Business With Us or Not.

W. B. COOPER
Wholesale Grocer
Wilmington, N. C.

mh8-tf

Cut Loose From Extravagrace

Be a man; a man of wealth; a man of your own making. Stop making bad investments. Keep out of the way of get-rich-quick schemes. Remember, we are in business to help you do more business.

Four Per Cent Paid.
Six Per Cent Charged.

American National Bank
210 N. Front St., Wilmington, N. C.

mh10-tf

GASOLINE

Our Gasoline is more volatile than any Gasoline on the market, containing the Maximum per cent. of Power per gallon. Made from one grade of crude, insuring Uniformity in Quality.

Lubricating Oil

Carolina Cylinder — High Viscosity.
Independent Eng. — Low Cold Test.

Cape Fear Oil Co.

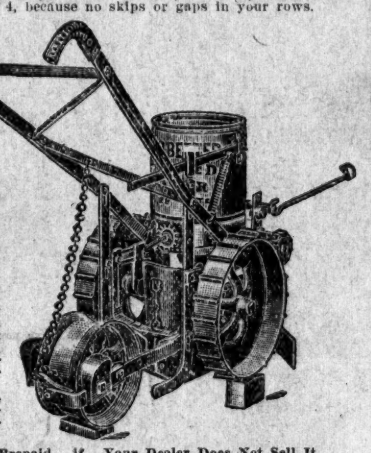
'Phone 873. Wilmington, N. C.

mh5-tf

PLANT COTTON ONE SEED AT A TIME

EQUALLY SPACED — NO SKIPS — NO BUNCHING.

Without preparation of the seed, plant a bushel or more or a peck or less to the acre, one to six inches apart, as you set it, always one seed at a time. Save half the work and time of chopping. Positive force feed means absolute regularity of drop without cracking or crushing seed. Each plant has room to grow though chopping be delayed. Insures early maturity and 5 bales from land you now get only 4, because no skips or gaps in your rows.



The Ledbetter One-Seed Planter.

plants on ridge or in water furrow. Levels the bed, opens furrow, plants seed any depth desired—one at a time, and presses earth over seed, all in one operation. Has flexible hitch rod, so planter always runs true. See every seed as it comes from hopper to spout. Hopper easily removed. Furnished with drag coverer in place of press wheel, if desired. If not at your dealer's, send us $14.00. We pay all freight. Our guarantee of satisfaction or money back protects you.

Write for interesting Free Books showing this and other styles. Write or see your dealer now.

$14.00. Freight Prepaid, if Your Dealer Does Not Sell It

Satisfaction guaranteed or money back promptly. Furnished with plates for planting cotton, corn, sorghum, peas, maize, Kaffir Corn and all similar seed.

N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO.
SELLING AGENTS.

Honnet

This advertisement is printed not with the idea of creating an impression, but to state a fact, which investigation will prove.

The Stock of Silverware spread for inspection in our easily accessible show cases today nearly doubles the amount of wares previously upon our shelves.

The quality, the design, the weight of each piece, large or small, is considered with care, and every customer's wishes are attended to immediately.

Visitors to the City, our Friends here at Home, are most heartily welcome to call and look around, though no immediate purchase is considered.

Honnet
Conservative Progress.

mh5-tf

ANY TIME

This bank will welcome the opening of a saving account! Begin now, save something each week and you will be surprised how quickly a nice sum may be laid away in this bank. It costs you nothing to begin. Systematic saving count; no matter how small; this bank pays interest on your savings.

The Atlantic Trust & Banking Company
(Southern Building, opposite Postoffice.)

Clinchfield Coal

LARGE LUMPS, FREE BURNING, NO CLINKERS, OAK and PINE WOOD. CUT TO SUIT.

BUILDING SUPPLIES

LIME, PLASTER, CEMENT SHINGLES, ETC. WE RESPECTFULLY SOLICIT YOUR ORDERS.

W. B. THORPE & CO.
Phone 789

SECOND SECTION

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

FOUNDED A. D. 1867

PAGES 7 TO 10

VOL. LXXXVII—NO. 145. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 10, 1911. WHOLE NUMBER 13,552.

THE COMMISSION BILL FOR WILMINGTON CITY

Full Text of Measure as Ratified by North Carolina General Assembly—To be Passed Upon by Voters on Next Wednesday at the Polls

The following is the full text of the act ratified by the North Carolina General Assembly on March 3rd, providing for a commission form of government for the City of Wilmington, provided the same is adopted by the people at the polls at an election which is called to be held on next Wednesday. The act is published for the information of voters and will be read with interest throughout the city;

An Act to Amend the Charter of the City of Wilmington.

The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:

Section 1. All laws, by-laws, ordinances and resolutions lawfully passed and in force in the city of Wilmington under its former organization shall remain in force until altered or repealed by the Council provided for under the provisions of this act. The territorial limits shall remain the same, and all rights and property of every description, which were invested in said city prior to the passage of this act shall rest therein under the organization herein contemplated; and no right or liability, either in favor of or against it, existing at the time, and no suit or prosecution of any kind, shall be affected by such change unless otherwise provided for in this act.

Section 2. That so much of chapter one hundred and forty-three (143) of the Public Laws of North Carolina, for the year 1877, as appoints the Board of Audit and Finance, a chairman of the Sinking Fund for the city of Wilmington, and a Clerk to the said Board of Audit and Finance, is hereby repealed; that so much of chapter two hundred and forty-four (244) of the Private Laws of North Carolina of 1907 as appoints a Street Commission, is hereby repealed; that so much of Chapter two hundred and fifty-one (251) of the Private Laws of 1909, as provides for a Police and Fire Commission, is hereby repealed; and so much of Chapter one hundred and thirty-eight (138) of the Private Laws of one thousand nine hundred and seven, and acts amendatory thereof, as appoints three library trustees, is hereby repealed. And the powers, duties and privileges conferred upon said Board of Audit and Finance, upon the clerk thereof, upon the chairman of the Sinking Fund, upon the Street Commission, upon the Water and Sewerage Commission, and upon the Police and Fire Commission, shall devolve upon and be conferred upon the Council hereinafter provided for, except as altered or repealed by this act. And the power heretofore conferred upon said Board and said Commissioners to issue and sell bonds is hereby expressly conferred upon the said Council provided for in this act.

Section 3. The City of Wilmington shall be governed by a Council consisting of five (5) members, each of whom shall have the right to vote upon all questions coming before the Council, except the Councilman who shall be Mayor, who in all cases may exercise his right to vote, or he may reserve the right until there is a tie, but in no case shall he be allowed to vote twice on the same question. Three members of the Council shall constitute a quorum, and the affirmative vote of three members shall be necessary to adopt any motion, resolution or ordinance, or pass any measure, unless a greater number is required in this act. Upon every vote the "yeas" and "nayes" shall be called and recorded, and every motion, resolution or ordinance shall be reduced to writing and read before the vote is taken thereon. The Mayor shall preside at all meetings of the Council, unless otherwise provided herein; he shall have no power to veto any measure, but every resolution or ordinance passed by the Council must be signed by the Mayor or by two Councilmen, and be recorded, before the same shall be in force.

Section 4. The Council shall have and possess, and the Council and its members shall exercise, all executive, legislative and judicial powers and duties now had—(but the power, authority and duties conferred upon the Recorder's court by Chapter three hundred and ninety-eight (398) of the Public Laws of North Carolina of 1909 shall not be affected by this act—possessed and exercised by the Mayor, the Board of Aldermen, Board of Audit and Finance, the Water and Sewerage Commission, Street Commission, the Police and Fire Commission, and all other executive and adminstrative officers and offices of the said City of Wilmington; together with all such powers and duties as are conferred by Chapter seventy-three (73) of the Revisal of North Carolina of 1905, upon cities and towns and which are not repugnant to this act.

The executive and administrative powers, authority and duties of the City of Wilmington shall be distributed into and among five departments, as follows:

1. Department of Public Affairs.
2. Department of Accounts and Finance.
3. Department of Public Safety.
4. Department of Streets, Wharves and Public Improvements.
5. Department of Water and Sewerage.

The Council shall determine the powers and duties to be performed by each department and assign them to the appropriate department, unless otherwise provided in this act; shall assign particular officers and employes to one or more departments, unless otherwise provided in this act; may require an officer or employe to perform duties in two or more departments, and may make such other rules and regulartions as may be necessary or proper for the efficient and economical conduct of the business of the city, not inconsistent with this act. The Council has and shall exercise all legislative and administrative powers, functions and duties now had and possessed by the City of Wilmington or its officers. It shall make all orders for doing of work or the making or construction of improvements, bridges or buildings. It shall levy all taxes, apportion and appropriate all funds, and audit and allow all bills, accounts, payrolls and claims, and order payment thereof, which payment shall be made upon voucher or check signed by one Councilman and one other officer as the Council shall designate. It shall make all assessments for the cost of street improvements, sidewalks, sewers and all other works, improvements or repairs, which may be especially assessed against property under the powers now possessed. It shall make or authorize the making of all contracts, and no contract shall bind or be obligatory upon the city unless either made by ordinance or resolution adopted by the Council or reduced to writing and approved by the Council, or expressly authorized by ordinance or resolution adopted by the Council. All contracts and all ordinances and resolutions making contracts or authorizing the making of contracts, shall be drawn by the City Attorney, or approved by him before the same are made or passed. All Councilmen at the heads of departments and all officers, shall be agents of the Council only, and their acts shall be subject to review and to approval, disapproval or revocation by the Council. Every head of department or other officer shall from time to time as required by law or ordinance, or when requested by the Council, or whenever he shall deem necessary for the good of the public service, report to the Council in writing, respecting the business of his department or office, or matters connected therewith.

The Council may by ordinance or resolution, assign to a Councilman in charge of a department, officer or employe, duties in respect to the business of any other department, office or employment, and such service be rendered without additional compensation.

The Council shall have the power to enforce the attendance of witnesses, the production of books and papers, and the power to administer oaths, in the same manner and with like effect, and under the same penalties, as in the case of Magistrates exercising criminal or civil jurisdiction under the statutes of North Carolina, in all matters it may desire to investigate.

Section 5. The Mayor shall be Councilman in charge of the Department of Public Affairs, and the Council shall, at the first regular meeting after the first election of its members, and after all future elections of the same, designate by a majority vote, one Councilman to be in charge of the department of public safety, one to be in charge of the department of streets, wharves and public improvements, one to be in charge of the Department of Accounts and Finance; and one to be in charge of the Department of Water and Sewerage; but such designations shall be changed whenever it appears that the public service would be benefitted thereby.

(a) **Department of Public Affairs:** The Mayor shall be the Councilman in charge of the Department of Public Affairs. He shall have and exercise all powers and perform all duties provided or prescribed by law or the ordinances of the city not in conflict with the provisions of this act. He shall have general supervision and oversight over all departments and offices in the city. He shall be the chief executive officer and representative of the city, and shall have charge of and cause to be prepared and published, all statements and reports required by law or ordinance or by resolution of the Council. He shall be chairman of the Local Board of Health. All notices of quarantine and release must bear his signature.

The City Attorney, City Stenograpaer, City Library and Library Building Trustees, the Civil Service Commission, and all other officers and functionaries not by law or ordinance distributed and assigned to some other department are distributed and assigned to the Department of Public Affairs.

(b) **Department of Accounts and Finance:**—The Councilman assigned to the Department of Accounts and Finance shall have charge of and supervision over all accounts and records of the city, and all officers, boards or departments required to keep or make accounts, records or reports. He shall inspect or cause to be inspected, all records or accounts required to be kept in any of the offices of the departments of the city, and shall cause proper accounts and records to be kept and proper reports to be made. He shall audit or cause to be audited, at frequent intervals the accounts of every officer or employe who does or may receive or distribute money. He shall have charge of the purchase, care and distribution of supplies and other articles not otherwise provided to be otherwise purchased, cared for and distributed. He shall have charge and supervision over all printing by or for the city, unless otherwise provided by law. He shall examine or cause to be examined, and report to the Council, upon all bills, accounts, pay rolls and claims, before they are acted upon or allowed, unless otherwise provided by law.

He shall procure from all persons and corporations operating public service utilities in the city, such reports as they are by law or ordinance or otherwise, required to make, to the city or any of its officers, and procure copies of such reports as are made to the State, or any public officer or department; and shall collect or cause to be collected, all license fees, franchise taxes, rentals or other money, which may be due or become due to the city. He shall report to the Council any failure to make reports or to pay monies due to the city, with such recommendations in relation thereto as he may deem proper.

The Clerk and Treasurer and Collector, License Collector, and their respective offices, and all employes therein, and all bookkeepers and accountants, are distributed and assigned to the Department of Accounts and Finance, and shall be under the supervision and direction of the Councilman in charge thereof.

(c) **Department of Public Safety:**—The Councilman assigned to the Department of Public Safety shall have charge of the Chief of Police and the Police Department and all policemen, officers and employes therein, all police stations, property and apparatus used in said Police Department; the Chief of the Fire Department and the Fire Department, and all firemen, officers and employes therein, and all fire stations, property and apparatus used in said Fire Department, the fire and police alarm systems, and all property and apparatus belonging thereto. He shall have supervision over all surface closets. The City Physician, Board of Health, health officers, and all officers and employes in their respective offices, or in the Health Department of the city, and all building, property and apparatus belonging to or used in said departments and offices, the plumbing inspector, city electrician, and their offices, and all property and apparatus used therein, are all distributed and assigned to the Department of Public Safety. The Councilman in charge shall have supervision of the construction and repair of all buildings assigned to his department, and may on application receive assistance in his department from other offices and departments of the city.

(d) **Department of Streets, Wharves and Public Improvements:**—The Councilman assigned to the Department of Streets, Wharves and Public Improvements shall take charge of all public works, the cleaning of streets and public places, the removal and disposal of garbage, the entire erection, making and reconstruction of all street improvements, sidewalks, bridges, viaducts, wharves, public buildings and other improvements, and of the repair thereof, when not otherwise assigned. He shall approve the estimates of the City Engineer which may be made from time to time of the cost of such work, as the same progresses, and accept any building erected, work done or improvement made when completed according to contract, and perform such other duties as may be provided by ordinance or resolution. He shall have control, management and direction of the lighting of streets and alleys and of public buildings and grounds, not otherwise assigned, and of all lamps, lights, lighting material, and persons charged with the care thereof. He shall have charge of the enforcement of the provisions of law or ordinances relating to Billboards. He shall have supervision of all public dumping grounds and dumps. He shall have supervision over all persons or corporations rendering services to the city under any franchise, contract or grant by the City or State, and shall report to the Council or other proper officers any failure of said person or corporation to render a service or to observe the requirements or conditions of the franchise, contract or grant.

The City Engineer and his department and the employes therein, the Street Superintendent, and all other officers and employes in connection with the work of this Department, are distributed and assigned to the Department of Streets, Wharves and Public Improvements, and shall be under the supervision of the Councilman thereof.

(e) **Department of Water and Sewage:**—The Councilman assigned to the Department of Water and Sewerage shall have charge of the watersheds and sources from which the city takes its supply of water, pumping stations, pipe lines, filtering plant,

(Continued on Page Eight.)

DR. J. J. McKANNA
The Original "Water Wagon" Man

DR. J. J. McKANNA
Discovrer of the 3-Day Liquor Cure Which Bears His Name.

THE only man in the World who takes classes of one hundred or more drinking men and treats them and cures them. Dr. McKanna treated 125 men here five years ago at the Baptist Church. Many of the old patients of that class still live in Wilmington and cannot say too much of Dr. McKanna's great work.

Dr. McKanna will be here at the Orton Hotel for several days, having come here to treat a class privately.

Ask anyone of his work.

Come and see him; it will cost you nothing to talk to him Address or call

DR. McKANNA

Call at Orton Hotel Home Office: Reidsville, N. C.

THE COMMISSION BILL FOR WILMINGTON CITY

(Continued From Page 7.)

and all other things connected with or incident to the proper supply of water for the city of Wilmington; he shall have supervision and control over all buildings, grounds and apparatus connected therewith and incident to the furnishing of water for the city; he shall have charge of the erection of water tanks and laying of water lines and the operation thereof; and he shall exercise supervision and control over all assistants and employes connected with said Department, except as otherwise provided in this act.

Said Councilman shall have control and supervision over the sewer system of the city, now or hereafter to be constructed or acquired; he shall have charge of the construction, maintenance and operation of the sewerage plant, and all property and apparatus connected therewith; and he shall exercise supervision and control over all officers, assistants and employes connected with said works and with said Department, except as otherwise provided in this act.

(f) The Council shall, at the first meeting and at the first meeting after its election hereunder, or as soon thereafter as practicable, elect by majority vote a clerk and treasurer, who shall be clerk to the council, a collector, a city attorney, chief of police, chief of fire department, who shall be building inspector, city engineer, superintendent of streets, three (3) public library trustees, and such other officers and assistants as shall be provided for by ordinance and necessary to the proper and efficient conduct of the affairs of the city. Any officer or assistant elected or appointed by the Council may be removed from office at any time by a vote of the majority of the members of the Council, except as otherwise provided for this act.

That all the funds of the City of Wilmington shall be ratably and equitably apportioned and deposited with all banks of the City of Wilmington in such proportion as the capital stock of each of said banks shall bear to the total capital stock of all of the banks in said city, on an equal interest basis of not less than four per cent. per annum; provided, however, that the said Council, before depositing money in any bank, shall determine that the said bank is solvent and responsible, and shall require as a condition precedent in making said deposit, good and sufficient bond with surety from said banks in amounts satisfactory to the said Council, or good and sufficient collateral to indemnify said Council and city from any and all loss of funds deposited in said banks; and, provided, further, that any banks failing or refusing to furnish such bonds, or to give such good and sufficient collateral as may be required, or to pay said interest, or decline or refuse to accept its proposition of said funds on deposit, shall forfeit all right to said deposits, and its proportion of such deposits shall be deposited in the manner set forth above among the banks complying with the provisions of this act.

Section 6. The Council shall have power from time to time to create, fill and discontinue offices and employments, other than herein prescribed, according to their judgment of the needs of the city, and may by a majority vote of all the members, remove any such officer or employee, except as otherwise provided in this act, and may by resolution or otherwise prescribe, limit or change the compensation of such officers or employes.

Section 7. The regular meetings of the Council shall be held on the first Monday after its induction into office under this act, and thereafter at least once a week, or oftener, if necessary; and likewise after all future elections of the Council and inductions into office. The Council shall provide by ordinance for the time of holding regular meetings, and special meetings may be called from time to time by the Mayor or two Councilmen. All meetings of the Council, whether regular or special, at which any person not a city officer is admitted, shall be open to the public. The Mayor shall be president of the Council, and preside at its meetings. The Councilman in charge of the Department of Accounts and Finance shall be vice-president of the Council, and in case of vacancy in the office of Mayor, or the absence or inability of the Mayor, shall perform the duties of Mayor.

Section 8. Every ordinance or resolution appropriating money or ordering any street improvement or sewer, or making or authorizing the making of any contract or grant providing for or granting any franchise or right to occupy or use the streets, highways, bridges or public places in the city, for any purpose, shall be complete in the form in which it is finally passed, and remain on file with the City Clerk for public inspection, at least one week before the final passage or adoption thereof. No franchise or right to occupy or use the streets, highways bridges or public places in the city shall be granted, renewed or extended, except by ordinance, and every franchise or grant for inter-urban railway or street railway, gas, electric or water works, electric light or power plants, telegraph or telephone systems, or other public service utilities within said city, must be authorized or approved by a majority of the electors voting thereon at a general or special election.

Section 9. (a) No officer or employe elected or appointed shall be interested directly or indirectly in any contract or job for work or material, or the profits thereof, or services to be furnished or performed for the city; and no such officer or employe shall be interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract or job for work or material, or the profits thereof, or services to be furnished or performed, for any person, firm or corporation operating interurban railways, street railways, gas or electric works, water works, electric lights, power plant, telegraph or telephone lines or exchanges, sewer plants or systems, or other public service utilities within the territorial limits of the city. No such officer or employe of the city shall accept or receive, directly or indirectly, from any person, firm or corporation, operating within the territorial limits of the city any interurban railways, street railways, gas or electric works, water works, sewerage plant or system, electric light or power plants, telegraph or telephone lines or exchanges, or other business using or operating under a public franchise any frank, free ticket or free service, or accept or receive, directly or indirectly, from any such person, firm or corporation, any other service upon terms more favorable than is granted to the public generally. Such prohibition of free transportation shall not apply to policemen and firemen in uniform. Any violation of the provisions of this sub-section shall be a misdemeanor and every such contract or agreement shall be void.

(b) Any officer or employe of the city who, by solicitation or otherwise shall exert his influence, directly or indirectly, to cause other officers or employees of the city of Wilmington to adopt his political views, or to favor any particular person or candidate for office, or who shall in any manner contribute money, labor or other valuable to any person for election purposes, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding $300, or imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding thirty days.

Section 10. Each Councilman shall file with the City Clerk monthly, or oftener if the Council shall request it or the Councilman shall deem it necessary for the good of his Department, an itemized statement showing all receipts and disbursements in his department, together with a summary of all his official acts and doings during the preceding month.

At the end of each fiscal year the Council shall cause to be made, by competent accountants, a full and complete examination of all books and accounts of the city, and shall publish the results in pamphlet form. Copies of such publication shall be delivered to the City Library, the State Library, the Secretary of State of North Carolina, the daily newspapers of the city, and there shall be filed with the City Clerk and Treasurer a reasonable number of copies to be distributed to the public upon request therefor.

Section 11. If, at the beginning of the term of office of the first Council provided for under the provisions of this act, the appropriations for the expenditures of the city government for the current fiscal year have been made, said Council shall have power by ordinance, to revise, to repeal, or to change said appropriations and to make additional appropriations.

Section 12. That on the fifteenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, there shall be an election held in the city of Wilmington, under the election laws then in force, at which all qualified electors shall be entitled to vote, at which time the people shall determine whether they desire to adopt this bill; and if a majority of the votes cast be in favor of the bill then it shall be a law and a primary election shall be held in accordance with the provisions of the law for the purpose of nominating the officers herein named.

Section 13. Each councilman shall receive a salary of not less than eight hundred dollars nor more than nineteen hundred dollars, payable in equal monthly installments, which shall be the sole compensation for the performance of all the duties provided in this act: Provided, the Council may by a majority vote prescribe the amount of salary the members thereof shall receive within the amount named.

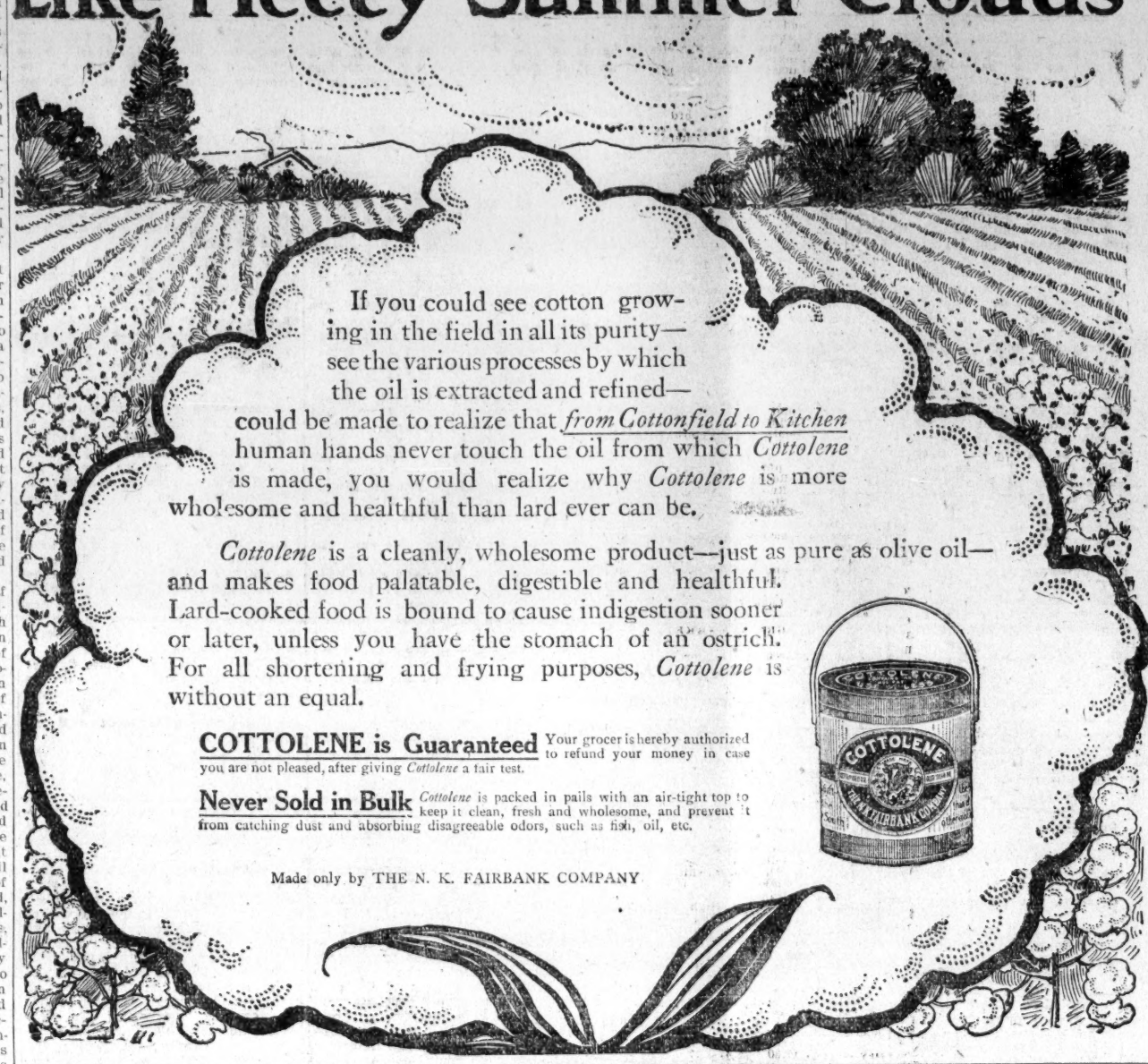
Every other officer, assistant and employe shall receive such salary or compensation as the Council shall by ordinance prescribe.

Section 14. On the first of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, and on the first Monday in May every two years thereafter, there shall be held a municipal election in the city of Wilmington, for the purpose of electing five Councilmen for said city. The Councilmen shall be nominated and elected by the qualified voters of the city, but no two or more of said Councilmen shall be elected from one ward, and each of said Councilmen must be a qualified voter of some ward of the city.

The candidate for Councilman receiving the highest number of votes

(Continued on Page 10.)

Cottolene
Like Fleecy Summer Clouds



If you could see cotton growing in the field in all its purity—see the various processes by which the oil is extracted and refined—could be made to realize that *from Cottonfield to Kitchen* human hands never touch the oil from which *Cottolene* is made, you would realize why *Cottolene* is more wholesome and healthful than lard ever can be.

Cottolene is a cleanly, wholesome product—just as pure as olive oil—and makes food palatable, digestible and healthful. Lard-cooked food is bound to cause indigestion sooner or later, unless you have the stomach of an ostrich. For all shortening and frying purposes, *Cottolene* is without an equal.

COTTOLENE is Guaranteed Your grocer is hereby authorized to refund your money in case you are not pleased, after giving *Cottolene* a fair test.

Never Sold in Bulk *Cottolene* is packed in pails with an air-tight top to keep it clean, fresh and wholesome, and prevent it from catching dust and absorbing disagreeable odors, such as fish, oil, etc.

Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST ROUTE TO

NORFOLK

via

WILSON, GOLDSBORO or NEW BERN and

Norfolk Southern

PULLMAN SERVICE.

Lv. Wilmington, A. C. L.	* 7:00 p. m.
Ar. Goldsboro, A. C. L.	10:05 p. m.
Ar. Wilson, A. C. L.	11:00 p. m.
Lv. Wilmington, A.C.L.	5:50am. *3:25pm
Ar. New Bern, A.C.L.	9:15am 6:50pm
Lv. Goldsboro, N.S.R.R.	*7:15am*10:15pm
Lv. New Bern, N.S.R.R	9:30am 12:30am
Lv. Wilson, N.S.R.R.	*8:20am*11:30pm
Lv. Washington, N.S.R.R	10:50am 2:20am
Ar. Norfolk, N.S.R.R	3:35pm 8:00am

SOUTH BOUND.

Lv. Norfolk, N.S.R.R	9:00 p. m.
Ar. Goldsboro, N.S.R.R.	6:20 a. m.
Ar. Wilson, N.S.R.R.	5:05 a. m.
Ar. Wilmington	9:45 a. m.

* Daily. ! Daily Except Sunday.

For reservations, address W. J. Williams, T. A., Wilson; F. W. Tatem, G. A., Goldsboro; T. M. Bennett, T. A., New Bern.

W. W. CROXTON,
G. P. A., Norfolk, Va.

Keep Your Profits

Save those sneezing, swollen-headed fowls by placing in the drinking water

Conkey's ROUP CURE

It kills the germ. Prices 50c and $1

CONKEY'S BOOK ON POULTRY free if you call or send 4c postage. For sale by

R. W. MONTGOMERY & CO.
'Phone 461.
Wilmington, North Carolina.

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Will give prompt attention to all matters committed to his care.

DAVID'S

WATCH the clothes-game in this town; notice the fellows who look like winners; you'll find a lot of them wearing

OUR MADE TO ORDER CLOTHES AND

Hart Schaffner & Marx

clothes. You may not think it's easy to be a winner; but we'll show you how easy it is to look like one.

Suits $18 and more.
Spring Samples Now on Display.

The A. David Co.

This Store is the Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes.
John B. Stetson Hats and Manhattan Shirts.

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To Reduce Stock

of certain lines in which we have a larger quantity than we care to carry this season, we will sell at a sacrifice for cash, for the next few days.

High grade Iron Beds, Brass Beds, solid Mahogany Dressers, Washstands, Chiffoniers, B. E. Maple Dressers and Chiffoniers, Ladies' Desks, Buffets, Trunks (more than 100 to select from), pictures, Rugs (all sizes Brussell, elvet and Axminster), genuine Mahogany Rockers, Reed Rockers nad Chairs, Imported China Dinner Sets, Toilet Sets. The largest and prettiest collection of Quartered Oak Dressers and Chiffoniers ever seen in Wilmington.

A few Coal Heating Stoves at Cost.

The Wilmington Furniture Co.

Wilmington, N. C.

Garrell Building. 126-128 Princess St.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

These time tables are corrected to Jan. 10, 1911, but their correctness nor the arrivals and departures are not guaranteed, the figures being given as the best available information as to schedules of this company and its connections.

42	48	*Daily.	49	41
*7 00pm	*8 40am	Lv. WILMINGTON Ar.	6 15pm	9 45am
10 05pm	11 43am	Ar. Goldsboro Lv.	2 59pm	6 40am
11 00pm	12 43pm	Ar Wilson Lv.	1 52pm	5 49am
11 45pm	1 18pm	Ar. Rocky Mount Lv.	12 58pm	5 05am
3 15am	4 55pm	Ar. Weldon Lv.	11 30am	3 25am
4 00am	7 45pm	Ar. Petersburg Lv.	9 13am	1 36am
4 40am	8 00pm	Ar. Richmond Lv.	8 15am	1 00am
8 00ar	11 50pm	Ar. Washington Lv.	4 20am	9 40pm
9 16am	1 15am	Ar. Baltimore Lv.	2 50am	8 20pm
11 35am	3 40am	Ar. West Philadelphia Lv.	12 19am	5 44pm
1 31pm	5 40am	Ar. Manhattan Tr. (a) Lv.	9 50pm	3 58pm
1 50pm	6 00am	Ar NEW YORK Lv. (7th Ave. & 32nd St.)	*9 30pm	*3 38pm

(a)—Connections made at Manhattan Transfer with trains to and from Jersey City and thence with Desbrosses or Cortlandt street ferries and with Hudson River Terminal tubes to and from lower New York City.

(b) Sleeper arriving New York 6.00 A. M., may be occupied until 7.30 A. M.

48 and 49—Pullman parlor cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman service.

42 and 41—Pullman Broiler buffet sleeping cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains with Pullman service.

42	48	*Daily.	49	41
*7 00am	*8 40am	Lv. WILMINGTON Ar.	6 15pm	9 45am
11 45pm	1 18pm	Ar. Rocky Mount Lv.	12 58pm	5 05am
3 30am	1 20pm	Lv. Rocky Mount Ar.	12 55pm	10 35pm
4 13am	2 05pm	Ar. Tarboro Lv.	12 18pm	9 58pm
8 00am	5 55pm	Ar. NORFOLK Lv.	*8 15am	*620pm

42 and 41—Pullman Broiler buffet sleeping cars, Wilmington and Norfolk.
42 and 49—Pullman Parlor and Dining car, Wilmington and Norfolk.

55	51	*Daily.	50	54
*3 15pm	*5 45am	Lv. WILMINGTON Ar.	11 40pm	1 40pm
7 25pm	9 30am	Ar. Florence Lv.	8 00pm	9 30am
11 20pm	12 50pm	Ar. Charleston Lv.	4 37pm	5 25am
2 25am	3 25pm	Ar Savannah Lv.	12 05pm	12 25am
11 55am	2 20am	Ar. Albany Lv.	1 25am	1 55pm
9 40am	1 45am	Ar. Thomasville Lv.	2 05am	2 05pm
5 50pm	8 50am	Ar. Montgomery Lv.	6 50pm	6 05am
7 15am	8 00pm	Ar. JACKSONVILLE Lv.	7 30am	7 55pm
2 05pm	2 10am	Ar. Sanford, Fla. Lv.	1 35am	2 55pm
7 00pm	7 00am	Ar. TAMPA Lv.	9 00pm	10 30am
9 10pm	8 20am	Ar. ST. PETERSBURG Lv.	8 05pm	6 30am
10 20pm	1 05pm	Ar. FORT MYERS Lv.	*3 00pm	*6 45am

ALL TRAINS CARRY PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS—Sleeper arriving Wilmington on No. 50 at 11:40 P. M., may be occupied until 7:00 A. M., and sleeper leaving Wilmington on No. 51 at 5:45 A. M. will be open to receive passengers at 10:00 P. M., the previous night. Seat fares sold in Pullman cars to and from Wilmington.

55	51	*Daily.	32-50	54
*3 15pm	*5 45am	Lv. WILMINGTON Ar.	11 40pm	1 40pm
7 25pm	9 30am	Ar. Florence Lv.	8 00pm	9 30am
9 25pm	11 25am	Ar. Sumter Lv.	5 55pm	7 35am
11 10pm	12 55pm	Ar. COLUMBIA Lv.	4 10pm	6 00am
9 25am		Ar. AUGUSTA Lv.	2 30pm	
11 50pm	1 10pm	Lv. COLUMBIA, Sou. Ry. Ar	2 30pm	4 40am
5 30am	7 40pm	Ar. Saluda Sou. Ry. Lv.	8 45am	10 25pm
6 00am	8 15pm	Ar. Hendersonville Sou. Ry Lv.	8 05am	9 50pm
7 00am	9 15pm	Ar. ASHEVILLE Sou. Ry. Lv.	7 00am	8 50pm
7 20pm		Ar. Knoxville Sou. Ry. Lv.	*1 35am	8 30am
11 05am		Ar. Louisville Sou. Ry. Lv.		7 40am
8 00am		Ar. CINCINNATI Q. & C. Lv.		*8 10pm

51—SLEEPING CAR Wilmington to Columbia.

55—SLEEPING CARS, Wilmington to Columbia.

54—SLEEPING CARS, Columbia to Wilmington. Sleeper from Columbia open to receive passengers at 10 P. M.

50—SLEEPING CAR Columbia to Wilmington.

Sleeping cars arriving Wilmington 11:40 P. M. and Columbia 11:15 P. M. may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.

Sleeping cars leaving Wilmington 5.45 A. M. and Columbia 6.00 A. M., will be open to receive passengers at 10.00 P. M.

Seat fares sold in all Pullman cars to and from Wilmington and Columbia.

57	51	55	*Dly.	Dly. Ex. Sun.	xSun. only	54	50	58
7 30pm	*5 45am	*3 15pm	Lv.	WILMINGTON	Ar.	1 40pm	11 50pm	8 30am
9 15pm	7 28am	5 00pm	Ar.	CHADBOURN	Lv.	*11 40am	9 58pm	6 25am
10 10pm	11 50am	x5 15pm	Lv.	CHADBOURN	Ar.	7 10am	5 00pm	6 15am
11 45pm.	1 30pm	6 45pm	Ar.	CONWAY	Lv.	x5 40am	13 30pm	14 30am

59	53	* Daily.	!Daily ex. Sun	60	52
6 30pm	*8 45am	Lv. WILMINGTON	Ar.	10 15am	8 05pm
9 45pm	11 45am	Ar. Fayetteville	Lv.	7 10am	4 50pm
9 45pm	12 10pm	Lv. Fayetteville	Ar.	6 25am	4 45pm
11 10pm	1 40pm	Ar. SANFORD	Lv.	5 00am	*3 30pm

62	64	*Daily. !Daily Except Sunday.	63	65
*3 25pm	5 50am	Lv. WILMINGTON Ar.	12 50pm	6 50pm
5 22pm	7 42am	Ar. Jacksonville, N. C. Lv.	10 55am	4 55pm
6 44pm	9 05am	Ar. Mor. & Son. Junction Lv.	9 35am	3 35pm
6 50pm	9 10am	Ar. NEWBERN, N. C. Lv.	*9 30am	13 30pm

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect Tuesday, Feb. 23rd, 1911.

TO THE BEACH

WEEK DAYS.

Leave Front and Princess:	Leave Lumina:
6:50 A. M.	7:45 A. M.
8:30	9:15
10:00	10:45
11:30	12:15 P. M.
1:00 P. M.	1:45
3:00	3:45
4:30	5:25
7:10	7:50
8:30	9:15

SUNDAYS.

8:30 A. M.	9:15 A. M.
9:30	10:15
10:00	10:45
11:30	12:15 P. M.
1:00 P. M.	1:45
2:00	2:45
and every half hour until	and every half hour until
5:30	5:45
6:10	6:25
7:10	6:50
8:30	7:50
	9:15

WRIGHTSVILLE.

Leave Wilmington, for Wrightsville:
Week Days—6:50, 8:00, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M.; 1:00, 3:00, 4:30, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00, 11:00 P. M.
Sundays—8:30, 9:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M.; 1:00, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00 and 11:00 P. M.

Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington:
Week Days—6:20, 7:30, 7:55, 8:25, 9:25, 10:55 A. M.; 12:25, 1:55, 2:55, 5:25, 6:00, 6:35, 8:00, 9:25, 10:30, 11:30 P. M.
Sundays—9:25, 10:25, 10:55 A. M., 12:25, 1:55, 2:55, 3:25, 3:55, 4:25, 4:55, 5:25, 5:55, 6:33, 7:00, 8:00, 9:25, 10:30, 11:30 P. M.

GOLF LINKS.

Leave Wilmington for Golf Links:
Week Days—6:50, 8:00, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M.; 1:00, 2:30, 3:00, 4:30, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00, 11:00.
Leave Golf Links for Wilmington:
Week Days—6:35, 7:45, 8:15, 8:45, 9:45, 11:15 A. M.; 12:45, 2:15, 2:45, 4:15, 5:15, 5:55, 6:55, 8:15, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45.

FREIGHT.

Daily, Except Sunday.

Leave 9th and Orange: 3 P. M. Leave Beach: 5:15 P. M.

Freight depot open daily except Sunday, from 2 to 3 P. M.

SEABOARD

Air Line Railway

SCHEDULE

Apply at Union Depot Ticket Office, 'Phone 1294, or Office of Commercial Agent, Orton Hotel, 'Phone 179.

Trains leave Wilmington, Effective Nov. 6th, 1910.

NO. 45—5:00 A. M.—For Hamlet and intermediate points to Charlotte, connects at Hamlet with No. 66, for Raleigh and points North.

No. 39—3:40 P. M.—For Charlotte, connecting at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Jacksonville, Norfolk, New York and trains in all directions. Arrive Hamlet, 7:40 P. M.; leave Hamlet, 8:00 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 10:50 P. M.

Trains Arrive at Wilmington:
No 40—12:20 P. M.—From Charlotte.
No. 44—11:59 P. M.—From Charlotte and intermediate points.
No. 45 connects at Hamlet with No. 66 for all points North; at Monroe, with No. 53, for Atlanta.
No. 39 connects at Hamlet with No. 41, for Atlanta, Birmingham and Memphis. No. 64, for Washington and New York; No. 62, for Portsmouth, Norfolk, and No. 43, for Columbia, Savannah and Jacksonville.
Parlor car service will be maintained between Wilmington and Charlotte on No. 65, leaving Wilmington at 3:40 P. M., and No. 40, arriving at Wilmington at 12:20 P. M.

E. W. ARRINGTON,
Union Ticket Agent.
'Phone No. 1294.
F. A. FETTER,
Commercial Agent,
Orton Hotel.
'Phone No. 178.
H. S. LEARD,
Div. Passenger Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.
C. B. RYAN,
General Passenger Agent,
Portsmouth Va.

ma18-tf

Clyde Steamship Company

to

NEW YORK and GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Steamship "Carib," Friday, March 10, 1911
Steamship "Navahoe" Fri., March 17, 1911

Wilmington to New York.
Steamship "Navahoe" Sat., March 11, 1911
Steamship "Carib" Saturday, March 18, 1911

Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship "Carib" Monday, March 13, 1911
Steamship "Navahoe" Mon., March 20, 1911

Both steamers have good passenger accommodations.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

For freight, apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.
H. E. MAYNARD,
Freight Traffic Manager.
R. M. RAYMOND, V.-P. & G. M.

Norfolk & Western Ry.

Norfolk & Western

Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.

Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rail

Schedule in Effect May 15, 1910.

Lv. Norfolk	8:15 a m	8:30 p m
Lv. Petersburg	10:50 a m	10:40 p m
Lv. Durham	7:00 a m	5:30 p m
Lv. Lynchburg	2:35 p m	2:30 a m
Ar. Cincinnati	7:30 a m	6:25 p m
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a m	7:05 p m
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p m	7:30 a m
Ar. St. Louis	6:33 p m	8:30 a m

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all western points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited

W. B. BEVILL,
Gen. Pass Agent, Roanoke, Va.
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When you feel discouraged, confused, nervous, tired, worried or despondent it is a sure sign you need MOTT'S NERVERINE PILLS. They renew the normal vigor and make life worth living. Be sure and ask for

Mott's Nerverine Pills Price $1.00 by druggists

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Practice Limited to WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

Office and residence, 301 Church street.

HOURS:—9 to 11 A. M., 3 to 5 P. M., 7 to 8 P. M.

FINANCIAL and COMMERCIAL

THE COTTON MARKET RALLIED

Closed Steady Yesterday at Advance of 13 to 19 Points—Market Showed a Generally Fair Tone—Features.

New York, March 9.—While somewhat fair the cotton market showed a generally firm tone today particularly in respect to the new crops months and closed steady at an advance of 13 to 19 points.

The opening was steady at an advance of one to 4 points which was about as due on the cables, but this slight improvement was quickly lost under a renewal of yesterday late selling movement. Around 14.12 for May however, there was support from the leading bull brokers, recent sellers appeared by no means confident and the market soon rallied on moderate buying for both accounts. Apprehensions that high temperatures in the Southwest might be followed by drough complaints may have accounted in some measure for the relative firmness of the new crop positions, which led the upward movement, but it seemed more probable that the appearance of supporting orders from leading bulls in October led to fears that the other crop bull campaign might be extended into early crop deliveries and started a covering movement by the short interest accummulated since Texas received good rains last February. The advance in the old crop positions had the encouragement of the continued liberal support, small receipts and business of large spot sales from the New York stock and predictions that the final report of the Census Bureau on ginning for the season due a week from next Monday will make a bullish showing. May contracts sold to 14.40 in the late trading or 19 points net higher and the close was two or three points off from the top under realizing. Exports for the day were about 19,000 bales in excess of the port receipts and the presence of numerous Southern cotton buyers in New York is supposed to reflect the practical winding up of the season in the interior.

Receipts at the ports today 10,099 bales against 9,788 last week and 10,354 last year. For the week 90,000 bales against 103,899 last week, and 78,383 last year.

Today's receipts at New Orleans 4,147 against 1,580 last year.

Spot closed quiet 15 points higher; middling uplands 14.45; middling gulf 14.70; sales 9,466 bales.

Futures opened steady and closed steady.

Month:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
March	14.03	14.18	14.03	14.16
April				14.23
May	14.23	14.40	14.21	14.35
June				14.18
July	14.07	14.23	14.03	14.18
August	13.57	13.76	13.57	13.73
October	12.47	12.65	12.44	12.62
December	12.35	12.54	12.35	12.50
January				12.47

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Steady, 14 9-16; net receipts, 3,080; gross receipts, 3,080; sales, 350; stock, 107,236; Great Britain, 5,975; continent, 13,808; coastwise, 1,041.

New Orleans—Firm, 14 7-16; net receipts, 4,147; gross receipts, 4,349; sales, 2,000; stock, 139,924; Great Britain, 6,565.

Mobile—Quiet, 14¼; net receipts, 422; gross receipts, 422; sales, 150; stock, 17,596; coastwise, 200.

Savannah—Nominal, 14⅝; net receipts, 1,361; gross receipts, 1,361; sales, 60; stock, 76,246; coastwise, 394.

Charleston—Nominal; net receipts, 1; gross receipts, 1; stock, 22,016; coastwise, 500.

Wilmington—Nominal; net receipts, 446; gross receipts, 446; continent, 300; coastwie, 157.

Norfolk—Steady, 14⅝; net receipts, 354; gross receipts, 1,261; sales, 58; stock, 20,498; continent, 300; coastwise, 157.

Baltimore—Nominal, 14⅝; gross receipts, 1,000; stock, 4,363; continent, 2,268.

New York—Quiet, 14.45; gross receipts, 1,338; sales, 9,466; stock, 239,487; continent, 550; coastwise, 688.

Boston—Quiet, 14.45; net receipts, 88; gross receipts, 188; stock, 14,732; continent, 21.

Philadelphia—Quiet, 14.70; stock, 1,217; continent, 256.

Minor Ports—Stock, 7,340.

Total today at all ports—Net, 10,099; Great Britain, 5,975; continent, 23,858; stock, 655,963.

Consolidated at all ports—Net, 60,028; Great Britain, 27,681; France, 21,584; continent, 56,307; Japan, 4,200.

Total since Sept. 1 at all ports—Net, 7,753,300; Great Britain, 2,945,674; France, 828,813; continent, 2,415,231; Japan, 133,900; Mexico, 1,625.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Steady, 14⅜; net receipts, 2,562; gross receipts, 2,562; shipments, 3,588; sales, 522; stock, 77,995.

Augusta—Quiet, 14½; net receipts, 340; gross receipts, 385; shipments, 395; sales, 1,685; stock, 48,504.

Memphis—Steady, 14¾; net receipts, 471; gross receipts, 730; shipments, 2,681; sales, 2,200; stock, 170,254.

St. Louis—Dull, 14¾; net receipts, 70; gross receipts, 424; shipments, 1,339; sales, 57; stock, 23,227.

Cincinnati—Net receipts, 1,274; gross receipts, 1,274; shipments, 604; stock, 20,414.

Little Rock—Steady, 14¼; net receipts, 163; gross receipts, 694; stock, 29,423.

Louisville—Firm, 14¾.

Total today—Net receipts, 4,880; gross receipts, 5,538; shipments, 9,321; sales, 4,464; stock, 389,817.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, March 9.—Money on call steady 2 1-4 to 2 1-2, ruling rate 2 1-4, closing bid 2 3-8, offered at 2 1-2. Time loans very dull, 60 days 2 3-4 to 3 per cent., and 90 days 3 to 3 1-4, six months 3 1-2 to 3 3-4. Prime mercantile paper 4 to 4 1-2. Sterling exchange steady at the decline with actual business in bankers bills at 4.8405 to 4.8410 for 60 day bills and at 4.8630 for demand. Commercial bills 4.83 1-4 to 4.83 1-2. Bar silver 52 7-8. Mexican dollars 45.

A Fierce Night Alarm.

is the hoarse, startling cough of a child, suddenly attacked by croup. Often it aroused Lewis Chamblin, of Manchester, O., (R. R. No. 2,) for their four children were greatly subject to croup. "Sometimes in severe attacks," he wrote, "we were afraid they would die, but since we proved what a certain remedy Dr. King's New Discovery is, we have no fear. We rely on it for croup and for coughs, colds, or any throat or lung trouble." So do thousands of others. So may you. Asthma, hay fever, la grippe, whooping cough, hemorrhages fly before it. 50c and $1. Trial bottle free. Sold by Robt. R. Bellamy.

MARINE

Cleared.

Br. str. Parkwood, Falconer, Port English, Fla.; Alexander Sprunt & Son

Schr. Joel Cook, Ray, Georgetown, S. C., C. D. Mafflitt.

Schr. Edward B. Baird, Jr., Bennett, Little River, S. C.; C. D. Mafflitt.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, N. C.

Steamers.

Parkwood (Br.), 1,102 tons, Falconer, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Anglo-Chilian (Br.), 2,442 tons, Fremantle, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Annette Furness (Dan.), 1,135 tons, Barsen, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Hekla (Nor.), 1,464 tons, Jesperson, Heide & Co.

Schooners.

Emma F. Angell, 819 tons, Larabee, C. D. Mafflitt.

Florence Howard, 683 tons, Farrow, C. D. Mafflitt.

Clifford N. Carver, 973 tons, Olsen, C. D. Mafflitt.

T. W. Dunn, 635 tons, Perkins, C. D. Mafflitt.

John B. Biemiller, 858 tons, Adams, C. D. Mafflitt.

Augustus Welt, 1,111 tons, Sproul, C. D. Mafflitt.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Atlantic Coast Line—446 bales cotton; 5 casks spirits turpentine; 6 barrels tar; 3 barrels crude turpentine.

Total—446 bales cotton; 5 casks spirits turpentine; 6 barrels tar; 3 barrels crude turpentine.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, March 9.—Flour was quiet and nominally lower.

Rye Flour—Firm.

Buckwheat—Quiet.

Cornmeal and Barley—Steady.

Rye—Dull.

Wheat—Spot weak; No. 2 red 93 1-8 elevator and 94 1-8 fob afloat. Futures closed 7-8 to 1 cent net lower. May 95 5-8; July 94 1-4.

Corn—Steady; New No. 2, 52 1-2 fob afloat. Futures closed 1-2 cent net higher. May 56 1-2.

Oats—Steady; futures closed nominal.

Beef—Barely steady.

Lard—Firm.

Tallow and Petroleum—Steady.

Rosin—Steady

Turpentine—Firm.

Rice—Quiet.

Molasses—Steady.

Sugar—Raw very firm; refined quiet.

Coffee—Market closed steady at a net decline of 10 to 24 points. Spot quiet; Rio No. 7, 12 3-8; Santos No. 4, 13 1-4; Mild dull; Cordova 13 3-4 to 15 3-4 nominal.

Butter—Firm; creamery held seconds 16 1-2 to 17; do. thirds 15 to 16.

Cheese—Steady, unchanged.

Eggs—Irregular; fresh gathered, dirties No. 1, 16 to 16 1-2; do. No. 2, 15 to 15 1-2; state, Pennsylvania and nearby hennery white 23 to 26; do. gathered white 22 to 25; western gathered whites 20 to 23.

Potatoes—Weak; Bermuda late crop per barrel 5.00 to 6.00.

Cabbages—Firm; Southern per crate 1.50 to 2.50.

Freights and Peanuts—Unchanged.

Cotton seed oil was a shade lower owing to easier crude, scattered commission house selling and in absence of outside demand. Futures closed generally 2 to 5 points net lower. March 6.70 to 6.75; April 6.75 to 7-8; May 6.80 to 6.90; July 6.90 to 6.93; Prime crude 5.64 to 5.90; Prime Summer yellow 6.65 to 6.85; Prime Winter yellow 6.85 to 7.25; Prime Summer white 6.75 to 7.20.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, March 9.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market, steady., at 88¾ cents.

ROSIN—Market, steady, $6.75 per barrel of 280 pounds.

TAR—Firm, $2.40 per barrel.

CRUDE TURPENTINE — Market, firm; $5.75 per barrel, for hard; $7.50 for dip; virgin, $9.00.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine firm 52 1-2; rosin nothing doing; tar, $2.00; crude turpentine; firm $2.50, $4.00 and $4.00.

Spirits Turpentine	5
Rosin	(—)
Tar	6
Crude Turpentine	3

Receipts same day last year, 2 casks spirits turpentine; 207 barrels rosin; 145 barrels tar; 10 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Nominal.

Same day last year, 14 1-4 cents.

Receipts—446 bales; same day last year, 206 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, March 4th.)

PEANUTS—Virginias, .90 to $1.00 per bu.; North Carolinas, $1.50@$1.60; Spanish, $1.15@$1.25.

CORN—Firm; .68 to .70 per bu.

PEAS—White black-eye, $2.75; white lady finger, $3.00; clay peas, $2.00 per bu.

POTATOES—Yams, .75 per bu; Irish potatoes, .80@.90 per bu.

BEEF—On foot, .03@.04 per lb.

PORK—Net, .09@.10 per lb.

WOOL—Burry, .12@.15 per lb.; free of burr, .18@.20 per lb.

HIDES—Green, .07 per lb.; dry, .12 per lb.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, old, .18@.20 per lb.; sides and shoulders, .15@.16 per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm; .27 per lb.

TALLOW—Firm; .04½@.05 per lb.

POULTRY—Turkeys, on foot, .15@.16 per lb.; dressed, .20@.22 per lb. Chickens, grown, .40@.50 per head; Chickens, spring, .20@.35 per head. Geese, .60 per head.

EGGS—Dull, .15 per doz.

SHEEP—Out of season.

Petersburg Peanut Market.

(Reported by Rodgers, McCabe & Co.)

Spanish—Firm, at $1.22½ per bushel.

Virginias—Quiet. Bunch, 4c. to 4¼c.; Fancy Hand Picked, 3⅝ to 3¾c. per lb.; Extra Prime, 3½c. to 3⅝c.; Prime, 3c. to 3⅜c.; Machine Picked, 3c. to 3½c.; Shelling Stock, 2⅝c. to 2¾c.

NAVAL STORES.

New York, March 9.—Turpentine, firm.

Savannah, March 9.—Turpentine, firm, at 51; sales, 70; receipts, 79; shipments, 86; stocks, 1,852.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 156; receipts, 134; shipments, 670; stocks, 54,530. Quote: B, 7.30; D, 7.35; E, 7.40; F, 7.50; G, 7.60; H, 7.75; I, 7.90; K, 7.95; M, 8.00; N, 8.05; W G, 8.15; W W, 8.25.

Charleston, March 9.—Turpentine, firm, at 90.

Rosin—Firm. Quote: A B C, 7.17½; D, 7.25; E, 7.35; F, 7.45; G, 7.50; H, 7.65; I, 7.90; K, 7.95; M, 8.00; N, 8.00; W G, 8.05; W W, 8.10.

Kills a Murderer.

A merciless murderer is Appendicitis with many victims but Dr. King's New Life Pills kill it by prevention. They gently stimulate stomach, liver and bowels, preventing that clogging that invites appendicitis, curing constipation, headache, biliousness, chills 25c at R. R. Bellamy's.

GOOD TONE IN STOCK MARKET

Moderate Movement in Half Dozen Issues—Prices Did Not Yield in Spite of Lack of Demand. Features.

New York, March 9.—The stock market passed through a tranquil day with nothing to disturb the dead level of prices except moderate movement in half a dozen issues. Union Pacific Great Northern preferred and Wabash preferred gained about one point and Missouri Pacific lost a point. The other stocks, after a feeble advance at the opening, fell back to approximately yesterday's final figures and were not disturbed again through the remainder of the sleepy session.

The tone was good all day, however, and prices did not yield in spite of lack of demand from any quarter. The market's action indicated that the bulk of stocks is still in the hands of strong interests which are in a position to hold them indefinitely. The Mexican situation was hardly a market influence today. Apprehensions as to possible developments in Mexico were allayed by the strong representations as to the peaceful attitude of Washington and Mexican railway shares, although they did not recover its loss, declined no further. Operations on the long side of the market could make no capital from the reduction of the English bank rate from 3 1-2 to 3 per cent. The reduction already had been discounted in the London and had no influence either here or abroad.

The call of the National Comptroller of the Currency for a statement of conditions as of last Tuesday is expected to reveal a very different state of affairs than existed in the same month last year when the enormous expansion in loans by banks in the West and Southwest gave rise to much apprehension at this center. There is every reason to believe that this month's call will show a marked contraction over that of some two months ago, and that the situation in the sections referred to has been largely adjusted.

Foreign exchange rates were lower today, following a reduction of the English bank rate. The change in the English, it is expected, will tend to reduce London borrowing such as has been going on recently in this market.

Bond were firm with Wabash fours the feature. Total sales par value $3,272,000. United States 4s declined 1-4 per cent. on call. Total sales for the day 171,400 shares.

THE BOND MARKET.

U. S. ref. 2s, registered	101¼
U. S. ref. 2s, coupon	101¼
U. S. 3s, registered	102½
U. S. 3s, coupon	102½
U. S. 4s, registered	115⅜
U. S. 4s, coupon	115⅜
Allis-Chalmers 1st 5s	77⅝
American Agricultural 5s	102
American Tel and Tel cv. 4s	106⅜
American Tobacco 4s	84½
American Tobacco 6s	107⅛
Armour and Co. 4½s	92⅝
Atchison gen. 4s	98¼
Atchison cv. 4s	106½
Atchison cv. 5s	108
Atlantic Coast Line 1st 4s	93⅞
Baltimore and Ohio 4s	98⅛
Baltimore and Ohio 3½s	92½
Baltimore and Ohio S. W. 3½s	90½
Brooklyn Transit cv. 4c	84
Central of Georgia 5s	108¾
Central Leather 5s	99
Central R. R. of N. J., gen. 5s	122⅞
Chesapeake and Ohio 4½s	100⅝
Chesapeake and Ohio ref. 5s	96½
Chicago and Alton 3½s	70⅛
Chicago, B. and Quincy joint 4s	96
Chicago, B. and Quincy gen. 4s	97½
Chicago, Mil. and St. P. gen. 3½s	92¼
Chic., R. I. and Pac. R. R. col. 4s	72⅝
Chic., R. I. and Pac. Ry. rfg. 4s	88⅝
Colorado Industrial 5s	75
Colorado Midland 4s	55½
Cuba, and Southern ref. and ext. 4½s	98⅜
Delaware and Hudson cv. 4s	98¼
Denver and Rio Grande 4s	93½
Denver and Rio Grande ref. 5s	92½
Distillers' 5s	78⅝
Erie prior lien 4s	85
Erie gen. 4s	75⅝
Erie cv. 4s, series "A"	75
Erie cv. 4s, series "B"	70
General Electric cv. 5s	147½
Illinois Central 1st ref. 4s	96½
Interborough-Met. 4½s	78⅝
Inter. Merc. Marine 4½s	65½
Japan 4s	88⅝
Japan 4½s	94⅜
Kansas City Southern 1st 3s	73¼
Lake Shore deb. 4s (1931)	93¼
Louisville and Nashville Un. 4s	98⅝
Missouri, Kan. and Texas 1st 4s	97⅝
Mo., Kan. and Texas gen. 4½s	85⅝
Missouri Pacific 4s	78
Nat. Rys. of Mexico 4½s	94
New York Central gen. 3½s	87½
New York Central gen. 3½s	87½
New York Central deb. 4s	92¼
N. Y., N. H. and Hartford cv. 6s	133⅜
Norfolk and Western 1st con. 4s	98
Norfolk and Western cv. 4s	105
Northern Pacific 3s	70¼
Oregon Short Line rfdg. 4s	93⅜
Penn. cv. 3½s (1915)	96⅜
Penn. con. 4s	103½
Reading gen. 4s	97
St. Louis and San Fran. fg. 4s	81¼
St. Louis and San Fran. gen. 5s	87¼
St. Louis Southwestern con. 4s	78
St. Louis Southwestern 1st gold 4s	90½
Seaboard Air Line 5s ofd	75⅝
Southern Pacific col. 4s	92¼
Southern Pacific cv. 4s	97½
Southern Pacific R. R. 1st ref. 4s	94⅜
Southern Railway 5s	107¼
Southern Railway gen. 4s	78¼
Union Pacific 4s	100⅜
Union Pacific cv. 4s	104
Union Pacific 1st and ref. 4s	96½
U. S. Rubber 6s	108⅜
U. S. Steel 2nd 5s	105¼
Virginia-Carolina Chem 5s	101½
Wabash 1st 5s	100¼
Wabash 1st and ext 4s	70⅜
Western Md. 4s	86¼
Westinghouse Electric cv. 5s	92
Wisconsin Central 4s	92¾

CLOSING STOCK LIST.

Allis-Chalmers pfd	33
Amalgamated Copper	61¾
American Agricultural	54⅝
American Beet Sugar	43⅞
American Can	9⅝
American Car and Foundry	52⅜
American Cotton Oil	59¾
American Hide and Leather, pfd	23
American Ice Securities	21½
American Linseed	10⅝
American Locomotive	37
American Smelting and Refining	74¼
American Smelting and Refining, pfd	105
American Steel Foundries	47
American Sugar Refining	117¼
American Tel and Tel	144½
American Tobacco, pfd	96½
American Woolen	33½
Anaconda Mining Co	38¼
Atchison	105⅜
Atchison, pfd	102½
Atlantic Coast Line	120
Baltimore and Ohio	102⅜
Bethlehem Steel	30½
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	77⅞
Canadian Pacific	218⅞
Central Leather	28½
Central Leather, pfd	101½
Central of New Jersey	280
Chesapeake and Ohio	82⅞
Chicago and Alton	34
Chicago Great Western	21
Chicago Great Western, pfd	43⅞
Chicago and Northwestern	144
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	119⅞
C., C., C. and St. Louis	63
Colorado Fuel and Iron	32
Colorado and Southern	33
Consolidated Gas	140
Corn Products	13¼
Delaware and Hudson	165½
Denver and Rio Grande	31½
Denver and Rio Grande, pfd	69½
Distillers' Securities	35¾
Erie	28¼
Erie, 1st pfd	47⅛
Erie, 2nd pfd	36⅜
General Electric	150
Great Northern, pfd	124⅜
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	58¾
Illinois Central	133½
Interborough-Met	18¼
Interborough-Met., pfd	50⅜
Inter Harvester	115⅜
Inter-Marine, pfd	15⅜
International Paper	10
International Pump	40
Iowa Central	16
Kansas City Southern	33½
Kansas City Southern, pfd	66
Laclede Gas	110½
Louisville and Nashville	143½
Minneapolis and St. Louis	26
Minn., St. P. and Sault Ste Marie	145
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	32⅜
Missouri, Kansas and Texas, pfd	66⅜
Missouri Pacific	34⅝
National Biscuit	121
National Lead	52
Nat. Rys. of Mexico, 2nd pfd	35¼
New York Central	106⅛
New York, Ontario and Western	41¾
Norfolk and Western	105
North American	70½
Northern Pacific	121
Pacific Mail	24½
Pennsylvania	125
People's Gas	105¼
Pittsburg, C. C. and St. Louis	98
Pittsburg Coal	19⅜
Pressed Steel Car	32¼
Pullman Palace Car	159
Railway Steel Spring	32
Reading	154⅝
Republic Steel	32½
Republic Steel, pfd	98
Rock Island Co	29¼
Rock Island Co., pfd	58
St. Louis and San Fran., 2nd pfd	40½
St. Louis Southwestern	29
St. Louis Southwestern, pfd	65⅝
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	51⅛
Southern Pacific	115
Southern Railway	26½
Southern Railway, pfd	63½
Tennessee Copper	36⅜
Texas and Pacific	27⅞
Toledo, St. Louis and Western	22
Toledo, St. Louis and Western, pfd	51
Union Pacific	172
Union Pacific, pfd	90⅜
United States Realty	67½
United States Rubber	41
United States Steel	76¼
United States Steel, pfd	118
Utah Copper	43⅜
Virginia-Carolina Chemical	67
Wabash	17¼
Wabash, pfd	37⅜
Western Maryland	49⅝
Westinghouse Electric	61½
Western Union	71⅜
Wheeling and Lake Erie	5

THE GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, March 9.—Bigger stores of wheat in farmers' hands than were expected helped the selling here today and the market closed weak, at 1¼@1⅛ decline. All other leading staples finished higher than last night; corn and oats up a shade @¼@½ up, and provisions a shade to 10@12½ down.

Wheat—No. 2, red, 89½@90½; No. 3, red, 87@90; No. 2, hard, 89½@91; No. 3, hard, 87@90; No. 1, northern, 95@1.00; No. 2, northern, 95@99; No. 3, northern, 95@98; No. 2, spring, 90@95; No. 3, spring, 87@95; velvet chaff, 82@95; durum, 82@89.

Corn—No. 2, 46@46½; No. 2, white, 46@46½; No. 2, yellow, 46½@47; No. 3, 44½@45; No. 3, white, 44½@45; No. 3, yellow, 44½@45½; No. 4, 41½@43; No. 4, white, 42@43; No. 4, yellow, 42@43½.

Oats—No. 2, 29¾; No. 2, white, 31@31¾; No. 3, white, 30@30¾; No. 4, white, 29½@30; standard, 30¾@31.

Wheat:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
May	90⅞	90⅞	89½	89½
July	88½	89½	87¾	87⅞
Sept	87½	88¼	87	87¼
Corn:				
May	48⅜	49¼	48⅜	48¾
July	49¾	50¼	49⅝	49⅞
Sept	50⅝	51	50½	50⅝
Oats:				
May	30⅝	30¾	30¼	30½
July	30⅛	30½	30¼	30⅜
Sept	30	30½	30	30¼

Mess Pork, per barrel:

May	17.30	17.47½	17.27	17.47
July	16.47½	16.62½	16.47	16.62

Lard, per 100 pounds:

May	9.07	9.12	9.05	9.12½
July	9.02	9.07	9.02	9.07
Sept	9.05	9.07	9.05	9.07

Short Ribs, per 100 pounds:

May	9.37	9.47	9.32	9.45
July	8.97	9.05	8.97	9.02
Sept	9.00	9.07	9.00	9.00

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Spot in Fair Demand, Prices Five Points Higher.

Liverpool, March 9.—Spot cotton in fair demand, prices 5 points lower. American middling fair 8.03; good middling 7.71; middling 7.59; low middling 7.39; good ordinary 7.13; ordinary 6.88. The sales of the day were 8,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export and included 7,700 American. Receipts 15,400 bales, including 13,100 American.

Futures opened easier and closed steady. March 7.39; March and April 7.38 1-2; April and May 7.34; May and June 7.39; June and July 7.36; July and August 7.33; August and September 7.10; September and October 6.78 1-2; October and November 6.65; November and December 6.59; December and January 6.58 1-2; January and February 6.58.

GOOD FOREIGN ADVICES.

Cotton Market Advance 15 Points on New Crop Deliveries.

(Special Star Telegram.)

New York, March 9.—From the opening the market showed the absence of any further liquidation. So when a demand for the new crop deliveries appeared in Europe a recovery set in which advanced the market some 15 points. An increase in the exports and lighter receipts at the interior towns gave more confidence to holders of the old crop, but the principal support came from the demand for October by arbitrage brokers reflecting the demand in Europe.

It seems probable that we shall be influenced by the foreign advices as home trade reports are so poor as to deter speculative buying.

HUBBARD BROS. & CO.

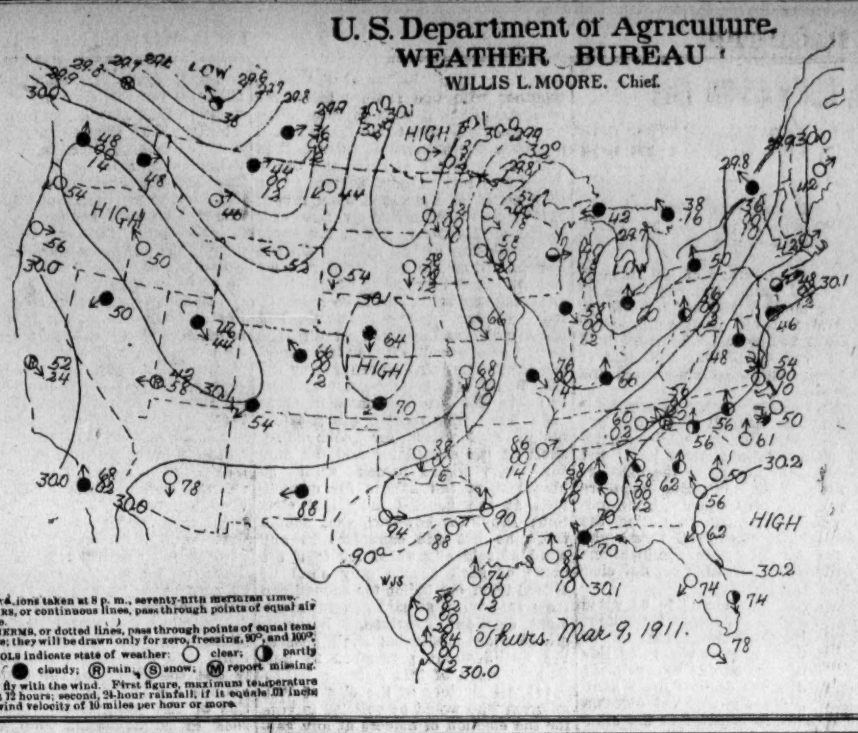
THE DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, March 9.—The staple cotton goods markets rule quiet. Prints, ginghams and printed novelties are in fair call for quick shipments with jobbers and primary merchants. Lining converters are getting more business on soft finished light weight percalines and satin faced fabrics.

Has Millions of Friends.

How would you like to number your friends by millions as Bucklen's Arnica Salve does? Its astounding cures in the past forty years made them. It's the best salve in the world for sores, ulcers, eczema, burns, boils, scalds, cuts, corns, sore eyes, sprains, swellings, bruises, cold sores. Has no equal for piles. 25c at R. R. Bellamy's.

JOYLAND
MOTION PICTURES
Educating, Amusing, Instructive.
Open Daily, 2:30 to 11 P. M.



Observations taken at 8 p. m., seventy-fifth meridian time. ISOBARS, or continuous lines, pass through points of equal air pressure. ISOTHERMS, or dotted lines, pass through points of equal temperature; they will be drawn only for zero, freezing, 90°, and 100°. SYMBOLS indicate state of weather: ○ clear; ◑ partly cloudy; ● cloudy; Ⓡ rain, Ⓢ snow; Ⓜ report missing. Arrows fly with the wind. First figure, maximum temperature for past 12 hours; second, 24-hour rainfall; if it equals .01 inch third, wind velocity of 10 miles per hour or more.

THE WEATHER

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

Wilmington, N. C., March 10, 1911.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending 8 P. M. Thursday, March 9th:

Temperature at 8 A. M. 36 degrees; 8 P. M. 50 degrees; maximum 61 degrees; minimum 35 degrees; mean 48 degrees.

Rainfall for the day .00, for the month, 1.98 inch.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., 18.5 feet, not rising.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Generally fair Friday and probably Saturday, somewhat warmer Friday, moderate south winds.

Port Calendar—March 10.

Sun Rises	6:29 A. M.
Sun Sets	6:15 P. M.
Day's Length	11 hrs. 46 min.
High water at Southport	3:58 A. M.
High water at Wilmington	6:58 A. M.

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

March 9, 1911.

STATIONS.	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature Highest Today.	Temperature Lowest last night.	24-hour precipitation, 8 P. M.
Asheville	rain	56	28	0
Atlanta	pt cldy	58	34	0
Charleston	clear	50	38	0
Charlotte	pt cldy	56	28	0
Chicago	cldy	58	38	0
Galveston	clear	74	68	0
Jacksonville	clear	62	48	0
New Orleans	clear	84	64	0
New York	pt cldy	48	30	0
Pittsburg	pt cldy	56	54	0
Raleigh	pt cldy	56	28	0
St. Louis	cloudy	76	44	0
Washington	cloudy	48	16	0

A Special Medicine for Kidney Ailments.

Many elderly people have found in Foley's Kidney Remedy a quicker relief and permanent benefit from kidney and bladder ailments. Isaac N. Regan, Farmer, Mo., says, "Foley's Kidney Remedy effected a complete cure in my case and I want others to know of it."—Robt. R. Bellamy.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court in a proceeding entitled Chas. C. Loughlin, administrator of Thad. F. Tyler vs. Lenora V. Tyler, et al., the undersigned administrator will sell at public auction for cash, at the Court House door of New Hanover county on March 25th, at 12 o'clock noon, the following described real property, belonging to the estate of Thad. F. Tyler.

First Tract: Beginning on the south side of the Turnpike road at a point near the old toll house and where the turnpike road intersects the western side of the Masonboro road, marked by a stone, runs thence with the southern edge of said Turnpike road northwestwardly 150 feet, thence southwestwardly at right angles with said road to the northern edge of the right of way of the Tidewater Power Company, thence eastwardly with said right of way to the line of the said Masonboro road, and thence northwardly along said Masonboro road to the beginning.

Second Tract: The store lot on the northern side of the said Turnpike road, directly opposite the old toll house and the tract above described, conveyed in a deed recorded in Book 23, page 438 of the records of New Hanover, to which deed reference is hereby made.

Dated and posted this 23rd day of February, 1911.

CHAS. C. LOUGHLIN,
Administrator of the Estate of Thad. F. Tyler.
fe24-1aw4w

Maine Grown
Irish Cobbler
POTATOES

100 Bags Irish Cobblers.
40 Bags Red Bliss.
30 Bags White Bliss.
20 Bags Early Rose.

The above genuine Maine grown goods, and we can make immediate shipment.

Also will name a low price on fifty tons Kainit.

D. L. Gore Co.
Wholesale Grocers and Importers.

SEED POTATOES.

115 Sacks Red Bliss.
25 Sacks White Bliss.
75 Sacks Irish Cobblers.
25 Sacks Early Rose.
25 Bushels Yellow Onions Sets.
15 Bushels Silver Skin Onion Sets.
700 Tons Navassa Guano.
200 Tons Bangles Guano.
100 Tons Acme Guano.

Also a full line of Groceries, all of which will be sold on a close margin.

J. W. BROOKS,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
Wilmington, N. C.

J. M. Solky & Co.
ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS AND FURNISHERS.

Spring and Summer 1911
OUR POLICY

Frequently we have been asked if it would not be policy to carry a cheaper grade of Suits with a mixture of wool and cotton in addition to the superior makes such as Strouse Bros. and B. Kuppenheimer & Co. clothing which we always carry. "To such inquiries we always make identically the same reply.

"Our Policy will never alter so far as the quality of material and prices are concerned."

We have built up our reputation by being the leading Clothing and Furnishing House in the city; we are going to hold that reputation at all cost.

Our Spring and Summer Clothing, Hats and Furnishing Goods are arriving daily and would ask your inspection over our line before you buy.

J. M. Solky & Co.
Phone 617. Masonic Bldg.

We are still selling the remainder of our Winter Suits and Overcoats at a Great Reduction in prices.

EVERY TIME!

Every Time You Buy an Ordinary Suit You Take Big Chances of Disappointment.

Every time you buy a STEIN-BLOCH Suit you Guard Against Disappointment.

Let us show you these Clothes and prove the Truth of this assertion.

J. W. Fleet Co.
The One-Price Clothiers and Furnishers.
Agents for Stein-Bloch Clothing and John B. Stetson Hats.

Engineer's and Architect's Supplies.

DRAWING AND TRACING PAPER, TRACING LINEN, DRAWING INSTRUMENTS, THUMB TACKS, T SQUARES AND TRIANGLES, SCALES, DETAIL AND PROFILE PAPER, FIELD AND LEVEL BOOKS, ETC.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF MATERIAL MANUFACTURED BY KEUFFEL & ESSER CO., AND SUPPLY AT FACTORY PRICES

C. W. YATES & CO.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE COMMISSION BILL FOR WILMINGTON CITY

(Continued From Page 8.)

shall, in addition to being a Councilman, become Mayor of the city of Wilmington.

The terms of office of the Councilmen elected under the provisions of this act, shall begin on the 6th of May, 1911, and on the like day every two years thereafter, who shall hold office for two years from said date or until their successors are elected and qualified.

If any vacancy occurs in the office of Mayor, the Council shall elect one of its members Mayor to fill such vacancy during the unexpired term; and if any vacancy occurs in the office of Councilman, the remaining members of the Council shall appoint some person to fill such vacancy, during the balance of the unexpired term, who shall possess the same qualifications had he been elected at a regular election.

Section 15. Candidates to be voted for at all general municipal elections at which five Councilmen are to be elected under the provisions of this act, shall be nominated by primary elections, and no other names shall be placed upon the general election ballot than those selected in the manner as herein prescribed. The primary elections for such nominations shall be held on the second Tuesday preceding the general municipal election. The judges and poll-holders of election appointed for the general election shall be the judges and poll-holders of the primary election, and it shall be held at the same place, so far as possible, and the polls shall be opened and closed at the same times as in the general election.

(a) Any person desiring to become a candidate for Councilman shall, at least ten days prior to said primary election, file with the chairman of the Citay Board of Elections, a statement of such candidacy, in substantially the following form:

"State of North Carolina,
County of New Hanover.

"I, ...being first duly sworn, say, that I reside at ..... street, city of Wilmington, county of New Hanover, State of North Carolina; that I am a qualified voter therein; that I am a candidate for nomination to the office of Councilman, to be voted upon at the primary election to be held on the second Tuesday of ....., 19...., and I hereby request that my name be printed upon the official primary ballot for nomination by such primary election for such office.

(Signed) .....

"Sworn (or affirmed) and subscribed to before me this .....day of ....., 19.....

....."

He shall at the same time file therewith the petition of at least twenty-five qualified voters, requesting such candidacy. Each petition shall be verified by one or more persons, as to the qualifications and residence, with street number, of each of the persons so signing the said petition, and the said petition shall be in substantially the following form:

Petition Accompanying Nominating Statement.

"The undersigned, duly qualified electors of the city of Wilmington, North Carolina, and residing at the places set opposite our respective names, do hereby request that the name of ....(name of candidate).... be placed on the ballot for nomination for Councilman, at the primary election to be held in the city of Wilmington on the second Tuesday of ....., 19.....

"We further state that we know him to be a qualified elector of said city, in .....ward, and a man of good moral character and qualified in our judgment for the duties of such office.

Name of Qualified Electors	No.	Street

(b) Immediately upon the expiration of the time for filing the statements and petitions for candidacy, the said chairman of the City Board of Elections shall cause to be published for three successive days in all the daily papers published in the city, in proper forms, the names of the persons as they are to appear upon the primary ballots, and the said chairman shall thereupon cause the said primary ballots to be printed, authenticated with a fac-simile of his signature. Upon said ballots the names of the candidates shall be arranged alphabetically, with a square at the left of each man. The ballot shall be printed upon plain, substantial white paper, and shall be headed:

CANDIDATES FOR NOMINATION.

For Councilmen of the City of Wilmington at the Primary Election.

Said ballot shall bear no party designation whatever, nor any other mark. The ballot shall be in substantially the following form:

"(Place a cross in the square preceding the names of the parties you favor as candidates for Councilmen)

VOTE FOR TEN.

OFFICIAL PRIMARY BALLOT.

Candidates for nomination for Councilmen of the city of Wilmington, at the Primary Election.

For Councilmen:

(Names of Candidates.)

(Ten or more Names.)

Official Ballot Attest:

..... (Signature) .....

Chairman City Board of Elections.

(c) Having caused said ballots to be printed, the said Chairman shall cause to be delivered at each of the polling places a number of said ballots equal to twice the number of votes cast in such polling precincts at the last general municipal primary election for Mayor. The persons who are qualified to vote at the general municipal election shall be qualified to vote at such primary election. Challenges can be made by not more than two persons at each voting precinct, who shall serve without compensation, one to be appointed by the City Board of Elections, and the other by the Council of the city. All challengers shall be qualified voters of the precinct in which they serve, and the law applicable to challenges at the general municipal election shall be applicable to challenges at such primary election; and all laws, rules and regulations in force at the time of the adoption of this act, except as herein changed, shall be observed in the methods of challenging. The judges and poll-holders of elections shal immediately upon closing of the polls, together with one representative for each candidate, if such representative be requested, count the ballots and ascertain the number of votes cast in such precinct for each of the candidates, and make return thereof to the City Board of Elections, upon proper blanks to be furnished by said City Board of Elections, within six hours of the closing of the polls. On the day following the said primary election, the said City Board of Elections shall canvass said returns so received, from all the polling precincts, and shall make and publish in all the newspapers of said city, at least once, the result thereof. The canvass by the City Board of Elections shall be publi ly made. The two candidates living in each ward who receive the greatest nuumber of votes for councilmen, shall be the candidates and the only candidates whose names shall be placed upon the ballots for councilmen at the general municipal election; Provided, however, that should there be but one candidate in any ward of said city voted for then the name of such person only shall be placed upon the ballot for councilman from said ward, at said general municipal election; Provided, however, all of such candidates shall possess the qualifications prescribed in Section Fourteen of this Act.

(d) All electors of the city of Wilmington who would be entitled to vote for the election of officers at any general municipal election, shall be qualified to vote at all elections under this act, and the ballots at the general municipal election shall be in the same general form as for such primary elections, so far as applicable, and in all elections in said city, the election precinct, voting places, methods of conducting the elections and canvassing the vote and announcing the result shall be the same as by law provided for election of officers of the said city of Wilmington, in force at the time of the ratification of this act, so far as the same are applicable and not inconsistent with the provisions of this act.

Section 16. (a) Any person who shall agree to perform any services in the interest of any candidate for any office provided for in this act, in consideration of any money or other thing of value, or who does perform any service in the interest of any candidate for any office in consideration of any money or other thing of value, upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than $25, nor exceeding $300, or be imprisoned in the county jail not less than five days nor more than 30 days.

(b) Any person offering to give a bribe, either in money or other consideration, to any elector for the purpose of influencing his vote at any election provided for in this act, or any elector entitled to vote at any such election receiving or accepting any such bribe or other consideration, or any person making false answer to the provision of this act relative to his qualifications to vote at any elections; or any person wilfully voting or offering to vote at any such election who has not been a resident of this State for two years, or of the county of New Hanover for six months, or the ward or precinct in which he offers to vote, for four months, or who has not paid his poll tax as provided for by the law of North Carolina, or who is not twenty-one years of age, or who is not a citizen of the United States, or knowing himself not to be a qualified voter of such precinct where he offers to vote; or any person knowingly procuring, aiding or abetting any violation hereof; shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined not less than $100 nor more than $500, and be imprisoned not less than ten days nor more than ninety days.

Section 17. It shall be unlawful for any candidate for office or any officer of the city, directly or indirectly, to give or promise any person or persons any office, position, employment, benefit, or anything of value, for the purpose of influencing or obtaining the political support, aid or vote, of any persons or person; and any such person committing a breach hereof shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined not less than $100 nor more than $500, or be imprisoned in the county jail not less than ten days nor more than ninety days, or both.

Every elective officer of the city shall, within thirty days after qualifying, file with the City Clerk, and publish at least once in a daily paper of the city, his sworn statement of all his election and campaign expenses, showing by whom such was contributed, to whom the same were paid, and what was the consideration for such payment. Any violation of the provisions of the preceding paragraph shall be a misdemeanor, and be a ground for removal from office.

Section 18. The City Board of Elections shall be composed of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover county, the Clerk of the Superior Court of said county, the City Clerk and Treasurer of the city of Wilmington—who shall be chairman of said board—and two other members to be selected by the Council of the city of Wilmington immediately after its first organization, and all to qualify and their terms of office to begin on the 15th day of June, 1911; their terms of office shall expire each two years thereafter, or until their successors are elected and qualified.

Section 19. Immediately after organizing, the Council shall by ordinance appoint three Civil Service Commissioners who shall serve without compensation, who shall hold office, one until the first Monday in June 1913, one until the first Monday in June, 1915, and one until the first Monday in June, 1917. On the first Monday in June, 1913, and bi-annually thereafter, the Council shall appoint one Commissioner for a term of six years, who shall take the place of the Commissioner whose term of office expires. The chairman of the Commission for each bi-ennial period shall be the member whose term first expires. No person, while on said Commission, shall hold or be a candidate for any office of public trust. Two of said members shall constitute a quorum to transact business. The Commissioners must have been citizens of North Carolina and residents of the city for more than three years next preceding their appointment.

The Council may remove any of said Commissioners during their term of office, for cause, four Councilmen voting in favor of such removal, and shall fill for the unexpired term any vacancy that may occur in said Commission. The City Council shall provide suitable rooms in which said Commission may hold its meetings. The City Clerk and Treasurer shall be the clerk to the Board of Commissioners, and he shall keep a record of all its meetings. The City Council shall supply the said Commission with all necessary equipment for the carrying on of its business.

(a) Before entering upon the duties of their office, each of said Commissioners shall take and subscribe an oath, which shall be filed in the office of the City Clerk and Treasurer to support the Constitution of the United States, the Constitution of the State of North Carolina, and to obey all laws, and to aim to secure and maintain an honest and efficient force, free from partizan distinction and control, and to perform the duties of his office to the best of his ability.

(b) Said Commission shall, on the first Monday of June and December of each year, or oftener if it shall be deemed necessary, under such rules as may be prescribed by the Council, hold examinations for the purpose of determining the qualifications of applicants for positions, which examinations shall be practical, and shall fairly test the fitness of the persons examined for the discharge of the duties of the position to which they seek to be appointed. Said Commission shall as soon as possible after such examination, certify to the Council double the number of persons necessary to fill vacancies, who according to its records, had the highest standing for the positions they seek to fill, as the result of such examination; and all vacancies which occur, that come under the Civil Service, prior to the date of the next regular examination shall be filled from said list so certified; provided, however, that should the list for any cause be reduced to less than three for any department, then the Council or the head of the proper department may temporarily fill a vacancy, but not to exceed thirty days.

(c) All persons subject to such civil service examinations shall be subject to removal from office or employment by the Council for misconduct or failure to perform their duties, under such rules and regulations as it may adopt, and the Chief of Police, Chief of Fire Department, or any Councilman or other foreman in charge of municipal work may, in his discretion, peremptorily suspend or discharge any subordinate then under his direction, for neglect of duty, or disobedience of his orders, but shall, within twenty-four hours thereafter, report such suspension or discharge, and the reasons therefor, to the Councilman in charge of his Department, who shall thereupon affirm or revoke such discharge or suspension, according to the facts.

Such employe, (or the officer discharging or suspending him) may within five days of such ruling, appeal therefrom to the Council, which shall fully hear and determine the matter at its next regular meeting, or earlier if it deems necessary, and its decision shall be final. Such discharged or suspended employe shall receive no compensation from the city for loss of time.

(d) The Commissioners shall have the power to enforce the attendance of witnesses, the production of books and papers, and power to administer oaths, in the same manner and with like effect and under the same penalties, as in the case of magistrates exercising criminal or civil jurisdiction under the laws of North Carolina.

Said Commissioners shall make annual report to the Council, and the Council may require a special report from the Commission at any time; and said Council may prescribe such rules and regulations for the proper conduct of the business of the said Commissioners as shall be found expedient and advisable, including restrictions or appointments, promotions, removals for cause, roster of employes, certificates or records to the auditor, and restrictions upon payments to persons improperly employed.

(e) The Council of the city shall have the power to pass ordinances imposing suitabe penalties for the punishment of persons violating any of the provisions of this act relating to the Civil Service Commission.

(f) The provisions of this section shall apply to all employes of the Fire Departments and Police Department of the City of Wilmington, except the Chief of Police and the Chief of Fire Department. It shall apply to all other employes that Council may by resolution or ordinance place under Civil Service rules. Provided, however, the present employes shall retain their positions without further examinations, unless removed for cause.

All officers and employes shall be elected or appointed with reference to their qualification and fitness, including their moral character, and for the good of the public service, and without their political faith or party affiliations.

Section 20. The holder of any elective office may be removed at any time by the electors qualified to vote for a success of such incumbent. The procedure to effect the removal of an incumbent shall be as follows:

A petition signed by electors entitled to vote for a successor to the incumbent sought to be removed, equal in number to at least thirty-five per centum of the entire vote for all candidates for the office of Mayor at the last preceding general primary election, demanding an election of a successor to the person sought to be removed shall be filed with the City Clerk and Treasurer, which petition shall contain a general statement of the grounds for which the removal is sought. The signature to the petition need not all be appended to one paper, but each signer shall add to his signature, his place of residence, giving the street and number. One of the signers of each such paper shall make oath before an officer competent to administer oaths that the statements therein made are true as he believes, and that each signature to the paper appended is the genuine signature of the person whose name it purports to be. Within ten days from the date of filing of such petition the City Clerk and Treasurer shall examine and from the Poll Books ascertain whether or not said petition is signed by the requisite number of qualified voters, and, if necessary, the Council shall allow him extra help for that purpose; and he shall attach to said petition a certificate showing the result of his examination. If, by the Clerk and Treasurer's certificate, the petition is shown to be insufficient, it shall be returned to the person filing the same; without prejudice, however, to its being filed again within ten days containing additional names, and without prejudice to the filing of a new petition to the same effect. If the petition shall be deemed to be sufficient, the Clerk and Treasurer shall submit the same to the Council without delay. If the petition shall be found to be sufficient, the Council shall order and fix a date for holding the said election, not less than sixty days nor more than eighty days from the date of the Clerk and Treasurer's certificate to the Council that the petition is sufficient.

The Council shall make or cause to be made, publication of notice of and all arrangements for holding said election; and the same shall be conducted, returned and the result declared, in all respects as are other city elections. The successor of any officer so removed shall hold office during the unexpired term of his predecessor. Any person sought to be removed may be a candidate to succeed himself, and unless he requests otherwise in writing, the City Board of Election shall place his name on the official ballot for nomination. In any such removal election the candidate receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared elected. At such election if some other person than the incumbent shall receive the highest number of votes, the incumbent shall thereupon be deemed removed from the office upon qualification of his successor. In case the person who received the highest number of votes should fail to qualify within ten days after receiving notification of his election, the office shall be deemed vacant. If the incumbent received the highest number of votes he shall continue in office. This method of removal shall be cumulative and additional to the method heretofore provided by law.

Section 11. Any proposed ordinance may be submitted to the Council by petition signed by electors of the City equal in number to the percentages hereinafter required. The signatures, verification, inspection, certification, amendment and submission of such petition shall be the same as provided for petitions under section 20 hereof.

If the petititon accompanying the proposed ordinance be signed by electors equal in number to thirty-five per centum of the votes cast for all candidates for Mayor at the last preceding general primary election, and contains a request that the said ordinance be submitted to a vote of the people if not passed by the Council such Council shall either

(a) Pass said ordinance without alteration within twenty days after attachment of the Clerk and Treasurer's certificate to the accompanying petition, or

(b) Forthwith, after the Clerk and Treasurer shall attach to the petition accompanying such ordinance his certificate of sufficiency, the Council shall call a special election, unless a general municipal election is fixed within six months thereafter, and at such special or general election, if one is so fixed, such ordinance shall be submitted without alteration to the vote of the lectors of said City.

But if the petition is signed by not less than ten or more than thirty-four per centum of the electors, as above defined, then the Council shall, within twenty days, pass said ordinance without change, or submit the same at next general city election occurring not more than six months after the Clerk and Treasurer's certificate of sufficiency is attached to said petition.

The ballots used when voting upon said ordinance shall contain these words: "For the Ordinance" (stating the nature of the proposed ordinance) and "Against the Ordinance," (stating the nature of the proposed ordinance.) If a majority of the qualified electors voting on the proposed ordinance shall vote in favor thereof, such ordinance shall thereupon become a valid and binding ordinance of the City; and any ordinance proposed by petition, or which shall be adopted by a vote of the people, cannot be appealed or amended except by a vote of the people.

Any number of proposed ordinances may be voted upon at the same election, in accordance with the provisions of this section; but there shall not be more than one special election in any period of six months for such purpose.

The Council may submit a proposition for the repeal of any ordinance or for amendments thereto, to be voted upon at any succeeding general or special election; and should such proposition so submitted receive a majority of the votes cast thereon at such election, such ordinance shall thereby be repealed or amended accordingly. Whenever an ordinance or proposition is required by this act to be submitted to the voters of the City at any election, the City Clerk and Treasurer shall cause such ordinance or proposition to be published once in each of the newspapers published daily in the City of Wilmington; such publication to be not more than twenty nor less than five days before the submission of such proposition or ordinance to be voted upon.

Section 22. No ordinance passed by the Council except when otherwise required by the general laws of the State or by the provisions of this act, except an ordinance for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health or safety, which contains a statement of its urgency and is passed by a two-thirds vote of the Council, shall go into effect before ten days from the time of its final passage; and if during said ten days a petition signed by electors of the City equal in number to at least thirty-five per centum of the entire vote cast for candidates for Mayor at the last preceding general primary election at which a Mayor was nominated, protesting against the passage of such ordinance, be presented to the Council, the said ordinance shall thereupon be suspended from going into operation, and it shall be the duty of the Council to reconsider such ordinance; and if the same is not entirely repealed, the Council shall submit the ordinances, as is provided in Sub-section "b" of Section 21 of this act, to the vote of the electors of the City, either at the general election, or at a special municipal election to be called for that purpose; and such ordinance shall not go into effect or become operative unless a majority of the qualified voters voting on the same shall vote in favor thereof. Said petition shall in all respects be in accordance with the provisions of said section 20 of this act.

Section 22. Petitions provided for in this act shall be signed by none but legal voters of the City. Each petition shall contain, in addition to the names of the petitioners, the street and house number in which the petitioner resides, his age and length of residence in the City, and a statement as to whether he has paid his poll tax as required by the laws of North Carolina. It shall also be accompanied by the affidavit of one or more legal voters of the City, stating that the signers thereof were, at the time of signing, legal voters of said City, and stating the number of signers at the time the affidavit was made.

Section 24. In the construction of this act, unless the construction would be inconsistent with the manifest intent of and repugnant to the statute, the following rules shall be observed:

1. The words "Councilman" or "Alderman" shall be construed to mean Councilman when applied to this act.

2. The word "franchise" shall include very special privilege in the streets, highways and public places in the City, whether granted by the State or the City, which belong to the citizens generally by common right.

3. The word "electors" shall be construed to mean persons qualified to vote for elective offices at regular municipal elections.

4. This Act shall be deemed and held to be a remedial statute, and as such shall be liberally construed, to the end that all necessary and reasonable power and authority shall be conferred upon the Council herein described to enable it to conduct and maintain for the City of Wilmington a strong and efficient municipal government.

Section 25. The City Board of Election shall perform all duties pertaining to holding elections, provided for in this act, which duties are not otherwise provided for herein.

Section 26. All election laws now in force, relative to the City of Wilmington, or which may hereafter be adopted, which are not inconsistent with the provisions of this act, shall be observed.

Section 27. All charters, parts of charters, laws and parts of laws in conflict with the provision of this act are hereby repealed.

Section 28. This Act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

In the General Assembly read three times and ratified this the 3rd day of March, 1911.

(Signed) W. C. NEWLAND,
President of the Senate.
(Signed) W. C. DOWD,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Examined and found Correct:
(Signed) Williams, of Swain,
For Committee.

Foley Kidney Pills

What They Will Do for You

They will cure your backache, strengthen your kidneys, correct urinary irregularities, build up the worn out tissues, and eliminate the excess uric acid that causes rheumatism. Prevent Bright's Disease and Diabetes, and restore health and strength. Refuse substitutes.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY.

RESOLUTION AND CERTIFICATE OF DIRECTORS.

State of North Carolina,
New Hanover County.

We, the undersigned, being a majority of the Board of Directors of the National Stamp Vending Machine Company, do hereby certify that at a meeting of the board called for that purpose and held on the 21st day of February, A. D. 1911, said board, by a majority of the whole board, did adopt the following resolution:

Resolved, That in the judgment of this board, it is advisable and most for the benefit of the National Stamp Vending Machine Company that the same should be forthwith dissolved; and to that end it is ordered that a meeting of the stockholders be held on Thursday, the 30th day of March, 1911, at 4 o'clock p. m., at the office of the company, in the city of Wilmington, N. C., to take action upon this resolution; and further, that the Secretary forthwith give notice of said meeting and of the adoption of this resolution within ten days from this date, by publishing the said resolution, with a notice of its adoption, in the "Morning Star," a newspaper published in the city of Wilmington, N. C., for at least four weeks, once a week, successively, and by mailing a written or printed copy of the same to each and every stockholder of this company in the United States.

In Witness Whereof we have hereunto set our hands and affixed the corporate seal of said company, this 21st day of February, A. D. 1911.

(Signed)
J. W. MURCHISON,
W. E. PERDEW,
A. B. WILLIAMS.

o.....o
: SEAL. :
o.....o

Attest:
A. B. WILLIAMS, Secretary.
fe24-1aw4w

ONE MORE TIME.

Come and see our extra fancy DRESSED TURKEYS, and DRESSED CHICKENS.

Also a full supply of choice Meats of all kinds; Hams and Bacon, fresh Eggs.

We desire to give you the best meats and service and will do so if you will phone us.

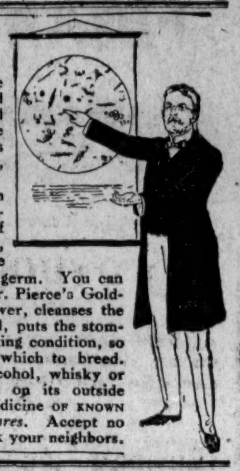
HOPKINS & DAVIS

FRONT STREET MARKET:

Stalls—	Phones—
Nos. 1 and 2, N. Side.	141.
No. 1 and 3, S. Side.	128.

THE E. SNYDER CO.
DECORATORS.
119 Dock St. Wilmington, N. C.
Painting, Paper Hanging, Decorating
Fresco Work a Specialty.
Estimates and Suggestions cheerfully given.

Afraid of Ghosts



Many people are afraid of ghosts. Few people are afraid of germs. Yet the ghost is a fancy and the germ is a fact. If the germ could be magnified to a size equal to its terrors it would appear more terrible than any fire-breathing dragon. Germs can't be avoided. They are in the air we breathe, the water we drink.

The germ can only prosper when the condition of the system gives it free scope to establish itself and develop. When there is a deficiency of vital force, languor, restlessness, a sallow cheek, a hollow eye, when the appetite is poor and the sleep is broken, it is time to guard against the germ. You can fortify the body against all germs by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It increases the vital power, cleanses the system of clogging impurities, enriches the blood, puts the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition in working condition, so that the germ finds no weak or tainted spot in which to breed. "Golden Medical Discovery" contains no alcohol, whisky or habit-forming drugs. All its ingredients printed on its outside wrapper. It is not a secret nostrum but a medicine OF KNOWN COMPOSITION and with a record of *40 years of cures*. Accept no substitute—there is nothing "just as good." Ask your neighbors.

Demonstration!

By Expert at

Gaylord's

Ladies are invited to visit our store any day this week and see Mr. W. R. Harriss, Demonstrator, for the "CENTRAL NEEDLE" Sewing Machine, the greatest and newest machine of the age. A machine that requires no bending or physical exertion to run.

Mr. Harriss will both instruct and entertain you with the many wonderful things done on this New Style of Machine.

Dress Goods

We will have a large and beautiful line of the NEWEST and BEST in High Grade Spring Dress Goods, at most reasonable prices. You will find a new line of Whip-Cords, Bedford-Cords, Striped and Figured Mohair, Serges and Shepherd Plaids, at 50c

Beautiful Crossed-Barred Muslin and Dimity, at ..10c

Large lot Handsome 15c Mercerized Foulard, at 12 1-2c

Pretty Dotted Swiss, 10c grades 8c

Lot of 12 1-2c Plaid Ginghams, in Dress Patterns..10c

Large line 36-inch Cream and Black Striped Serges, for Spring Coat Suits, at 25c

Prettiest line of Mercerized Pique, worth 50c, at 25c

Hurdly Zephyr Ginghams, 30-inch wide 15c

SILKS

36-inch Silk Voile, of 75c value, at 50c

Beautiful stock of new 27-inch Striped Silk Voile..50c

36-inch Black and Shepherd Plaid Silk, straight $1.00 goods, for 85c

Feather Pillows 50c

210, 212, 214 N. Front

Odds and Ends Shoe Sale.

From Feb. 18th to March 1st, all broken lots of Winter Shoes to be closed out at a great sacrifice. You will save by purchasing here.

SEE OUR WINDOW,

HEWLETT & PRICE

109 Market Street.

Compo Weatherproof Rubber Roofing!

CAR LOAD JUST RECEIVED.

Why pay a high price for roofing, just because some dealer says "His is the best." Compare samples and guarantee, then compare prices. We will be satisfied and know you will. Brick, Lime, Cement, Plaster, Singles, Etc.

Roger Moore's Sons & Co.

OYSTERS

We are receiving daily shipments of the celebrated "Lynhaven Bay Oysters" and they provide a lunch for the epicure that touches the spot.

Our "Midday Lunch" is satisfying a large number daily. Why not you?

ATLANTIC CAFE

OPPOSITE UNION DEPOT. GIESCHEN BROS. Props.